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VOL. XCVII. NEW SERIES—NO. 12,019. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 27, 1901.—TEN PAGES PRICE { THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Kentucky and Tennessee—Partly cloudy Wednesday; Thursday fair; variable winds.

Indiana—Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday; variable winds.

THE LATEST

The Liberal forces in Colombia are re-treating before Gen. Alban. A decisive engagement was yesterday expected to be fought last night or this morning about a mile from the limits of Colon. At nightfall Gen. Alban was but four miles from there. He has probably been re-enforced by 500 men landed from the gunboat Gen. Pinzon, which has returned to Colon harbor. The Liberals are said to have lost lightly, while the Conservative forces lost a hundred. The Liberals retreated because of exhausted ammunition. Trains on the railway operate under delays and with escorts of American marines.

There are now over 200 men in the union miners' camp at Nortonville, and buildings are being erected for the accommodation of 500. District President Wood says he will have 3,000 people in the camp by January 1. County Judge Hall has not taken any steps against the returning miners, as yet being officially uninformed, but it is said he has sent a representative to Nortonville to investigate. The militia awaits instructions from Judge Hall.

Twenty-five men are dead, twenty-seven others are more or less seriously injured and thirteen others are missing as the result of the explosion of a boiler in the plant of the Penberthy Injector Company in Detroit, Mich. After the explosion fire broke out in the debris and many of those pinned down were burned to death. The cause of the explosion is not known. The property damage was $180,000.

Owing to the increase in the value of securities on Texas land because of the discovery of oil the Endowment Rank of the Knights of Pythias will not lose as much by the recent misappropriation of some of its funds as was expected.

The operators of the Prospect Hill mine near Vincennes, Ind., have agreed to pay the union scale, but they demand the admission of the nonunion men to the union. This the strikers refuse to do. The mine is in full operation.

A Jeffersonville woman claims she married Newell C. Rathbun over a year ago, when he was living in the Indiana city under an assumed name. The man she married had just been released from the Jeffersonville Reformatory.

A correspondent of the Wall-street Journal, synopsizing the President's message, says it is a conservative document, and will not likely affect the stock market. The discussion of the trust question is in general terms.

At a conference of opponents of the new Alabama Constitution in Birmingham it was decided to make a vigorous fight within Democratic lines for the control of the party machinery. A State committee was appointed.

Followers of Gen. Maso, the Democratic candidate for the presidency of Cuba, will ask President Roosevelt to recommend that the troops in Cuba observe the strictest impartiality in the approaching election.

Representatives of all the leading whisky interests met in Cincinnati yesterday to formulate a petition to Congress to reduce the present tax of $1.10 and to extend the allowance for outage.

Representative Irwin says the rural free delivery service in Jefferson county will be so extended in a few months that there will be at least one delivery a day at every farm house in the country.

President Roosevelt has granted a concession to the Port America Company to build two railroads in Porto Rico to run in different directions out of San Juan.

A total of 3,565,000 bushels of coal left Pittsburg yesterday for Southern ports. The crest of the rise has passed Pittsburg, but five million bushels of coal is on the way.

The report of First Assistant Postmaster Johnson says the yearly increase in the postal revenues has resulted in the free delivery service becoming self-sustaining.

The St. Bernard Mining Company, of Earlington, Ky., having renounced its Kentucky charter, has been incorporated under the laws of Delaware.

Speaker Henderson has decided to increase the Republican majorities on the important House committees at the coming session of Congress.

The switchmen's strike at Pittsburg is a failure. Not over 150 men went out and new men were readily secured to take their places.

The jury failed to agree in the trial of Herman J. Naunheim, in the Federal Court at Owensboro, on the charge of embezzlement.

Eight jurors have been secured out of a special venire of seventy-five for the trial of Dr. W. E. Clark at Dixon, Ky.

Mayor Grainger's bond was approved last night by the General Council.

MORE MEN

Being Added To Union Miners' Camp.

ONE KILLED BY BULLETS.

Union Leaders Suspect the Mine Guards.

PREPARING TO DEFY COURTS.

UNION LEADERS DECLARE THEY WILL RECRUIT 3,000 BY NEW YEAR'S.

DEMAND RETURN OF TENTS.

Madisonville, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Events are moving rapidly to bring a crisis in the mining situation. The miners in camp at Nortonville in defiance of Judge Hall's order are being largely increased, one of their number has been killed and the St. Bernard Company is putting itself in a position to demand Federal protection.

The man who was killed was Bert Williams, whose body was found lying near the track of the Illinois Central railroad, not far from Nortonville, with a gunshot wound in his body, and from all appearances had been dead several hours. An inquest was held, and the verdict of the jury was that the deceased came to his death from gunshot wounds inflicted by an unknown person or persons. Fifteen buckshot were picked from the body. A determined effort will be made by both the authorities and union officials to discover the slayer of Williams. The union miners intimate that it was the work of either the guards or a nonunion miner. This is the second union miner who has been waylaid and killed by unknown assassins, and the bodies found near the railroad track, in the past few weeks.

Before the week has passed the St. Bernard Coal Company will have become a foreign corporation. This company surrendered their Kentucky charter several days ago, and the company was reorganized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and a charter applied for. This was done in order that the company might receive Federal protection, the officials claiming that the Kentucky State authorities afforded them and their property little or no protection. It is believed that immediately upon the receipt of the charter the St. Bernard Company will apply to Judge Evans in the Federal Court for an injunction against the United Mine Workers of America, similar to the one granted the Reinecke Coal Mining Company about two weeks ago. The Delaware charter is looked for to-morrow, having been issued to-day. The Reinecke Company was reorganized several weeks ago, surrendering its Kentucky charter, giving as its reason for so doing that it received no protection from the State.

* * *

Over Two Hundred In Camp.

Not less than 200 union miners are at Nortonville to-day. President Wood, of the United Mine Workers, told the Courier-Journal correspondent this evening that there was between 200 and 300 union miners in Nortonville and that they would make their home at that place. It is not the intention of the union miners to put up any more tents, but they would build a large house that would accommodate 500 people and the miners would be quartered in it. Several wagon loads of lumber were hauled to Nortonville yesterday, and to-day several more loads were hauled there. This morning a wagon loaded with carpenters' tools was sent there. The lumber and tools were unloaded near the site of the old camp ground. The union miners have leased the property and will build their "boarding-house" here.

Mr. Wood outlined his plans to the Courier-Journal correspondent to-night and said: "We have a lease on the ground where the old camp was located and it is our aim to build a large house that will have a rooming capacity of 500 people. We have to shelter our men someway and this is the cheapest plan I know of. Nortonville will be the headquarters for the striking miners. After this house is completed, and fifty men are now at work on it, we expect to build more houses to be occupied by the union miners and their families.

* * *

Hopes To Recruit 3,000.

"By the first of January I expect to have close to 3,000 people, composed of union miners and their families, located at Nortonville. We have plenty of money with which to carry out our plans. Right here I want to say something, and that is, there is not one word of truth in the reports sent out through the press that National President Mitchell was considering the advisability of calling the strike off. He never gave the subject one moment's thought. The strike will go on forever or until we succeed in organizing the nonunion miners in the Hopkins county district. We have more money on hand now than we have had at any time since the strike was inaugurated."

* * *

Judge Hall Still Uninformed.

County Judge Hall, when seen to-night, said he had heard nothing of the union miners returning to Nortonville, neither had he heard of the plans of President Wood. He said he did not care to discuss the matter or say anything for publication until he was in possession of all the facts. So what action he will take is not known.

It is believed here, however, that should the union miners camp at Nortonville again, whether in tents or in temporary houses put up for that purpose, he will again order them to disperse. If they fail to comply with his order he will again call on Adjt. Gen. Murray and his troops to enforce his mandate.

Gen. Murray said to-night he knew nothing about the union miners being at Nortonville except what he read in this morning's Courier-Journal and what had been told him by outside persons. He said he was here under the orders of Judge Hall and would carry out to the letter any order he might give him.

* * *

Investigation Being Made.

It is said to-night that Judge Hall had sent a personal representative to Nortonville to look over the situation and report to him. It is thought now that he will make known what steps he will take to-morrow.

President Wood, Vice President Barnaby and other union officials, accompanied by Everett Jennings and Jerrold Jonson, their attorneys, waited upon Judge Hall this morning and demanded the return of the tents, stoves and other camp equipments which were taken along with the prisoners arrested in the union camp Sunday. Judge Hall positively refused to grant their request and said that as the paraphernalia was taken with the men, he would hold it as evidence. Mr. Wood has instructed his attorneys to get out an attachment or writ of delivery for the return of the property. This matter will come up before Circuit Judge T. J. Nunn.

* * *

Examining Trials To-day.

The examining trial of the twenty-one union miners arrested in camp Sunday, and who are now charged with intimidation, will come up before Judge Hall to-morrow. It is believed that both sides will be ready for trial.

J. W. Hancock, who was one of the principals in the street encounter yesterday, when William Bradley was seriously wounded and two bystanders injured, was arrested and lodged in jail. Excitement, which was so high at the time of the shooting and last night, has quieted down considerably and no more trouble is expected. Hancock will have his examining trial before Judge Hall to-morrow afternoon.

OLD CHARTER RENOUNCED.

St. Bernard Company Incorporates Under the Laws of Delaware.

Dover, Del., Nov. 26.—Among the companies incorporated here to-day was the St. Bernard Mining Company, of Earlington, Ky., with a capital of $1,000,000. The incorporators are George C. Atkinson, James R. Rash, Earlington, Ky.; and E. G. Sebree, Henderson, Ky.

FEDERAL GRAND JURY AFTER THE TURPENTINE OPERATORS

Indicts Them For Compelling Negroes To Pay Their Debts and the Outcome May Be Serious Trouble Between the Races.

Tallahassee, Fla., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The turpentine operators throughout Florida have had much trouble with negroes employed by them. The general custom is that every operator has a big store or commissary at his camp where the negro laborers generally do a good deal of trading, and the rule is almost invariable that the negro gets ahead of his account. In this condition of affairs a great many negroes leave the camps owing the operators. The operators either go or send an officer to hunt up these delinquents and return them to work at the pistol's point until they balance their account.

The United States Court is in session here and the grand jury has indicted a number of turpentine operators for compelling these negroes to come back and work out their accounts. It is thought by a great many that this is the beginning of serious trouble for both whites and blacks, and there is no predicting what the result will be if the United States Court should punish the white turpentine operators.

When any tribunal undertakes to uphold the negro or any other person in purposely making debts and running away from them, the negro, it is talked here, will find it difficult to get employment or credit. The operators have already much trouble along these lines in the State courts, and it has been very expensive to them. Throughout the turpentine belt the claim is made that four-fifths of the litigation in the State courts is caused by the turpentine negroes, and they are, therefore, responsible for nearly all the heavy expense for criminal prosecution which the taxpayers are annually compelled to pay. Leading operators fear the effect of the indictments on negro laborers and predict trouble.

TOMBSTONE GIVEN AS A GOLDEN WEDDING PRESENT.

Danville, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. John Williams, both past seventy years of age, are celebrating their golden wedding and are the recipients of many presents from their friends in the city. The old couple have for many years been the janitors of the Baptist church, of which they are communicants. One of the gifts was from J. E. Wright, a monument and tombstone manufacturer, and is a handsomely designed tombstone with the names of the couple engraved upon it. The cost of the monument was $50, and it will at once be erected upon a lot in Bellevue cemetery, which Mr. and Mrs. Williams have selected as their last resting place. The old couple are delighted with the unique gift.

KENTUCKY WOMAN MEETS HER FORMER SLAVE IN KANSAS CITY

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Whatever has been written in fiction or story about the bond of affection that exists between mistress and slave, none has a more substantial foundation than that which has brought together Mrs. Emma Florence Cockrell Follin, of Bowling Green, Ky., and her former slave, Alice Harris, of 612 Cottage Lane, Kansas City.

Mrs. Follin came to Kansas City last night and is now visiting for a day the negro woman whom she has not seen for nearly forty years.

Mrs. Follin is a member of one of the best Missouri families and a cousin of Senator F. M. Cockrell. The negress whom she is now visiting and whom she has wished to see for many years, became her own special property shortly before the war broke out and when she was a child of eight. A girl baby was born in one of the negro cabins and was given to little Miss Florence Cockrell, now Mrs. Follin. Until she was five years old the negro child was almost constantly with her mistress. When the war ended Alice was taken by her father and mother to Kansas, whence she moved to Kansas City.

The meeting to-day between former slave and mistress had been looked forward to by both of them for many years and was very affecting.

WILL PAY SCALE.

PROSPECT HILL OPERATORS WANT NONUNION MEN ADMITTED TO UNION.

THIS WILL NOT BE CONCEDED.

Though the Mine Is In Full Operation, Another Raid Is Not Unexpected.

Vincennes, Ind., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—State Labor Commissioner L. P. McCormack held two conferences to-day with the operators and striking union miners of the Prospect Hill coal mine. It has come to the point where the operators have agreed to pay the union wage scale, but demand that the nonunion miners be admitted into the union. On the other hand the union demands with firmness the dismissal of these men from the mine, and declares furthermore that they are not, and never can be, eligible to membership in the union. Here the matter rests, except that a clash more serious than the last is not unexpected.

Commissioner McCormack left this afternoon for Terre Haute to meet W. D. Hanhorn, State president of the United Mine Workers. He hopes to have Hanhorn return to Vincennes with him to-morrow for a final conference.

Meanwhile the operators continue hoisting coal with nonunion labor, and because of this the outlook is gloomy and a secret raid or violent outbreak is liable to happen at any time, according to competent opinion. The local Miners' Union clearly intimates that Prospect Hill, now the only nonunion mine in operation in the State, will not be tolerated long to continue as such. They say that for them to have further conferences with the operators would be useless, and they will leave everything to future developments. They say the proprietors of the mine could end the trouble at once by terminating the lease of the present operators on the ground of inefficiency to protect the mining property.

WOMAN SHOT DEAD BY PARTY OF YOUNG MEN.

Six Are Under Arrest, But There Is No Known Cause For the Mysterious Crime.

Columbia, S. C., Nov. 26.—Mrs. Rachel Powell was killed last night by a gang of young men residing in the wildest part of Oconee county, 150 miles from here. Six men have been arrested, including four brothers named Hudson. Wesley Powell, husband of the murdered woman, it is said, recognized them when they attacked the house.

The cause of the attack has not appeared. Mrs. Powell was fired upon as she showed herself in her door and was killed instantly. No assault was made on her husband. The woman was over fifty years old.

* * *

May Use Texas Oil.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—The power plant to be installed at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition will be one of the largest in the world. It will have a capacity of about 31,000-horse power. Plans are under consideration for using oil from Texas instead of coal as fuel. This will eliminate the dust which is inseparable from the handling of coal, and will do away entirely with smoke.

ISSUES

In Plenty For the Democratic Minority.

VIEWS OF MR. RICHARDSON.

NO PRACTICAL LEGISLATION UPON THE TRUSTS.

FEW MEN TO RULE CONGRESS.

Even President's Desires To Be Disregarded Should These Men Think Otherwise.

GOSSIP OF WINTER'S WORK.

Washington, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, the Democratic leader of the House and the prospective nominee of the minority for the speakership, is in the city conferring with his colleagues upon the approaching session. Mr. Richardson has a committee room at the Metropolitan Hotel, where he meets his fellow members-elect of the next House.

"What, in your opinion," asked a reporter of Mr. Richardson to-day, "will be the issues of the Democratic party in this Congress?"

"Speaking for myself alone," answered Mr. Richardson, "and not attempting to define the issues for my party, I should think that the Democrats would find several clearly defined issues upon which they could meet the Republicans.

"First, I think we should stand for reciprocity and demand legislation upon this subject that would be practical and of benefit to American producers and American consumers.

"Second, that Democrats should advocate reduction of the tariff—the removal of the prohibitive features, at least.

"Third, we will certainly work for retrenchment in expenditures and endeavor to prevent extravagant wastefulness in the use of the people's money.

"Fourth, we will demand legislation for the suppression and control of the trusts. The Democrats of the last Congress voted for anti-trust legislation, which is pigeon-holed by the Republicans.

* * *

Trusts Will Still Rule.

"Do you look for any practical legislation upon trusts?" Mr. Richardson was asked.

"I do not," was the laconic reply.

"Fifth, in my opinion, there should be reduction of the war taxes. A large surplus has been piled up, and it should be returned to the people through curtailment of the internal revenue taxation to which they are now subjected. We are ready to join hands with any party to do these things."

"What will be the attitude of the Democrats toward the Philippine question?" he was asked.

"I should judge it will be determined by a Democratic caucus when the time arrives," was the reply.

"How do you feel toward possible Cuban annexation?"

"That is a subject I do not care to discuss."

* * *

Few Men To Control.

It is understood that the main purpose of the Republican caucus Saturday night is to take decided action upon the rules of the next House and to again give the Speaker and a few Republican leaders absolute power over all legislation. This means that even if the President should desire any legislation by Congress his wish would not be gratified unless the Committee on Rules willed it.

Expressions of opinion from Republican Senators and members of the House who are now in Washington indicate a general line of action during the Fifty-seventh Congress upon at least four of the most important matters to be considered. That programme is:

First—That there will be no general tariff revision.

Second—That no reciprocity treaty will be ratified by the Senate, the tendency of which would be to reduce the profit of any protected industry.

Third—That the new Hay-Pauncefote Isthmian Canal treaty shall be ratified.

Fourth—That a bill may pass both houses authorizing the construction of the great waterway to be controlled and maintained by the United States Government.

* * *

Fairbanks On Reciprocity.

Senator Fairbanks says: "There is no necessity for any radical revision of the tariff. The Dingley law is accomplishing marvelous results. Any modification that might be thought necessary to conform to changed conditions should not be attempted except after the most careful deliberation. Congress should give to the pending reciprocity treaties early consideration and approve or reject them. Reciprocity is one of the cardinal doctrines of the Republican party, but the reciprocity which we favor should not undermine the protection principle."

Representative Hemenway, also of Indiana, says that the Republican Congressmen of that State will not favor a subsidy bill unless it is based on tonnage. He cites cases where concerns in the West have to ship freight to South American points by way of Liverpool. This, he thinks, should be corrected by holding out inducements for the establishment of new American lines of freight carriers. Personally, he says, he should like to see the tariff reduced on many articles, but he realizes this is not the wish of the House of Representatives.

MESSAGE OF PRESIDENT CONSERVATIVE DOCUMENT

A Correspondent Says It Will Not Alarm the Financial World and Will Not Assail the Trusts.

New York, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The Wall-street Journal's Washington correspondent to-day sends the following:

"The President's message has been completed. It has already been printed in the rough. It has been read over to so many persons that it has been possible to obtain a pretty clear idea of the nature of its contents. It is much more conservative document than might have been expected from the commonly-accepted estimate of President Roosevelt's character. There is nothing in it so far as can be learned at present that need cause a ripple of alarm in the stock or bond market. On the contrary, its general effect will, it is said, be reassuring. It lends no countenance to the idea of a general revision of the tariff. It leaves to the decision of Congress the question raised by the report of the Secretary of the Treasury as to the advisability of a considerable reduction in internal taxation. It recommends reciprocal arrangements with foreign countries which can supply the United States with things which are not produced here, but carefully abstains from indorsing any one of the reciprocity treaties which have been extended and will come up again for consideration in the Senate this winter.

"Its discussion of the trust question is in general terms. No radical legislation is urged. Congress is recommended to consider the subject with the purpose of seeing that rights of the people are not being unduly infringed upon by recently-organized large corporations, and it is said a suggestion is made that companies whose obligations are offered for public subscription should be required to make public showing as to their resources and condition.

"On the other hand, it is insisted that these corporations have rights that must be respected.

"On the subject of ship subsidies the message will urge the adoption of legislation which will encourage the upbuilding of an American merchant marine to carry American goods to foreign markets."

PRESIDENT WILL START THE CHARLESTON EXPOSITION MONDAY

Washington, Nov. 26.—Arrangements have been made for the opening of the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition by the President next Monday. At the conclusion of the address of Senator Depew in Charleston, messages of greeting and felicitation will pass between the President and the managers of the exposition and at 2:30 o'clock the President will press the button which will set the machinery of the exposition in motion. The South Carolina delegation in Congress and several prominent Government officials will be present at the ceremony in the White House.

SELF-SUSTAINING

IS FREE DELIVERY SERVICE, SAYS FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL.

REVENUES BEING INCREASED

By Extension of the Rural Routes and Cutting Off the Superfluous Post-offices.

Washington, Nov. 26.—First Assistant Postmaster General W. M. Johnson in his annual report says the yearly increase in the postal revenues has resulted in the free delivery service becoming self-sustaining. Of the gross postal revenues of the United States for the past fiscal year $74,295,394 came from 866 free delivery cities. The remaining 3,600 presidential post-offices yielded $16,063,252, while the 72,479 fourth-class post-offices produced $18,913,519. Mr. Johnson says the fact that the postal service in the largest cities is practically perfect is the explanation why the annual percentage of increase in the revenue of the free delivery post-offices should be three times greater than in the smaller cities and five times as large as that of the fourth-class offices.

As rural free delivery reaches out into the country, giving equal facilities without regard to locality, he says it increases the revenue at a rate at least equal to that maintained in the free delivery cities, where during the past five years it has averaged 8 per cent. At the end of the present fiscal year 8,600 rural routes will be in successful operation, 6,000 being in effect by December 2. The latter figure represents just 50 per cent. of the applications for such service filed since its inauguration five years ago. The inflexible policy is announced hereafter of avoiding maintenance of unnecessary post-offices and superfluous star routes contemporaneously with rural free delivery routes. On July 1 last the force of 4,301 rural carriers was serving 2,840,644 people at a fraction over seventy-five cents per capita, and on December 2 next 4,000,000 of the rural population will be enjoying free delivery.

Every establishment of a route, the report says, is followed promptly by a steady increase in the volume of mail both delivered and collected.

Among the recommendations are: A reduction of money order fees so as to make the maximum twenty-five cents, instead of thirty cents; reclassification of clerks at first and second-class post-offices; an appropriation of $20,000,000 for postmasters' salaries; the appointment of a fourth assistant superintendent of city delivery service to have charge of the Southern field, and that at all the large post-offices a "supervisor of carriers" be appointed to have exclusive charge of the force of letter-carriers.

PHILADELPHIA PEOPLE CHEER ADMIRAL SCHLEY.

More Than a Thousand Gathered At the Depot To Greet the Hero of Santiago Bay.

Philadelphia, Nov. 26.—Rear Admiral Schley, who, with Mrs. Schley, arrived here to-day to remain until to-morrow as guest of Col. A. K. McClure, was the center of an enthusiastic demonstration at the Broad-street station of the Pennsylvania railroad when the Washington Express rolled into the train shed. More than a thousand persons were there to cheer the Admiral when he stepped from the train, and it was with much difficulty that the police opened a passageway for him to leave the station. To-night the Admiral, Mrs. Schley and party occupied a box at the Chestnut-street theater as the guests of Sir Henry Irving, who appeared in "The Merchant of Venice." The crowd at the opera-house was one of the greatest ever present in that place, hundreds of persons being turned away long before the curtain rose, it having been known that the Admiral would attend the play. He was enthusiastically greeted.

After the performance the party was entertained at lunch at the Hotel Bellevue. Admiral and Mrs. Schley will leave for New York to-morrow morning to spend Thanksgiving Day with their daughter, Mrs. Wertley.

SUPPOSED DEAD MAN TURNS UP ALIVE.

Marion, O., Nov. 26.—W. C. Williams, the recluse who was supposed to have been burned in a log cabin which was consumed by fire Saturday night, turned up at the scene of his humble home while the bones which were found beneath his bed were being examined by anatomists. Williams refused to give any explanation of his whereabouts since the fire rendered him homeless.

MASO'S FOLLOWERS PLEAD FOR FAIR FIGHT.

Ask President To Recommend That Troops In Cuba Keep Hands Off At Election.

Havana, Nov. 26.—That part of the National party which is supporting Gen. Bartolome Maso, the Democratic candidate for the presidency of Cuba, has voted to send a cablegram to President Roosevelt asking the latter to recommend that the troops in Cuba observe the strictest impartiality in the approaching election for a Cuban President. This communication reads as follows:

We make this request because certain official elements are trying to secure the election of Senor Tomas Estrada Palma (the Nationalist candidate) by stating he is the candidate favored by the Government at Washington.

Senor Palma has renounced his American citizenship through a power of attorney given by him to Secretary of State Tamayo. This morning Senor Tamayo, accompanied by Gen. Emelio Nunez and Gen. Maximo Gomez, appeared in court and made this formal announcement.

Gen. Gomez, in an open letter to the Cuban people, advises all Cubans to vote for Senor Palma, and says if they fail to recognize Palma's intelligence and ability to fill the office of President he does not feel called upon to stump the country in Palma's behalf. The followers of Gen. Maso are elated over the refusal of Gen. Gomez to stump the country for Senor Palma.

SAYS U. S. GRANT WAS DULL IN BOOKS.

Schoolmate of the Commander Has Just Ended a Stay At Lewis County Poorhouse.

Vanceburg, Ky., Nov. 26.—"Uncle George" Evans, a schoolmate of Gen. U. S. Grant, has left the Lewis county poorhouse, where he has been an inmate for the past six months, to go to his son in Covington. "Uncle George" is eighty-two years old and very feeble. He was once a wealthy citizen of this county, but lost everything a few years ago, and was finally reduced to want.

He went to school with Gen. Grant at Maysville seventy years ago. He says that the late ex-Congressman Henry W. Wadsworth went to the same school, and was by far the brightest boy in it. He had no idea there was anything particular about Grant at that time. Grant was distinguished only as being the best marble-player in school, and was comparatively dull in books.

JUST A CARD ATTACHED TO AN APPLE

Brings About a Love Affair Which Will Culminate In a Thanksgiving Day Wedding.

Pana, Ill., Nov. 26.—Miss Zola Ransom, daughter of a Pana fruit grower, and Walter Derringer, a young farmer living near Kokomo, Ind., will wed Thanksgiving Day, the union being the result of a card attached to an apple shipped from this city to Kokomo last season. On the card were these words: "This apple was picked by Zola Ransom, Pana, Ill. Finder may write to me."

This led to a correspondence. A personal interview which was mutually satisfactory followed and a wedding on Thursday will be the result of the wooing so strangely begun.

BOILER

Explodes, Killing Twenty-Six and Injuring Many.

THIRTEEN ARE STILL MISSING

Plant of Penberthy Injector Co. Wrecked.

CAUSE OF DISASTER UNKNOWN

ENGINEER, BADLY BURNED BY STEAM, WAS RESCUED, BUT COULD TELL NOTHING.

PROPERTY LOSS IS $180,000.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 26.—Twenty-six men are dead, five of them unidentified and so terribly burned and blackened that identification is almost impossible, and twenty-four other men are lying in the various hospitals of the city suffering from terrible cuts and burns and other injuries, all results of the explosion of one of the boilers in the Penberthy Injector Company's large plant at the corner of Abbott street and Brooklyn avenue at 9:30 o'clock to-day.

* * *

The Dead.

A. E. HOFFMAN.
LOUIS HENNING.
PATRICK MALLOY.
A. E. MILLER.
EUGENE BERTRAM.
R. MULKEE.
JOSEPH COFFEY.
CHARLES MARVIN.
JOSEPH K. OSECK.
STEPHEN CHRISP.
GEORGE SCHENOR.
CHARLES LYDY.
JACOB KEOBEL.
WILLIAM MANN.
CHRISTOPHER WALDMAN.
ROBERT CREER.
EDWARD BURCH.
JOHN SCHAIBLE.
RICHARD RYAN.
DOUGLASS DICKINSON, boy.
PETER DOLL.
FIVE UNIDENTIFIED BODIES.

* * *

Injured At the Hospital.

Samuel Riley, engineer, condition critical; bad burns.
A. T. Gidday, suffering from burns.
John Hoflein, badly burned.
John Klinzwicz, very badly burned; will probably die.
Herman Goldner, burned about the neck.
John Vogt, bruised and suffering from shock.
James Nall, back injured.
Sol. Graupe, slight burns.
Bert Dickson, minor injuries.
John Dingal, injured about head.
Julius Liebeten, arm broken and slight burns.
Edward Liebeten, boy, burns.
George Kelsey, head badly cut.
Stephen Nachtigel, slight.
Ignatius Brock, slight.
Gus Galley, head and arm injured.
Wm. Knapp, head cut and suffering from shock.
Bert Martin, leg broken.
L. D. Crowley, slight.
Louis Miller, slight.
Mike Deranger, burned about head.
Wm. Ager, boy, several bad burns and seriously bruised.
Wm. Begeman, arm cut.

* * *

Thirteen Still Missing.

In addition to these a dozen or more of the employes who suffered comparatively slight injuries, aside from the shock, were taken directly to their homes. Eighteen men and boys have not as yet been located either at their homes or at the hospitals. The five unidentified bodies account for five of these, and the officers of the company say they feel positive that the major portion of the remaining thirteen are by to-night at their homes.

To-night a great force of men is searching the ruins by electric light, and the work will not be stoped until every foot of the debris has been examined.

The Penberthy Injector Company's plant occupies half a square at the corner of Abbott street and Brooklyn avenue. It was composed of two brick buildings, separated by a sixteen-foot alley. The rear building, in which the boiler was located and which was completely destroyed, was three stories in height, fifty-four feet in depth and 100 feet wide. The boiler-room was located at the northwest corner of the building on the first floor. It was in this building that most of the manufacturing was done. The first floor was utilized as the engine and boiler-room and a room for testing the output of the plant. The finishing and brass manufacturing department was located on the second floor, and the third floor was devoted to the foundry. It is impossible to tell exactly how many men were at work in the various departments of this rear building when the explosion occurred, but the officers of the company insist the number was not over eighty-five.

There were four boilers in the plant, two horizontal ones, which furnished steam for the engines, and two vertical boilers, which were used solely to test injectors. It was the horizontal boiler that was in use this morning which let go and caused the awful loss of life.

* * *

Flames Add To Horror.

The crash came without the slightest warning. Those in the front building said it seemed like the concussion of an immense cannon. The floors and roof of the rear building bulged upward and then crashed down with their heavy loads of machinery and foundry apparatus. Walls, roof and all dropped into a shapeless mass of debris. Windows

in houses for a block around were broken by the concussion, and flying bricks filled the neighboring yards. A dense cloud of dust arose, and as it settled was succeeded by denser clouds of smoke and steam, and agonized cries began to come from the heap of tangled wood, metal and bricks. Those who were only partly buried, frantically dug themselves out, and then as energetically turned to digging for their comrades who were buried deeper. Flames broke out almost immediately, and the horror of fire was added to the sufferings of the imprisoned ones.

A fire alarm was turned in and was quickly responded to. Calls were sent out for all the ambulances in the city and they were hurried to the scene. Pending their arrival neighboring houses were turned into temporary hospitals, and those physicians who were in the vicinity eased the suffering ones as much as they were able.

* * *

Used Express Wagons.

The first ambulances on the scene were totally inadequate to carry those who had already been extricated, and express wagons and similar vehicles were pressed into service.

As soon as the gravity of the accident was realized calls for additional firemen were sent in. While part of the firemen directed their efforts at the fire which was burning fiercely in the center of the wreck, the greater number of them seized axes and crowbars and began prying out the victims who could be seen or whose faint cries were audible.

The Department of Public Works was notified of the horror and immediately sent all its available men and horses to the scene.

In a comparatively short time, all the laborers who could work to advantage were feverishly throwing and pulling the debris out into Brooklyn avenue, where it was loaded into wagons and carried off.

The floors and roof had fallen at an angle and formed a sort of huge cover, under which the fire burned fiercely. Not until the firemen had chopped through this did the streams of water begin to have an appreciable effect on the flames. The sufferings of those who were buried beneath were later mutely testified to by their charred and blackened bodies.

* * *

Engineer's Miraculous Escape.

Engineer Riley was among the first to be dug out from the wreck. His escape was little short of miraculous. When the boiler let go he was knocked to the floor and one of the smaller testing boilers was blown over his prostrate form in such a way that one end rested on some debris high above him, thereby forming a shield that kept the falling timbers, bricks and machinery from crushing him.

The escaping steam, however, burned him frightfully. After his arrival at Grace Hospital Riley's first words were "How did it happen? The engine and boilers were all right."

Gradually the rescuers worked their way downward through the pile. By this time there were no cries or groans to aid them, for the flames had destroyed those unfortunates who were not killed by the explosion or the fall. But the work of rescue continued with unabated haste. When a heavy beam or piece of shafting was encountered, a team of horses was driven in and the piece of wreckage hauled to the street. Stretcher bearers stood beside the delvers and bore away the burned and blackened bodies. A vacant house adjoining the factory was converted into a temporary morgue; here the bodies were placed in coffins and taken to the nearest morgue. In several cases the charred corpses were so hot when recovered that they could scarcely be handled by the undertakers and assistants.

* * *

Anxious Inquirers At Hospitals.

The hospitals were besieged by relatives and friends of the injured men. At Emergency Hospital, which was only a short distance from the scene and where many of the injured were carried in wagons, the floors of the reception rooms and even the hall were used as a temporary resting place for the victims. Physicians were hastily summoned and the work of relief expedited. Similar scenes were enacted at Grace and Harper hospitals.

The front building of the plant sustained comparatively little damage, considering the tremendous explosion within sixteen feet of it. All the windows, of course, were broken and some of the machinery was slightly injured by the jar. As much damage was done in this building by the automatic fire extinguishers which were set off as by the explosion.

There were a dozen girls among the employes on the four floors of this building and there was something of a panic among them, but nobody was injured.

* * *

Heavy Property Loss.

The property loss, according to Secretary George W. Childs, is about $180,000. The firm carried $70,000 fire and some boiler insurance, but how much of the latter Secretary Childs could not state.

Subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers have been started.

Nothing is known as yet about the cause of the explosion. The boilers had been recently inspected, and the engineer was known as one of the most careful and capable men in the city. The firm has already taken temporary quarters and will resume business as soon as possible.

At midnight the injured at the various hospitals were reported to be holding their own. Engineer Riley was resting well at that hour and the surgeons said they now expected he would recover. Riley said to-night that he had no idea what caused the explosion. "I was in the boiler room just a few minutes before the boiler exploded and everything was all right then," said he.

Of the twenty-six dead, four died at the hospitals during the early evening and the other twenty-two were dug from the ruins.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND IS RAPIDLY IMPROVING.

Though He Is Still In Bed, He Will Be Able To Leave His Room Soon.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 26.—Ex-President Cleveland will be able to leave his room in a few days. Mrs. Cleveland to-night said Mr. Cleveland is rapidly improving, and, though he is still in bed, he will be able to leave his room in a few days.

CHARLESTON, S. C., EXPOSITION.

VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Commencing December 1, the Southern railway will inaugurate a through sleeping car line, Louisville to Charleston, S. C., passing through Asheville, N. C., and the "Land of the Sky" country. Ticket office, 230 Fourth avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Lv. Louisville .... 8:00 a. m.
Ar. Asheville .... 10:45 p. m.
Lv. Asheville .... 7:05 a. m.
Ar. Charleston .... 7:30 p. m.

SPEAKER

Will Increase Republican Majorities On Committees.

IMPROVEMENTS AT CAPITOL.

PLEASANT SURPRISE IN STORE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

REPRESENTATIVE IRWIN BUSY

In the Effort To Secure Extension of Rural Delivery Service In Jefferson County.

NEW ROUTES CONTEMPLATED.

Washington, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Owing to the fact that the Republican majority in the next House has been increased from thirteen to thirty-seven Speaker Henderson has decided to increase the majorities on important committees proportionately. This would leave but one Democratic vacancy on the Rivers and Harbors Committee, one on Insular Affairs, one on Public Buildings and Grounds and one on Foreign Affairs. The Committee on Appropriations lost a Democratic member, as did the Committee on Judiciary, hence there is no room on these two committees for Democratic members. The members of the Committee on Ways and Means were all re-elected, but if the rule is applied to this committee it will be necessary to drop Representative Underwood, of Alabama, the junior Democratic member, and also add a Republican member. The political complexion of the Ways and Means Committee in the last Congress was ten to seven. Under the new arrangement it would be eleven to six, which would give the Republicans a safe majority independent of Babcock, of Wisconsin, and McCall, of Massachusetts, two members who are inclined to kick out of the traces once in a while.

* * *

Many Improvements.

The Capitol, which has been in a state of upheaval for the past eight months owing to the extensive improvements undertaken, will present in many respects a new interior when the nation's legislators take possessison.

The House of Representatives and the Senate chamber have about received the finishing touches, but it will be several weeks before the work on the new roof over the old hall of Representatives is completed. The Supreme Court room is also very much behind. During the present term the court has been using the room occupied by the Senate Judiciary Committee. An adjournment will be taken on December 9 for one month by which time the old quarters can be occupied.

None of the improvements strike the visitor more forcibly than the marked change for the better in the House. The seats have been elevated, relieving the rows of their cramped appearance and adding greatly to the acoustic qualities of the chamber. An extensive system of ventilation has been inaugurated by which fresh air is pumped from the basement into the white tiled floor space four feet below the floor proper. In the top of the building machinery is installed for extracting the vitiated air. The mahogany desks and chairs and other furnishings are new throughout. Members have an agreeable surprise in store for them next Monday.

* * *

New Delivery Routes.

Representative Irwin, of Louisville, says that within a few months the rural free delivery service will be so extended in Jefferson county that there will be at least one delivery a day to every farmhouse in the county. Mr. Irwin spent some time with Superintendent Machen to-day, going over the Jefferson county maps. Mr. Machen has ordered an agent of the department to visit Louisville in about two weeks, when the matter will be taken up and approved. Owing to the extensive service proposed it is probable that the four routes which were to have been inaugurated in January will be slightly changed to conform with new routes.

* * *

Kentucky Postmasters.

Kentucky Postmasters were appointed to-day as follows: Ellisburg, Casey county, Amanda Mills, vice W. R. Davidson, resigned; Ellisville, Nicholas county, D. P. Vaughan, vice H. Hunter, resigned; Latonia, Kenton county, John Moss, vice C. M. Horton, removed; Palestine, Taylor county, W. C. Eads, vice D. B. Young, resigned; South Hill, Butler county, C. V. Belles, vice J. W. Holmes, resigned; Travis, Allen county, A. D. Harris, vice C. J. Spears, resigned.

* * *

Called On the President.

District Attorney Joseph Keating, of Indianapolis, is in the city and was a caller at the White House to-day. He holds a recess appointment made by the late President, and wants to make sure that his name shall be sent to the Senate by President Roosevelt. The appointment was made while Senator Beveridge was abroad. The junior Senator is not expected, however, to oppose confirmation.

* * *

Blackburn's Quarters.

Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, has been assigned by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate to the Terrace committee room in the Capitol formerly occupied by Senator Bacon, of Georgia.

* * *

Indiana Congressmen.

Representatives Miers and Hemenway, of Indiana, have arrived in Washington for the coming session of Congress. They are located at the Riggs House.

* * *

Receipts and Expenditures.

The Government receipts to-day were $1,089,669.35, and the expenditures $950,000.

Lieut. Brown's Case.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The case of Lieut. Preston Brown, of Louisville, was given attention by Secretary of War Root again this afternoon, which gave his friends renewed hope of this being favorable action on the verdict of the Manila court-martial.

MISTRIAL

In Case of Herman J. Naunheim At Owensboro.

TWELVE JURYMEN SECURED

OUT OF VENIRE OF SEVENTY-FIVE IN THE CLARK TRIAL.

SMALLPOX IN CRITTENDEN.

Dr. McCormack Finds Eleven Cases and Issues An Order For General Vaccination.

LIBEL SUIT AT LEXINGTON.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The jury in the trial of Herman J. Naunheim, charged with embezzlement and the alteration of the books of the National Deposit Bank, after being out since noon to-day, failed to agree. The jurors were discharged at 9 o'clock to-night and the Federal Court adjourned.

ONE CENT AND COSTS

The Verdict Returned In a Libel Suit Against a Lexington Newspaper.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—A verdict of one cent and costs was returned by the jury in the libel suit of Charles Dodd against the Lexington Leader Printing Company for $10,000 damages. The publication of a statement connecting Charles Dodd, Henry Dodd and Curtis Lavin with the disappearance of the Athens precinct ballot box about two years ago was made the grounds of the suit. It was established that the publication was without malice and was corrected as soon as the error was learned. The jury therefore returned the lowest possible verdict under the instructions of the court. The damage suits of Henry Dodd and Curtis Lavin for a similar sum were continued until the February term of court.

DR. CLARK ON TRIAL.

The Jurors Secured Out of a Special Venire of Seventy-five.

Dixon, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The special term of the Webster Circuit Court called to try the case against Dr. W. E. Clark, charged with the murder of Cora Waller, at Sturgis, Ky., September 9, 1900, was called this morning, Judge J. L. Dorsey on the bench. About fifty witnesses came in last night from Sturgis, and fifteen or twenty more from different parts of Union county will be in to-night. A special venire of seventy-five men was summoned from that part of Webster county farthest from the scene of the tragedy. This is the second trial of Dr. Clark. At the first trial he was given a prison sentence of ten years. Judge Dorsey will hold night sessions.

The following jurymen were chosen in the suit against W. R. Clark: L. T. McNullin, R. L. Hunter, D. L. Edwards, L. J. Vaughan, C. E. Floyd, F. B. Vannery, B. W. Eakin, S. T. Jewel, W. H. Codd, M. H. Eastwood, W. H. Paddock, W. C. Oldham.

SMALLPOX IN CRITTENDEN.

Two Mild Cases At Marion, But They Have Been Quarantined.

Marion, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Dr. McCormack, secretary of the State Board of Health, was called here yesterday to investigate the smallpox situation. He reports eleven cases in the county. An order of general vaccination has been issued and the citizens are readily complying with the order. There are two mild cases in the suburbs of the town, but they have been effectually quarantined and Dr. McCormack has issued a card stating that people can come to town in perfect safety. As prompt and radical steps were taken, the spread of the disease is not expected.

GRAND MASTER OSBORNE

Addresses a Joint Meeting of the Henderson A. O. U. W. Lodges.

Henderson, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Thomas D. Osborne, State Grand Master the Ancient Order of United Workmen, addressed a joint meeting of the lodges of this city here to-night. Mr. Osborne's address was in regard to Kentucky's effort to win for the fourth time the $2,000 prize offered by the Supreme Lodge to the State increasing its membership 25 per cent. Mr. Osborne said that the State is in a fair way to win the prize and his visit here and his talk to both lodges in joint meeting was to revive the work and encourage the efforts.

Letcher Circuit Court.

Whitesburg, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The November term of the Letcher Circuit Court convened here yesterday with Judge M. J. Moss presiding. There is a heavy civil docket and there are two murder cases. Young Ben Mullins, of Elkhorn creek, will be tried for the murder of William Mullins, his cousin, over a settlement of $1 three months ago. The trial will begin Thursday. Hade Whittaker will also be tried for killing Preston Banks on Smoot creek two weeks ago.

Kelly Held Without Bail.

Louisa, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Noah Kelly, who was brought here from Columbus, O., yesterday charged with the willful murder of his cousin, Lafe Hicks, at Cherokee, this county, about three weeks ago, was taken before City Judge Thompson this morning and waived an examination. He was held without bail.

Charged With Horse-Stealing.

West Liberty, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Emmett Harris, aged eighteen, son of James H. Harris, living four miles south of this place, was arrested yesterday at Frenchburg and lodged in jail at this place to-day. He was on a horse said to have been stolen Sunday night from John Lewis at Yocum, this county.

One Murder Case.

West Liberty, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The Morgan Circuit Court convened yesterday morning at this place with Judge Kinner presiding. There is a large appearance docket. One murder case is to be tried—Brown, for killing

ADVERTISING PAYS.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Three months ago Dr. Nathan Newman, of Kansas City, advertised in a newspaper for a young woman correspondent. Miss Sadie Hirsch, of this city, responded, and to-day Dr. Newman and Miss Hirsch were married in this city by Magistrate Levine. The ceremony was solemnized according to the civil law and then the Jewish ritual was observed. The couple had never seen each other until to-day. Miss Hirsch is an attractive brunette, eighteen years old.

Hensley on Rockhouse creek last spring.

Democrats To Hold Caucus.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Nov. 26.—The six Democratic members of the City Council held a caucus last night and agreed upon most of the appointive officers to be chosen December 6. The nominees are as follows: Mayor, Jouett Henry; Judge, Douglass Bell; Clerk, Chas. S. Jackson; Treasurer, Walker Wood; Chief of Police, Geo. M. Steele; Assessor, Geo. Bradley; Attorney, J. T. Hanberry.

Hurt By Unknown Negro.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Nov. 26.—Samuel L. Morgan, a Louisville and Nashville brakeman, was struck on the head in the yards here this morning by an unknown negro, who, he states, was attempting to steal coal from his train. Morgan's wound, which is serious, was at once attended to. The police are on the track of the negro.

Valuable Discovery.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—A sample of ochre, discovered on the Madison county farm of T. C. R. Adams, of this city, has been examined by Dr. Alfred Peters, of the Kentucky Experiment Station, and found to be of the best quality. The find is considered valuable, as the bank is very deep and thick and of varied colors.

College Damaged By Fire.

Nicholasville, Ky., Nov. 26.—Asbury College was considerably damaged this morning by fire, which caught from the furnace. The college was saved by the prompt work of the students and town people. The college is a handsome building, costing $25,000. It was dedicated last June.

Struck Oil and Gas.

Monticello, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The McConnaughey well struck a strong flow of gas and oil at eight hundred feet this morning. Oil is spraying half the height of the derrick constantly. The well is good for twenty-five barrels at least.

Somerset Oil Company's well No. 2 has taken a big spurt and in the last forty-one hours has made 1,080 barrels.

An Ex-Legislator Dead.

Beaver Dam, Ky., Nov. 26.—Wm. Coleman died at the home of a friend in Rockport, this county, last night. He was a Confederate veteran and about thirty years ago represented this county in the Legislature. He was eighty-one years old.

Failure At Beaver Dam.

Beaver Dam, Ky., Nov. 26.—W. L. Williams, a groceryman of this place, has made an assignment. The assets and liabilities have not yet been made known.

INCREASED LAND VALUES DECREASE DEFICIENCY.

Endowment Rank of the Knights of Pythias Will Not Lose As Much As Was Expected.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Securities thought to be practically worthless at the time John A. Hinsey was arrested on a charge of embezzlement of funds of the Endowment Rank of Knights of Pythias prove to be of considerable value.

Texas lands that were owned by the order have increased in value on account of the oil strike in that State. This rise in value and other similar favorable discoveries have decreased the $500,000 deficiency to about half of that amount. The Board of Control of the Endowment Rank is now in session in Chicago. It has considered the results of the deficiency on the order, and while admitting that the lapse of policy holders has been noticeable, no facts as to the actual number will be given out at this time.

The reduction of the deficiency will have no effect on the prosecution of Hinsey, according to a statement made to-day by Secretary Smith of the board.

SENSE ABOUT FOOD.

Facts About Food Worth Knowing.

It is a serious question sometimes to know just what to eat when a person's stomach is out of order and most foods cause griping and pains.

Grape-Nuts Food can be taken at any time with the certainty that it will digest. Actual experience of people is valuable to any one interested in foods.

Mrs. Ella Nation, 1452 Grand ave., Terre Haute, Ind., "Had suffered with indigestion for about four years, ever since an attack of typhoid fever, and at times could eat nothing but the very lightest food, and then suffer such agony with my stomach I would wish I never had to eat anything. I was urged to try Grape-Nuts Food and since using it I do not have to starve myself any more, but I can eat it at any time and feel nourished and satisfied, and dyspepsia is a thing of the past.

"When my stomach used to have that burning, hungry sensation my heart would flutter, just as sufferers with stomach trouble know about, and when I was so weak I could hardly walk I would get up and get some Grape-Nuts and cream and eat them and the trouble would stop right away, and I kept growing better and better.

"My husband also had an experience with Grape-Nuts Food. He was very weak and sickly in the spring. Could not attend to his work. He was put under the doctor's care, but medicine did not seem to do him any good until he began to leave off ordinary food and use Grape-Nuts. It was positively surprising to see the change in him. He grew better right off, and naturally he has none but words of praise for Grape-Nuts.

"Our boy thinks he cannot eat a meal without he has Grape-Nuts, and he learns so fast at school that his teacher and other scholars comment on it. I am satisfied that it is because of the great nourishing elements in Grape-Nuts.

"It is a pity that people do not know what to feed their children. There are many mothers who feed their youngsters on almost any kind of food and when they become sick begin to pour the medicine down them. The real way is to stick to proper food and be healthy and get along without the medicine and expense."

MUST PAY.

Chautauqua Buildings Not Exempt From Taxation.

BENEFITS OF SECTION 170

DO NOT APPLY TO PUBLIC PROPERTY USED FOR GAIN.

A DAMAGE CASE REVERSED.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The Court of Appeals to-day, Chief Justice Paynter writing the opinion, reversed a judgment of the Fayette Circuit Court in the case of Henry M. Bosworth, Sheriff, against the Kentucky Chautauqua Assembly, in which it was held that the property of the assembly was exempt from taxation under Section 170 of the Constitution, which provides that property used for public purposes shall be exempt. The court here holds that the property is not exempt.

The action was instituted by Sheriff Bosworth to recover taxes assessed against the property of the appellee. The officers of the assembly sought to evade payment under the provision of Section 170. The record showed that the buildings of the assembly grounds were rented while the assembly was not in session for school purposes, but that the owners derived no benefit from the renting of the property, the rental being used to defray the expenses of the assembly. The court below ruled that the property came within the provisions of Section 170. The court here says the use of any portion of public property for gain deprives it of the benefit of this section of the Constitution.

* * *

New Trial In Damage Case.

The court, Judge DuRelle writing the opinion, reversed a judgment of the Greenup Circuit Court in the damage case of Mrs. Julia Hollingsworth against Denny B. Warnock, and sent the case back to the lower court for new trial.

The appellant brought the suit under Section 4 of the Kentucky Statutes, to recover of the appellee vindictive damages for causing the death of her husband in November, 1894, by shooting him not in his own self-defense. In the lower court Warnock pleaded accidental shooting, he having shot Hollingsworth while shooting at the latter's son. The court gave judgment for the defendant. The reversal by the Appellate Court is because of improper instructions by the trial judge to the jury, requiring it to believe that the shooting was done not in self-defense before it could find for plaintiff.

* * *

Railroad Company Wins.

The judgment of the Shelby Circuit Court in the case of Richard Bohannon's administratrix against the Southern Railway Company in Kentucky was affirmed, Judge White delivering the opinion. The appellant sued for damages for the death of Bohannon. It was alleged that he was put off the train in a drunken condition 500 yards from the depot in a cut and another train killed him. The jury found for the defendant and the court refuses to disturb its finding.

* * *

Auditor Coulter Well Again.

State Auditor Coulter was able to be at his office to-day for the first time in several weeks. He has been confined to his home, on the South side, with an attack of muscular rheumatism.

* * *

New Private Corporation.

Incorporation articles were filed in the office of the Secretary of State to-day by the Junction City Stave Company, of Boyle county. It has $5,000 capital stock and George J. Miller and Charles C. Fox, of Danville, are the incorporators.

FIGHT AGAINST SMOKE NUISANCE WILL BE RENEWED

Commercial Club Laying In Ammunition For the Contest It Proposes.

The Commercial Club received a letter yesterday from Eugene McQuillin, secretary of the Citizens' Smoke Abatement Association of St. Louis, giving some additional information regarding the smoke laws there and inclosing a copy of the ordinance now in effect in Cincinnati. Mr. McQuillin says that the St. Louis ordinance will soon become operative and that when it is inspectors will proceed to arrest all manufacturers and others who refuse to comply with it.

The Cincinnati ordinance makes it compulsory for all railroad and steamboat engineers to abate the smoke nuisance while within the limits of the city, as well as all manufacturers whose engines are run by means of soft coal. Private residences are exempt. A fine ranging from $5 to $50 is the penalty prescribed for the violation of the ordinance and the owner, lessee or operator of a steamboat, steam engine, manufactory or public building is liable for the penalty.

The Commercial Club has taken up the smoke nuisance in earnest and proposes to abate it if it receives the co-operation of the general public, in whose interest it is working. In order that it may learn the feeling of the public, the club suggests that all who are interested in the movement express their views by letter to it.

Delaying Negotiations.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Nov. 26.—The brigands are determined to wait until the disappearance of the snow permits them freedom of movements before resuming negotiations for the release of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, and Madame Tsilka, her companion.

Probably Fatally Cut.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—On Brown's creek, twenty miles from here, James Gary undertook to whip a boy named Cash Wilson. The boy cut Gary three times with a dirk, inflicting probably fatal wounds.

To Catch Tarpon In Florida.

The Tarpon Club of this city has given orders for the immediate construction of a houseboat at Punta Gorda, Fla., in which the members will make their headquarters while fishing in Florida. Dr. Dudley S. Reynolds is secretary of the club and he has requested Mayor Freeman, of Punta Gorda to make some arrangements preliminary to the construction of the boat.

SUIT

Of Hickman and Cunningham Against Pitts Heard.

PLAINTIFFS WANT DAMAGES.

CONGRESSMAN PADGETT FILES SUIT AGAINST LLOYD CECIL.

MURDER OCCURS AT M'EWEN.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The case of John P. Hickman, secretary of the State Association of Confederate Veterans, and S. A. Cunningham, editor of the Confederate Veteran, against John Pitts, for $50,000 damages for alleged libel, was taken up in the Circuit Court this morning before Judge Swiggart, sitting by interchange. The suit grows out of statements regarding the defendants in a letter written to Judge Clarke by Pitts, who was Gen. John C. Underwood's chief counsel in the Underwood suit against Cunningham and the Methodist Publishing House for damages for libel. To-day the plaintiffs asked to be allowed to withdraw temporarily their demurrer and file a petition to dismiss the defendants' second, third and fourth pleas. The defendant resisted the motion, but Judge Swiggart granted it. After the reading of the pleas, argument begun.

After the argument the defendant was given thirty days in which to redraft two of his pleas and present them in more condensed form.

DOCTOR SHOOTS DRUGGIST.

The Tragedy Resulted From a Quarrel Over a Prescription.

McEwen, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Dr. J. B. Arrington, Postmaster, shot and instantly killed Alexander Wright, of the McEwen Drug Company, this afternoon about 5 o'clock. Dr. Arrington went to the drug store and had a dispute with Wright about a prescription. During a heated argument, which only lasted a few minutes, the physician drew a revolver and fired one shot at Wright. The bullet struck Wright in the breast near the heart and he dropped dead.

Dr. Arrington left the store and was later arrested on a warrant charging him with murder. The physician claims he fired the shot in self-defense, as Wright made a threatening demonstration. This version is denied, however, by W. A. Phelps, who was the only eye-witness to the tragedy. The physician is a brother of Dr. R. A. Arrington, of Nashville.

COLORED PEOPLE EMIGRATING.

Body of Armed Whitecaps Fire Into Home of Negro.

Tiptonville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The whitecaps of Lake county are again active, and last Saturday night a body of armed men visited the home of Tom Brag, colored, and fired at least 100 shots through the doors and windows of his house, but the occupants managed to keep out of range of the bullets. Notice was posted on the house warning Brag to leave at once. The band of whitecaps also posted similar notices in various parts of the district, and as a result the negroes are emigrating. Three families from that section passed through here to-day, and others are preparing to move.

The whitecaps gave the negroes notice to leave two weeks ago, and now that the cotton picking is about over they are enforcing this order with force.

STRUCK BY AN ELEVATOR.

Dr. A. J. Weldon, of Paris Landing, Injured In Paducah, Ky.

Paris, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—News has just been received here of a serious accident happening in Paducah, Ky., recently, to Dr. A. J. Weldon, of Paris Landing, Tenn. In some manner he and the elevator boy were struck by a descending elevator and Dr. Weldon was cut and bruised about the head. Dr. Weldon was formerly president of the West Kentucky Medical Society, and is one of the largest land owners in Henry county, Tenn. He was a former member of the tobacco firm of Gilbert & Weldon, of Paducah.

SAWMILL BOILER EXPLODES.

Three Men Were Killed and Three Badly Injured.

Dyersburg, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The boiler in a sawmill at Tatumville, nine miles east of Dyersburg, blew up yesterday, killing Dallis Wagster, John Nutt and a Mr. Case and seriously wounding three others, Homer Cowley, Joe Dozier and Will Turner. The mill was owned and operated by W. A. Turner. Will Turner is a son of the proprietor. It is thought he cannot live.

PASSENGER AGENTS MEET.

Discuss Routine Matters and Adjust Old Differences.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—There is a large attendance at the joint meeting of the Southeastern Passenger Association and the Mississippi Valley Passenger Association, which is in session here. Little business of interest to the public, it is said, is being transacted, the delegates being engaged in the consideration of routine matters and the adjustment of differences which have arisen.

TROUBLE ENDS IN A SUIT.

Congressman Padgett Goes After Lloyd Cecil.

Columbia, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The Latta-Cecil encounter in this city yesterday ended in a civil suit for $50,000 damages, brought by Congressman Padgett against Lloyd Cecil, Latta's assailant. It is reported that Padgett will make an effort to have Cecil indicted by the Federal grand jury on the charge of sending libelous circulars through the mails.

JURY COULD NOT AGREE.

George Newlands and Tom O'Brien Will Be Tried Again For Murder.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The trial of George Newlands and Tom O'Brien, under indictment on the charge of murdering the Ade family, came to a close this afternoon, when

COMBINED BURGLARY, BUSINESS AND RELIGION.

New York, Nov. 26.—J. P. Goldman, of Brooklyn, convicted of burglary, was sentenced to-day to imprisonment for not less than three years and ten months nor longer than five years. The trial of Goldman showed that he lived a double life, and that away from business, church and family he led a band of crooks and planned their burglarious operations.

the jury disagreed and was discharged. One of the twelve jurors stood out for acquittal, the others for a verdict of murder in the first degree. Conviction was expected.

MEMPHIS MERCHANT DIES.

Joseph Specht Had Lived There For Many Years.

Memphis, Nov. 26.—Jos. Specht, the oldest merchant in this city, died this morning, aged eighty-three. He came to Memphis from Germany in 1849 and had ever since been in active business at the same location.

Evidence In In Furman Will Case.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—All the evidence in the famous Furman will case is in, and the argument is now in progress. It will probably continue all day to-morrow, and Thursday or Friday.

SMALL KLONDIKE FOUND NEAR WILLIAMSTOWN.

Kentucky Farmers In That Neighborhood Are Having Sweet Dreams of Whole Oodles of Money.

Williamstown, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Grant county bids fair to become a second Klondike. At least that is what a crowd of capitalists think who are delving into the earth on Clark's creek, ten miles west of here.

Six weeks ago a stock company was formed and men were put to work in a region where gold-bearing rock had been found. At a depth of eight feet a vein of what is claimed to be gold was located. The vein was several inches in thickness and will pan out several hundred dollars to the ton. The only question is, "Is it gold?" The promoters have no doubt in the world that it is, and would not dispose of their interest in the mine for any price.

People who have visited the mining district and have examined the ore are of the opinion that it is gold. The owners of the mine, however, refuse to say whether they have had an analysis made or not and are working quietly. They profess to have every confidence in finding gold in abundance. They are all wealthy men and have already sunk several thousand dollars in developing the supposed mine.

Some of the ore taken out was used in plating watch chains and jewelry. Those who have seen the plated jewelry are confident that the mineral is gold. There is considerable excitement in the county over the find, and men owning land in the vicinity of the mineral lands have increased its valuation several dollars per acre. Many of them are having dreams of sudden and great wealth.

TAKE THE MONEY, BUT DON'T NEED THE NAME.

Citizens of Elwood, Ind., Accept Mr. Carnegie's Offer, But Will Not Name It For Him.

Elwood, Ind., Nov. 26.—The gift of $25,000 by Andrew Carnegie for a public library building in Elwood has been accepted and the Board of Directors has sent a written acceptance. There is a stipulation in connection with the gift, however, that may not be pleasant to the donor. The letter of acceptance says that the site for the proposed library will be obtained, the $2,500 pledged annually to its support, according to requirements, and that the building will be known as "the Elwood public library." As it is customary for cities receiving such gifts to name the library after the former iron magnate, it is not known how this action will be received. It is said that the name was chosen to placate some of the labor unions that are opposed to accepting money from Carnegie.

COL BRECKINRIDGE ORATOR OF EVENING.

Programme For the Centre-C. U. Alumni Association Banquet Announced.

The Committee on Entertainment for the Centre-Central University Alumni Association announced last night the sentiments to be responded to at the banquet to-morrow night at the Galt House. They are as follows:

Law—Col. Bennett H. Young.
Medicine—Dr. Lewis S. McMurtry.
Older Alumni—Col. Thomas W. Bullitt.
Faculty—Dr. L. H. Blanton.

Those who will respond to "The Younger Alumni" and "The Theological Students" have not yet been selected. Dr. W. C. Roberts will be toastmaster and Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge orator of the evening.

The banquet gives promise of being a big success. There will probably be one hundred plates.

MEET IN COLUMBUS.

Southern Indiana Press Association Handsomely Entertained.

Columbus, Ind., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The Southern Indiana Press Association met here to-day, about fifty members and several ladies being present. The Commercial Club entertained the visitors with a drive about the city, inspecting the various manufacturing plants, and after the business meeting to-night a banquet was given in their honor. W. W. Aiken, of the Franklin Star, was elected president; B. E. Purcell, of the Vincennes Sun, secretary, and J. N. Marsh, of the Columbus Times, corresponding secretary.

INDIANA BANK ROBBED.

Safe In Wanatah Concern Wrecked With Explosives.

Valparaiso, Ind., Nov. 26.—The bank of Julius Conitz, at Wanatah, was broken into by robbers at an early hour this morning. The burglars effected an entrance to the vault and wrecked the big safe with explosives. An expert from Chicago arrived this evening, and is at work attempting to open the safe, the doors of which are jammed in. Until he finishes this work, in four or five hours, it cannot be told whether or not the robbers secured the $10,000 in the safe. There is no clew to the burglars.

TO ASK AID.

Officials of Yukon Territory Hastening To Ottawa.

ADMIT TROUBLE IS SERIOUS.

TELL OF DETERMINED PLOT TO THROW OFF ENGLISH YOKE.

ON A HURRIED JOURNEY.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—Overland through Alaska to the sea, by water to Seattle and through the United States on their way to Ottawa, officials of Yukan territory are fleeing to plead for help at the Canadian capital to put down a rebellion.

Three of these officials arrived in Chicago Monday and others are on the way. Foreseeing danger to their lives if they remained, they started from White Horse, the seat of government of Yukon territory, weeks ago. Early in September they became cognizant of the plot, one of the most desperate ever concocted to throw off the yoke of a rule believed to be unjust, and they appealed at that time for an increase of military power.

That a serious rebellion is on in the far northwest is candidly admitted by three members of the Yukon department of public works who were in consultation at the Palmer House with local capitalists who have interests in that country. The men are D. McK. Minard, accountant; J. C. Tache, resident engineer, and P. E. Mercier, assistant engineer.

* * *

American Interests In Danger.

The White pass and Yukon railway is owned largely by American capital, its main office being in Chicago. President S. H. Graves was among those who talked over the situation last night with the fleeing Yukon officials. The latter were not willing to talk much concerning their flight, but they were ready to admit the dangerous nature of the trouble in the country from which they came.

Not the fantasy of a wild dreamer of empire, but the determined, united effort of a band of at least 1,500 men who have been laying plans for nearly a year, is the plot, as described by the officials, of the Order of the Midnight Sun to establish an independent government. Seven-tenths of the men are Americans and they have grievances and the ability to set them forth in convincing style. They believe they have power to secure by force the rights which they declare have been denied them.

The fact that one of the leaders has been arrested and part of the records of the oath-bound organization seized by no means proves that the rebellion is ended, they say. Gov. Gen. Minto, of Canada, is to be asked to send troops to the scene and at least to double the mounted police.

* * *

Fears For Ultimate Outcome.

Mr. Minard, the leader of the party of officials, said:

"We expect to proceed to Ottawa at once and will have a consultation with the high Government authorities about conditions in the territory. This trouble may assume an international phase because so many members of the secret military order are American and we cannot try them for treason.

"We heard of the plans being laid to overthrow our authority two months ago, but believed it a hare-brained scheme of some adventurers. Of course no such plot could succeed for more than a little while, but the severity of the Arctic winter may delay the sending of strong military forces against the conspirators for six months. The mounted police have always been competent heretofore to take care of all disorderly characters in the territory, but this affair is of too serious a nature to be handled by police.

* * *

Rebels Are Well Armed.

"Arms and ammunition, we were told, have been secreted in great quantities. Provisions have been cached at various strategic points this side of White Horse, which is the railway terminus, and beyond. Dawson was to be the capital of the republic. The conspirators depended on aid from Americans throughout Alaska and circulated copies of grievances, with the grand seal of the organization, in White Horse, Atlin, Dawson, Skaguay, Hootalinqua and Circle City. Skaguay is in American territory."

J. U. Bray, secretary of the Yukon Public Works Department, started from White Horse with the other officials, but left the party at Seattle and went to Ottawa over the Canadian Pacific railroad.

The merits of the disputes between the miners and traders and the territorial government will not be discussed by the officials in Chicago. The organization of the Order of the Midnight Sun is said to be the result of differences of opinion that have existed ever since the discovery of gold in the Klondike in 1897.

* * *

Charge Corruption In Office.

Corruption in office is one of the charges made by the rebels. They assert further that excessive taxes in the way of royalties on gold mined are levied, and that license fees far in excess of a just amount are exacted. The revenue from the unlicensed liquor and gambling traffic, the miners declare, goes to the officials, many of whom have thus become wealthy.

Favors to certain individuals and corporations are alleged, also excessive tariff duties on American food and other products. The old boundary line dispute is also a point at issue and the leaders of the rebellion have declared that in the event of the success of their plans they will send a delegation to Washington to urge that the boundary line be permanently fixed.

U. D. C. To Attend Funeral.

Mrs. Basil W. Duke, president of the Albert Sidney Johnston Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, requests all members to meet at St. Andrew's church at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon to attend in a body the funeral of Mrs. Lemuel F. Hardin.

Did Astor Buy It?

London, Nov. 26.—The historic Battle Abbey and the estate of six thousand acres surrounding it were sold at public auction to-day for £200,000. William Waldorf Astor is said to be the purchaser.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

DISTILLERS

Will Petition Congress For Reduction of Tax.

MEETING IN CINCINNATI.

MANUFACTURERS ALSO WANT EXTENSION OF OUTAGE ALLOWANCE.

WHISKY FAMINE IS POSSIBLE.

Consumption of Four and Eight-year-old Product Is Enormous.

RAILROADS FOR PORTO RICO.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Representatives of all the whisky interests of the United States met at the Gibson House to-day. The meeting was called by Mr. John B. Thompson, of Harrodsburg, Ky., president of the Kentucky Distillers' Association, for the purpose of considering a proposition to petition Congress to reduce the present tax of $1.10. The meeting was the most harmonious ever held.

The following organizations were represented: The Kentucky Distillers' Association, embracing all of the distillers of Kentucky; the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' Association, with headquarters in Baltimore, and comprising all the wholesale liquor dealers of the United States; the Eastern Rye Whisky Distillers' Association, with headquarters in Pittsburg and embracing the rye distillers of the Eastern States, and the International Liquor Dealers' Association, with headquarters in Washington, D. C., and Chicago, and having a membership of 200,000 saloonkeepers. The Kentucky Distillers' Association was represented by John B. Thompson, of Harrodsburg; S. Grabfelder, of Louisville, and George H. Watson, of Frankfort; the Rye Whisky Distillers by Samuel Werthemier, Baltimore, and E. V. Daugherty, Philadelphia. The Wholesale Association was represented by J. Walter Freiburg, of Cincinnati, and the retailers by E. L. Gordon, Washington, D. C., and Robert J. Halle, Chicago.

President Thompson presided and T. M. Gilmore, of Louisville, secretary of that association, attended to the duties of that office. The sentiment was absolutely unanimous as favoring the reduction of the present tax of $1.10 per gallon on whisky and for the extension of the allowance for evaporation or outage on goods made subsequent to January 1, 1899. These were declared to be the questions of paramount importance before the trade at present. Provision was made for drafting a bill covering these two points and for having the bill introduced into Congress as soon as that body convenes. Mr. John B. Thompson will prepare the bill and will also arrange for its presentation in Congress.

The members were jubilant over the meeting at its close, in that for the first time in the history of such interests absolute harmony as to the aims and the means of securing them prevailed.

After the meeting Mr. T. M. Gilmore said: "For the last four years the consumption of Kentucky whiskies from four to eight years old has reached something over 15,000,000 gallons per year. If this rate of consumption is maintained during the present fiscal year of 1902 and the fiscal year of 1903, we will use up all of the 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898 and the bulk of the 1899 whisky now in bond in Kentucky. This will bring about the most extraordinary statistical condition ever known in Kentucky whiskies, and corresponding with the present statistical condition of Maryland rye. In other words, it would mean a famine in matured whisky."

RAILROAD CONCESSION SIGNED.

Port America Company Will Build Two Lines In Porto Rico.

Washington, Nov. 26.—President Roosevelt to-day signed the concession granted by the Executive Council of Porto Rico to the Port America Company, which is to build two railroads on the island of Porto Rico, one north and south from San Juan to Port America, which is a few miles from the old Spanish port of Guayama, and the other east and west from Aquadilla to Eucanada Honda. This is the concession which the Attorney General held was illegal because it was exempted from taxation as originally granted. The concession was subsequently modified by the Council upon the approval of the Insular Governor. As modified, the President has now approved the concession.

WILL NOT ENTER COMBINE.

National Computing Scale Company Will Remain Independent.

New York, Nov. 26.—The Journal of Commerce is authority for the statement that the National Computing Scale Company, of Cleveland, O., with a capital of $275,000, has decided not to enter the consolidation of computing scale manufacturing companies now forming in this city. The total capitalization, including bonds, of the new consolidation is $4,100,000, of which $3,000,000 has been issued as follows: $1,400,000 common stock and $1,150,000 preferred stock and $450,000 bonds.

GENERAL CARRIAGE COMPANY.

Concern Will Be Reorganized With a Big Capital.

New York, Nov. 26.—The Reorganization Committee of the General Carriage Company of New Jersey, consisting of Edwin L. Post, Leroy W. Baldwin, Robert K. Jennings and Henry A. Rowley, have prepared a plan for the reorganization of the concern. It is proposed to form a new company with a total authorized capital of $2,000,000, consisting of 40,000 shares of $50 par value each.

OIL AND GAS IN LOUISIANA.

Big Flow Struck At a Depth of Four Hundred Feet.

Alexandria, La., Nov. 26.—Men boring the Pineville Oil Development Company's well here to-day struck oil and a considerable flow of gas at a depth of 400 feet as they were sinking a six-inch pipe. President Hunter says the oil is the same quality as the Beaumont, but lighter in color.

TENNESSEE COUNTY BONDS.

Chicago Firm Pays Highest Price Ever Given For the Paper.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 26.—One hundred thousand ten-twenty-year Hamilton-county bonds were sold today to N. W. Harris & Co., of Chicago, for a premium of $8,250. This figure is the highest figure ever paid in Tennessee for county bonds.

CAPT. FERGUSON WAS NOT MURDERED.

Was Only Away On a Business Trip and Has Returned To Cairo Sound and Well.

Cairo, Ill., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Capt. Ferguson, who has been missing since last Wednesday, returned this afternoon sound and well, much to the relief of his distracted wife and brother, who have been searching everywhere for a clew to his whereabouts. Capt. Ferguson said he walked to Cairo from Mound City last Thursday and took the yacht Alma here for Carothersville, arriving there Saturday evening. As he had business at the bank he had to wait over until Monday to transact it, returning by rail to-day. The captain only laughed when told of the theories that had been advanced as to his fate.

CONTEST SUITS

AMONG REPUBLICANS OVER THE OFFICES IN OWSLEY COUNTY.

QUEER METHODS IN PRIMARY.

A Lawsuit Caused By the Flight and Summary Resignation of a Circuit Clerk.

London, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Some interesting contest suits occupied the attention of the Owsley county Circuit Court just adjourned. In December, 1900, a Republican primary was held in Owsley which resulted in the nomination of John Breeding for County Judge; H. M. Herd for County Clerk; John F. Manns for Sheriff, and L. F. Colt for Assessor. Shortly after the nominations were made Mr. Breeding withdrew on account of ill health, and Wm. F. McGuire was nominated for Judge by the Republicans.

The defeated candidates at the primary were A. C. Hyden for Judge; H. C. Combs for County Clerk; D. G. Wilson for Sheriff, and J. W. Wilder for Assessor, all of whom were candidates at the November election. H. C. Combs was a candidate for re-election as Clerk, he being the incumbent. Everything moved on smoothly until a short time before the November election, when Clerk Combs was enjoined against placing the names of McGuire, Herd, Manns and Colts under the Log Cabin. The matter was carried before Judge Dishman at Winchester, who dissolved the injunction. Later the ballots appeared without the names of McGuire, Herd, Manns and Colt on them, and with Hyden, Combs, Wilson and Wilder under the Log Cabin. The regular nominees offered to furnish pasters, but the use of pasters was enjoined. By this time it was too late for any further action to be taken, and those who voted for McGuire, Herd, Manns and Colts were obliged to write their names. The result of the election was that Hyden, Combs, Wilson and Wilder received majorities of thirty-three votes each.

The cases were continued. A warrant was sworn out for Combs charging him with felony. He waived examination and was placed under a heavy bond, which he promptly filled.

Another contest will come up over the office of Circuit Clerk in Owsley county. Last July W. C. Seale, Circuit Clerk, locked up his office and left the State. In the same month he sent in his resignation to the County Judge. About the middle of August he sent in his resignation to Circuit Judge Dishman, who filled the office by the appointment of R. L. Rose. H. Clay Treadway was nominated by the Republicans to fill the unexpired term and was elected without opposition at the November election. Rose refused to vacate when Treadway appeared to take charge, claiming his appointment was for the unexpired term. The adherents of Rose claim that no vacancy existed in the office until the resignation of Seale was received by Judge Dishman, in whom was invested the authority to fill the office. This resignation was sent in within less than three months prior to the regular election.

The friends of Treadway claim the office was vacant from the time Seale's resignation was received by the County Judge of Owsley, which was more than three months prior to the regular election. There is also some difference of opinion as to the time the resignation of Seale was received by the County Judge.

THE JURY COULD NOT AGREE IN SEMPLE CASE.

Accused of Assisting Taylor and Bredell In Making Plates For Counterfeit Money.

Philadelphia, Nov. 26.—After deliberating for nearly thirty hours, the jurors in the case of John L. Semple, the Camden, N. J., lawyer, who was tried in the United States District Court here, charged with aiding and abetting counterfeiters, were unable to agree and were this afternoon discharged by Judge McPherson. Semple was accused of having assisted Arthur Taylor and Baldwin S. Bredell in the manufacture of plates from which were printed $20 counterfeit notes. Taylor and Bredell are awaiting sentence.

Fast Time Made By Locomotives.

Washington, Nov. 26.—American locomotives in their preliminary trials between Miramas and Artes, France, are stated to have maintained a speed of 71.45 miles an hour, according to a report received this afternoon from Consul Skinner at Marseilles, under date of November 6. Mr. Skinner reports that the speed at certain moments was as high as 77.67 and 80.77 miles an hour over an especially good portion of the track. The trials were regarded as very satisfactory.

NEAR COLON

Decisive Battle May Soon Be Fought.

LIBERALS ARE IN RETREAT,

SAYING THEY ARE OUT OF AMMUNITION.

ALBAN SUFFERS MUCH LOSS.

Of 300 In His Force, 100 Are Reported Hors du Combat.

TRAINS RUN ON SLOW TIME.

Colon, Nov. 26.—Fighting along the line delayed traffic on the Panama railway to-day, but trains were run under the protection of the American flag. The morning passenger train from Panama, due to arrive here at 11 o'clock to-day, did not arrive until 4:40 this afternoon. The train had a marine guard aboard.

The afternoon train from Colon was also delayed reaching Panama. It carried marines from the Iowa and passengers who arrived by the steamer Orizaba.

* * *

Liberals Retreat Before Alban.

The train from Panama brought news to the effect that Gen. Alban, with 300 Government troops, has crossed Barbacoa bridge, and is continuing his march to Colon. He is now at Tavernilla, where he is resting. The Liberal forces continue to retreat before him. They explain their retreat by saying they have no ammunition.

All the fighting to-day occurred at Barbacoa bridge. Passengers by the delayed train assert that fully 100 conservatives were killed and wounded during the fighting there and that the Liberal forces were insignificant.

Decisive Fight At Hand.

The Liberals are now approaching Gatun Station (about five miles from Colon) and it is believed a decisive engagement will probably be fought tonight or to-morrow morning at Monkey Hill cemetery, distant one mile from the limits of Colon.

Gen. Alban has been slightly wounded. His horse was killed under him.

* * *

Force Sent To Join Alban.

The gunboat Gen. Pinzon has returned to Colon harbor. Only 100 of the 600 men originally aboard the gunboat returned. The others were landed at Portobello, about ten miles from Colon, and it is presumed they at once marched overland with the expectation of joining the column of Gen. Alban.

The armored train which went over the railroad yesterday, having on board Capt. Perry, of the Iowa, and machine guns and flying the American flag, was sent as a demonstrative force and will not be continued daily. Passenger trains, however, will still carry a guard.

LITTLE NEWS TO REPORT.

Capt. Perry's Action, However, Raises An Interesting Question.

Washington, Nov. 26.—A cable dispatch was received at the Navy Department just at the close of business this afternoon from Commander McCrea, of the Machias at Colon, announcing that the Colombian Government gunboat General Pinzon, which left Colon for the East yesterday, had returned.

Consul General Gudger at Panama reports to the State Department that traffic is moving unmolested, but gives no other details of the situation.

The reported action of Capt. Perry, the naval officer in command of the United States forces on the isthmus, in declining to permit either the Colombian or rebel troops to make use of the railway, may raise an interesting question. It is understood here that the Colombian Government feels that it has the decided right to use the railway to forward Government troops. This right is based on the fact that the road is on land over which Colombia has sovereignty, and is operated under a Government concession, Colombia retaining an interest in the road to the extent of $250,000 per year.

SWITCHMEN'S STRIKE AT PITTSBURG FAILS.

Not Over One Hundred and Fifty Men Go Out and New Employes Are Readily Secured.

Pittsburg, Nov. 26.—Judging by apparent conditions, the switchmen's strike inaugurated this morning has proved a flat failure. The strike was ordered by the Switchmen's Union of North America and the claim was made early in the day by the union officers that every road in the city with the exception of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago and the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, would be tied up completely. The developments of the day, however, demonstrate that only one road, the Lehigh Valley, was seriously affected. On this road but one crew was at work and the road is badly crippled. The company officials, while admitting that freight traffic has been practically suspended, say that within twenty-four hours they will have all the men they need and work will be resumed as usual.

The other roads affected were the Baltimore and Ohio, twelve men out; Pittsburg Junction (a branch of the Baltimore and Ohio), fifteen men out; the Pittsburg and Lake Erie, four men out; the Pennsylvania, fifteen men out. One hundred and fifty would be a high estimate of the number of men who struck. None of these roads suffered much inconvenience, because new men were readily secured to take the place of the strikers, and some of the men, upon discovering that the strike order had not been generally obeyed, returned to their places.

The strikers have not the sympathy of the other trainmen's unions. W. G. Lee, First Vice Grand Master of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, is in the city and says the members of his organization will oppose the present movement. Should the condition of the Allegheny Valley as it exists to-day be continued longer than two days more the mills and factories along the Allegheny river dependent on it for raw material will be compelled to close down. The city mills of the Carnegie Company can stand the pressure for this length of time, but if extended beyond that the management says operations will have to suspend.

ENGLAND ACCEPTS OFFER OF CANADIAN TROOPS.

War Office Will Provide Arms, But Soldiers Must Be Equipped With Horses and Accoutrements.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 26.—Following is a copy of a cablegram which has been received by the Governor General from Mr. Chamberlain, the Secretary of the Colonial Department:

To Lord Minto, Ottawa, Ont.—Referring to your telegram of November 21, the Imperial Government gratefully accepts offer corps consisting of not less than 600 men to be raised on the following terms:

Firstly—Men to be able to ride and shoot.

Secondly—Imperial yeomanry rates of pay to be accepted, namely, cavalry rates to date of embarkation and yeomanry rates subsequently.

Thirdly—Canadian Government to provide horses, saddlery, uniforms, boots, etc.; in repayment Imperial Government to provide arms.

Fourthly—Officers to be nominated by Canadian Government, and their names submitted to Commander-in-Chief for approval of Secretary of State for War.

Fifthly—Medical conditions to be as for imperial yeomanry.

Sixthly—Preference to be given to men who have had previous service in South Africa, and to single men; married men and widowers with children to be accepted provided that they understand that no separation allowances will be issued.

Telegraph as soon as possible whether scheme as outlined above meets with approval of your ministry.

CHAMBERLAIN.

OLD GALVESTON BONDS MUST NOT BE DROPPED.

New York Security and Trust Company Refuses To Accept New Paper At Lower Rate.

New York, Nov. 26.—Charles S. Fairchild, president of the New York Security and Trust Company, and chairman of the Galveston, Tex., Bondholders' Committee, wrote to the authorities of Galveston recently stating that holders of the city bonds could not consider the proposed substitution of new bonds of a lower interest rate, and that the committee could negotiate only as to the partial postponement of interest upon the present bonds. The Galveston committee is reported to have replied to this with some chagrin. The Galveston committee added that "an erroneous impression as to the extent of the loss Galveston City has suffered" was probably responsible for the apparent attitude of the local bondholders. A meeting of the two committees will be held here December 17.

Classified Advertisements,

Such as "WANTED," "FOR SALE," "FOR RENT," etc., that are published in the Courier-Journal, hereafter, on any day . . . . . .

EXCEPT SUNDAY

will be published the same day in

The Times Free of Charge.

BROTHER AND SISTER WED IN IGNORANCE OF KINSHIP.

Some One Who Knew Secret of Their Lives Told Authorities and the Man Was Arrested.

Morgantown, W. Va., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—In the court of Justice Hayes today Ann Webley, an aged woman, confessed that Minor Fields and Martha Webley, who were recently married, are both her children. The confession was brought out in a proceeding instituted by the State against Fields, charging him with incestuous marital relations and was a dramatic ending to the trial. With sobbing voice Mrs. Webley told of the mystery surrounding the birth of Fields, how she had placed him with a poor farmer to be brought up, in order to conceal her shame, and then of the long courtship and marriage of the two children. Some time after the marriage some one who possessed the secret informed the Commonwealth's Attorney, who had Fields arrested yesterday. Fields is brokenhearted over the revelation, and is in jail at this place awaiting the action of the grand jury, but will likely be released on bond to-morrow. The courtship of the couple extended over a period of ten years, and the marriage seemed to be a genuine love match.

WEST VIRGINIA FAMILY ROBBED BY MASKED MEN.

Father Was Tortured and Mother, Son and Daughter Were Bound Hand and Foot.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 26.—At Belton, Marshall county, last night, four masked men assaulted and robbed Lindsay Burley and members of his family, securing over $1,000 in cash, besides other valuables. The family, consisting of father, mother, son and daughter, were bound hand and foot by the robbers. While one stood guard over them, the others ransacked the house. It was necessary to torture the father before the hiding place of the money was discovered. A posse of citizens and dogs are scouring the country in search of the robbers.

Died From Effects of Burns.

Danville, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Owen Avery, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Avery, died from the effects of severe burns received several days ago. His clothing was ignited while he was standing near a grate.

OPERATIONS

Of the Army Reviewed By the Secretary of War

IN HIS ANNUAL REPORT.

HOW THE FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES ARE DISTRIBUTED.

HEALTH OF THE TROOPS GOOD.

Situation In the Philippine Islands Treated At Great Length—The Transport Service.

CUBA QUIET AND ORDERLY.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The annual report of Secretary of War Root begins with a compilation of the numerical strength of the army of the United States. Discussing the act of February 2, 1901, to increase the military establishment, the Secretary says:

The improvement of conditions in the Philippines during the spring and summer of this year made it unnecessary to provide the maximum number allowed by the law, and on the 8th of May an order was made fixing the enlisted strength of the several organizations in such a manner as to establish the aggregate enlisted strength of the army, including staff departments, but exclusive of hospital corps men, at 77,287, composed as follows:

Cavalry	15,840
Artillery—	
Coast	13,734
Field	4,800
Noncommissioned staff and band	328
	18,862
Infantry	38,520
Engineer battalions and band	1,282
Enlisted men staff departments, etc.	2,783
Total army	77,287

The new organizations authorized were recruited upon the basis thus prescribed, leaving the organizations in the Philippines and Cuba, which had been temporarily increased to greater numbers, to be reduced to that basis by the ordinary expiration of enlistments and casualties. The new organizations have been completed.

The regular establishment now consists, according to the latest reports which have been received, of 3,253 officers and 76,084 enlisted men. There are also 4,336 men of the Hospital Corps, 172 volunteer surgeons in the Philippines, appointed under Section 18 of the act of February 2, 1901, and 98 officers and 4,973 native scouts.

* * *

The Canteen Question.

On the subject of the army canteen, the report says:

The provisions of Section 28 of the act of February 2, 1901, prohibiting the sale of or dealing in beer, wine, or any intoxicating liquors by any person in any post exchange, or canteen, or army transport, or upon any premises used for military purposes by the United States, have been carried into full force and effect, pursuant to the directions of the statute.

When the orders were issued for the enforcement of this section of the law, the commanding officers of the various posts and military organizations were directed to report upon its effects. A great body of reports has been received, which indicate that the effect of the law is unfortunate. I think, however, that a sufficient time has not elapsed to give the law a fair trial, and the observation and report of its working will be continued during the ensuing year.

Other excerpts from the voluminous report of the Secretary are as follows:

* * *

Comfort and Health.

The reports show that the food and clothing furnished to the army during the year were satisfactory; that the health of our troops has been good and the death rate low. The death rate per thousand of troops in the United States during the past year was 9.14; in Cuba, 9.72; in Porto Rico, 7.90, and among the troops serving in the Philippines and China it was reduced from 19.31 during the previous year to 16.76 during the past year. This covered periods of very active service in the field by considerable portions of the force in the Philippines, and will doubtless be much further reduced as the troops come to be stationed in more permanent quarters. In the opinion of the medical department, when permanent arrangements have been made and proper sanitary regulations can be enforced the health of the troops stationed in the tropics will be quite as good as if stationed in our own Gulf States.

* * *

Transport Service.

The Atlantic transport service was discontinued on the 30th of June last, after contracts had been made for the carriage of Government passengers and freight upon bids submitted in response to public advertisement. Some of the smaller vessels have been transferred to the Pacific fleet; two have been sold; others have been put out of commission. I think it desirable to sell them.

It is not practicable now to discontinue the transport service upon the Pacific, but I do not think it desirable that the United States should own and operate a fleet of passenger and freight vessels in time of peace. It would be gratifying if the American merchant marine could furnish vessels to transport our men and supplies as part of a regular commerce between the United States and the Philippines under contracts, which would enable the Government, in case of war, to put the vessels under the control of regular officers of the army or navy for transport purposes, upon reasonable compensation. It is desirable that authority be given by Congress to make such contracts.

Most of our transports were bought from foreign owners, and upon being sold would necessarily come again under a foreign flag. It will make a great difference in the prices which can be obtained if an American register can be granted to these ships. I ask that this be authorized by Congress. There would seem to be no objection on any public ground to granting an American register to a ship which has been for years flying the American flag as a public vessel of the United States, and when the money value of the privilege will go into the public treasury.

* * *

Militia and Volunteers.

The present provisions of law relating to the militia, and to the raising of volunteer forces, are quite imperfect and unsatisfactory. The militia law stands today practically as it was enacted in 1792 and is practically obsolete. It is very desirable that Congress should now exercise the power conferred upon it by the Constitution to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia.

I recommend that the President be authorized to convene boards of officers (including the general service and staff college boards) for the examination of officers of the National Guard, and other citizens who may apply to be examined, as to their qualifications to hold volunteer commissions; that the persons passing such examinations shall receive certificates, stating the office for which they are found to be qualified, and upon the calling out of a volunteer force shall be entitled to receive commissions for such offices.

I recommend that the War Department be authorized to arm the National Guard with the present service small arms used by the regular army, navy and marine corps; that the National Guard of the several States be treated as a first reserve, to be called into the service of the United States to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrection and repel invasions, the term of service under any call to be limited to nine months.

* * *

Philippine Operations.

The Secretary's report reviews at great length the operations of the army in the Philippine Islands. Some extracts from this part of his report are as follows:

The operations of the field force were so vigorous and unrelenting that more than 1,000 contacts occurred between our troops and the insurgents from May, 1900, to June 30, 1901, in which the insurgent casualties were: Killed, 3,854; wounded, 1,193; captured, 6,572; surrendered, 23,995; with a total of 15,693 rifles and nearly 300,000 rounds of small-arms ammunition captured and surrendered. Our casualties during the same period were: Killed, 245; wounded, 490; captured, 118; missing, 20.

I can not speak too highly of the work of the army in the Philippines. The officers and men have been equal to the best requirements, not only of military service, but of the civil administration with which they were charged in all its details from the date of our occupancy in August, 1898, until the inauguration of a civil Governor on the 4th of July, 1901.

The recent disturbances in Samar and Southern Luzon are of minor consequence, and are being stamped out by the vigorous operations of the troops.

* * *

Cuba.

The report closes with an exhaustive review of the government of Cuba, which, it says, has been "peaceful and orderly."

ALLEGED DESERTER ARRESTED.

Private Stationed At Columbus Barracks Caught In Indiana Town.

Shoals, Ind., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—George Edwards was arrested here today by United States Marshal Thomas Hutchinson and Chief of Police Williams on a charge of deserting the regular army and taken to Evansville. Edwards was stationed at Columbus, O., and is said to have deserted a few days ago, and has since been in hiding at his home, near this city.

MRS. BONINE TOLD A LAWYER ABOUT SHOOTING.

Repeats On Witness Stand Confession Made To Him After Death of Ayres.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The fact was brought out to-day in the trial of Mrs. Lola Ida Bonine for the killing of James Seymour Ayres, Jr., that she had made a private confession of her part in the tragedy on the evening after the homicide, several days before she took the police officials into her confidence. This recital was made to Mr. George B. Gardner, an attorney employed in the law division of the Interior Department, who was a boarder at the Kenmore Hotel and usually sat at the same table at which Mrs. Bonine took her meals. Mr. Gardner was on the witness stand to-day and told his story for the first time. He said Mrs. Bonine had sought him out and asked his advice as to whether she should make a public statement, and that he had suggested to her that she should delay her confession until the theory of suicide, which was first entertained, should be fully exploited.

A number of other witnesses were heard during the day, several of them being men who had taken Ayres out to neighboring saloons during the evening of May 14, and one of whom had taken him to his room after midnight, about two hours before he met his death. The witness who took Ayres to his room was a young man named Burns, who stated that when he left Ayres the latter was perfectly sober. These witnesses generally agreed that Ayres had taken about two glasses of beer, and that he was not under the influence of liquor. Burns said that on one occasion he had seen Ayres treat Mrs. Bonine contemptuously. He said she had nursed him (Burns) when sick and had visited his room both day and night. Other witnesses also testified that Mrs. Bonine had visited them when sick.

DOCTOR USES HAIR PIN AND FORK AS PROBES.

Rosa Ray, the colored woman whose miraculous escape from death at the hands of Henry Coleman by the interposition of a corset steel has been told, was slightly wounded, as was ascertained later. The bullet penetrated her left breast, and Dr. Botany Jones, the colored physician, made an ineffectual search for it yesterday, using a long hair pin and a common table fork as probes. Coleman fled immediately after the shooting, and nothing has been either heard or seen of him since.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?



Have You Rheumatism? Do You Have Bladder or Uric Acid Trouble?

To Prove What SWAMP-ROOT, the Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy, Will Do for YOU, All Our Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free By Mail.

Pain or dull ache in the back is unmistakable evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

If these danger signals are unheeded more serious results are sure to follow; Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and the extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sample bottle free, by mail.

Backache and Urinary Trouble.

Among the many famous cures of Swamp-Root investigated by the Courier-Journal the one we publish to-day for the benefit of our readers speaks in the highest terms of the wonderful curative properties of this great kidney remedy.

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—When I wrote you last March for a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, my wife was a great sufferer from backache, rheumatism and urinary trouble. After trying the sample bottle she bought a large bottle here at the drug store. That did her so much good she bought more. The effect of Swamp-Root was wonderful and almost immediate. She has felt no return of the old trouble since.

Oct., 1901. F. THOMAS.
211 Northampton St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lame back is only one symptom of kidney trouble—one of many. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times at night, inability to hold your urine, smarting or irritation in passing, brickdust or sediment in the urine, catarrh of the bladder, uric acid, constant headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, irregular heart-bearing, rheumatism, bloating, irritability, worncut feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

If your water when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

If you have the slightest symptom of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you free by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book of wonderful Swamp-Root testimonials. Be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Louisville Daily Courier-Journal.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at drug stores. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

RAILROADS LOSE.

COURT REFUSED REHEARING IN CASE OF RATE DISCRIMINATION IN GEORGIA.

Interstate Commerce Commission Found Several Railroads Guilty.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 26.—An important decision affecting the interests of railroads was handed down by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals to-day, in which the court sustained the contention of the Interstate Commerce Commission against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company in the appeal taken by the railroad company asking for a rehearing. The court refused to grant a rehearing to the railroad company.

Not only is the Louisville and Nashville interested in the decision, but the Western railway of Alabama and the Atlanta and West Point.

The case grew out of alleged discrimination by the railroads against the town of Lagrange, Ga., on sugar, molasses and other freight from New Orleans to that point. It was originally brought up October 25, 1895, on the complaint of a merchant of the Georgia town who alleged that the railroads charged him a higher rate on merchandise than they did the towns of Hogansville, Newnan, Palmetto, Fairburn and Atlanta, giving those points an undue preference to his injury. The case was tried before the commission and was decided adversely to the railroads, and eventually suit was brought in the United States Circuit Court for the Southern district of Alabama in Mobile by the railroads and against the commission. The court also decided against the railroad company and an appeal was taken to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals and a rehearing asked. This is the rehearing that was concurrently denied by the Judges of the Appellate Court to-day.

WILL FIGHT FOR PARTY MACHINERY.

Anti-Ratificationists Hold Meeting At Birmingham and Decide Upon a Vigorous Campaign.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—At the conference of the leaders opposed to the ratification of the new Constitution held in the Morris Hotel to-day it was resolved upon motion of former Gov. Johnston that the anti-ratificationists continue their fight for control of the party machinery in the State within the Democratic party lines. The following were appointed a State Committee to arrange details for the campaign to be conducted in the general election next year: Judge James Crook, of Calhoun; former Gov. Joseph F. Johnston, former Congressman Jesse Stallings, Charles M. Skelley, Judge James J. Mitchell, of Lauderdale; Tennis West, of Morgan county; and E. M. Kirkbride, of Mobile. All efforts to create a new party were frowned down upon.

Former Gov. Johnston declared that he was not a candidate for any office next year, but was among those who vehemently declared that his friends should have candidates in the field for every office and demand representation at the polling places in the white primaries next year.

The fight of the anti-ratificationists will be one for control of the party machine. A fund was raised to establish a weekly newspaper in Birmingham to disseminate the views of the anti-ratificationists whose battle cry will be that the late election was a fraud, and that they represent the white Democracy of the State.

APPRAISERS REPORT ON MR. M'KINLEY'S ESTATE.

Personal Property Is Valued At More Than One Hundred and Thirty-three Thousand Dollars.

Canton, O., Nov. 26.—The appraisers have filed their report of the appraisement of the estate of the late President McKinley. The report shows that the deceased died possessed of personal goods and chattels to the value of $2,655.89; of securities, bank deposits and life insurance, $133,105.15; money, $129.15. Total personal estate, $139,890.18, of which $60,122.19 was life insurance. The real estate was not appraised as under the will it goes to Mrs. McKinley for life and at her death to his family. It is believed to be worth from $60,000 to $75,000.

MILITARY HONORS FOR THE DEAD AMBASSADOR.

King Edward Makes a Tactful Move To Allay Anti-English Sentiment In Germany.

London, Nov. 26.—Full military honors will be paid to the remains of Count Von Hatzfeldt-Wildenburg, the late German Ambassador to the Court of St. James (who died here November 22), when the body is removed from the Embassy here this evening and is taken to Victoria railroad station, on its way to Germany.

This exceptional step is entirely due to the initiative of King Edward, who quite unexpectedly notified the relatives of the deceased diplomat that he desired to pay this unusual tribute to the Ambassador, who had untiringly labored in the interests of the good relations of the two nations.

Half a battalion of foot guards will be stationed at the German Embassy and half a battalion of the same troops will be on duty at the railroad station, while life guards will escort the gun-carriage bearing the remains.

In view of the Anglophobia in Germany, the King's action is considered highly tactful, and as calculated to show the relations between the two Governments are wholly friendly.

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TEN PAGES.

WEDNESDAY........NOV. 27, 1901

"Business."

Tuesday Evening, Nov. 26.—The stock market was under the influence of the tremendous short speculation in Amalgamated Copper to-day, and also there was a revival of the fear of tighter money. Sterling exchange advanced again, and in Paris the demand for money was sharper. Nevertheless, at times the whole list was moved upward, and copper advanced 2¾ from the lowest, closing at a net gain of 2. Railroad stocks held well. Money was 4@4½ per cent. on call. Sterling was firm at $4.87½, a rise of half a point since yesterday. Government bonds were steady and railroads were irregular.

Grain was lower. Wheat declined ⅝c, corn ⅝@¾c and oats ½@⅝c. Provisions were down 2½@5c to 12½c. Cotton was steady.

The Chicago live stock markets were steady.

The Panama Situation.

In landing forces on the isthmus of Panama the Government of the United States is unquestionably within its treaty rights. This action appears to have been effectual for the time being, as traffic was speedily restored.

Nevertheless, some embarrassing question may arise out of this incident. The claim of the Government of Colombia to use a railroad in its own territory for the transportation of troops may seem prima facie very reasonable. A strong and self-sustaining Government would not permit any other Power to question its right to do this. But in this case Colombia has parted with some of her sovereignty by concessions and by treaty. She has signified to the United States, at least so it is reported, that she was not able for the time being to keep the railroad open for traffic. In assuming the task which Colombia has thus declined, our Government does not undertake to put down the rebellion, nor to assist the Colombian authorities in so doing. Colombia virtually recognizes the insurgents as belligerents in acknowledging its inability to keep the railroad open, and the United States must maintain neutrality. It cannot keep the road open for the benefit of one belligerent and not for another. At least, that is the way the matter looks at this distance on the basis of the best reports attainable.

Bank Deposits In Kansas.

The great accumulation of capital in the Kansas banks is singular in view of the loss of the corn crop. A dispatch from Topeka says that the State and national banks have on deposit no less than $87,894,000, or a per capita of $59, the largest amount known in the State's history. The banks, indeed, are almost congested with cash just at the beginning of the winter season. The average of the reserve is 52 per cent. and scarcely any bank falls below 40. Thirty-seven banks with a combined capital of $350,000, have surplus and undivided profits to the amount of $550,000, a really remarkable record. While these are exceptional institutions and would be exceptional anywhere, all the banks of the State, with a capitalization of $15,697,000, have surplus and profits of $6,040,000, making the average book value of each share of stock $140. The increase in deposits since May has been $20,000,000, and there will be little call for money until spring, as cattle have been generally sold and there will be no feeding. This has cut off dealings in cattle proper, hitherto a very important line of business with banks.

Business is so quiet that there is now little demand for money and all the wheat has not been sold. The situation is not as good as it might be were there activity of trade and a more general diversification of industries, but it is apparent that Kansas is in better financial condition than for years. The average interest rate all over the State is now 6 per cent., a thing that would not have been dreamed of years ago. The people have paid off the most of their mortgages and accumulated a surplus, and are now in condition to withstand a temporary season of hard times if it should come. This means much for a State that has been unfortunate in the past and is now entitled to all the good times that it has had and will have.

An Extreme Case.

It has often been noted how frequently abuses have been checked in consequence of some flagrant case which invited war upon them. These cases are not necessarily worse than others that attract little notice; they are generally the same in principle, sometimes they are simply the culmination of a long series of outrages and attract special attention for that reason only. More commonly they have certain incidents or dramatic features which lift them out of the domain of the commonplace and attract public attention more directly than other cases internally as bad.

The outrage upon Lucretia in the half mythical days of Roman history was not the first and possibly not the worst of the offenses of the Tarquins, yet the sublime self sacrifice of the victim and the patriotism of the elder Brutus used it to end a dynasty and lay the foundation of a republic. If the story is not true it was well invented, for it has its prototypes in history. The murder of Victor Noir by Prince Pierre Bonaparte was not the worst outrage of the Second empire, but it helped to pave the way for its overthrow, when a hundred fouler crimes had been done with apparent impunity. Similar instances are innumerable.

In Germany the feeling against dueling has been growing for a good while. In many other countries the "code of honor" has lost its hold upon the minds of men. It was long ago discovered that dead shots and expert swordsmen are not always right, though the practical contention of the code is that they are. But the example of the army, which, in a country devoted to militarism, is necessarily very great, has given the practice a prestige which is irresistible. The practical meaning of the code is that under certain circumstances, to be judged by a "court of honor," an officer must fight or get out of the army.

This principle has lately had a practical exemplification which has provoked much discussion. The facts have been slow to come out, and even yet are not fully known, but enough has been ascertained to lend point to the protest against this barbarous survival from mediaeval times. Lieut. Kurt Blaskowitz, of a German infantry regiment, was about to get married, and gave a farewell entertainment to some of his brother officers. He drank too much, and two artillery officers took him home. There was a scuffle and Blaskowitz struck the other officers, an occurrence of which he subsequently had no recollection. The two officers recognized the condition of their comrade and were not angry, but they reported the facts. A court of honor decided that they must challenge the lieutenant who had unwittingly offended them, and they did so. Blaskowitz offered to apologize for an offense which, in his sober moments, he had never willed and which he profoundly regretted. The other officers were willing to accept an apology, but the court of honor again intervened and said there must be a fight. To Blaskowitz was given the option of fighting or resigning. He decided to fight. The combat was so manipulated by the court of honor that a single exchange of shots was not enough. In the second round Blaskowitz was mortally wounded. His adversary was tried by the same officers that had forced the fight, and was condemned to imprisonment for two years.

No doubt this is an extreme case, but it shows of what abuses the system is capable. In this whole affair the court of honor was simply a maker of mischief. The officers who were struck were not angry, recognizing the irresponsible condition of their comrade, whose hospitality they had accepted. But they knew the iron rule to which they were subjected, so they reported the incident lest if it should accidentally become known they should be amenable to a charge of cowardice. The whole matter even then was susceptible of a perfectly honorable settlement by allowing the officer in fault to make amends, which he was perfectly willing to do. But the court of honor insisted on a fight, and apparently that it should be to the death. The fight cost one officer his life and the other, after being forced into homicide, was condemned to imprisonment by the men who had caused all the trouble.

This sort of thing, it is claimed, is useful in keeping up the standard of courage and eliminating cowards from the army. But it is not the bullies and desperadoes in time of peace that win the prizes for valor in war. The officers who are so prodigal of the blood of their comrades are more likely in time of war to close their eyes while their men sack towns, outrage women or shoot prisoners or non-combatants. If a court of honor is good for anything it should be composed of men with honor enough not to condemn a fellow officer for an act into which they had forced him. The participants in the duel were evidently not cowards, but one lost his life and the other his liberty on account of the interfering of mere makers of mischief. The net result was the elimination of two brave men from the army and a discrediting of the practice which caused it. Should it lead to a reform or an abandonment of the practice of dueling Blaskowitz will not have died in vain, but this is hardly to be expected. It is probable that things will get worse before they begin to grow better.

Home Criticism of Britain.

The London Statist is not disposed to mince words in its criticism of the British Government for its management of the South African war. This indictment in its comments upon Lord Salisbury's recent speech might have been the production of a critic in Holland or Germany:

"We have seen a very considerable British force beleagured for months in Ladysmith. We have seen a whole Army Corps, led by an officer who was supposed to be one of our very ablest generals, repulsed again and again before that town. We have seen very considerable bodies of British soldiers surrendering to a half-trained militia. And we have seen bungling, blundering and disregard of the very rudiments of warfare on the part of our officers. Over and above all this to fight from 50,000 to 80,000 raw militiamen we have had to dangerously decrease the garrisons of India, to draw upon the garrisons of the Mediterranean, and at home to resort to every kind of make-shift to get together a scratch force. Furthermore, the Boer leaders traverse the country almost at their will, escaping from pursuing columns without difficulty, and treat those columns with derision. Moreover, with all the lessons of the war before them, Ministers have refused to do anything to give us a real army—to provide us, in the future at all events, with professional officers, to show in any way that they are awake to the perils that surround us on every side."

Further on the Statist continues its terrific arraignment of the Government, saying the Ministers utterly disregard the history and character of the Boers:

"Everybody who knows anything at all of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State knew that the Boers disliked so strongly British rule and British association that they trekked from their old homes. And when they were followed by British authority they trekked farther still, until at last they escaped from our control. For a brief period while they doubted whether they could defend themselves against Cetewayo, they sullenly submitted to annexation. But as soon as the Zulu danger was ended, they broke out into insurrection. And from that day to this they have shown by every means in their power that they distrusted and hated English and everything English. Then came the Raid. And it is notorious that the Boers believed the Raid was undertaken with the connivance of the Colonial office. It is useless to say that the thing is absurd. That is not the point. What is material is that the Boers believed the charge. And they set themselves to spend four-fifths of their income in preparing for war, intending to drive us out of South Africa. In the teeth of all this our Government insisted upon Mr. Kruger making changes which everybody who knew him was well aware he would never voluntarily agree to. It was matter of common knowledge in the City that the Boers were spending immense sums on great guns, ammunition and war material of every kind; moreover, that they were buying saddles on an immense scale, and even hospital bedding. If the Government acted with ordinary common-sense they must have known all this. But either they did not act with ordinary common-sense, or they refused to believe their own agents. And on the silly plea that re-enforcing the garrison of South Africa would endanger the maintenance of peace, they left our colonies exposed to invasion."

These are words "with the bark on," in our homely phrase. The Statist continues in this bitter fashion to charge the whole blundering and mismanagement of the war upon the present Government, and to assert that Gen. Kitchener has not yet been provided with genuine mounted infantry. Truly it is a marvelous exhibition of incompetence that no provision was made for the war at the beginning of the quarrel, and still that adequate means have not been provided for bringing the strife to a close. No wonder England is smarting under the poor showing such a great nation has made in fighting such a weak one.

The State of Texas has tackled the Standard Oil and other big trusts and now it is reaching out after the plumbers. A suit has been filed by Attorney General Bell against the Texas Association of Master Plumbers for injunction, forfeiture and penalties of $5,000 for each day from January 1 inclusive to the present date. The style of the suit is the State of Texas vs. Teagarden & Shumate and others, including all the members of the Master Plumbers' Association, forty in number. The plumbers are accused of having monopolized the business of plumbing supplies and boycotting a St. Louis firm that dared to sell to the Tyler Water Company, which does not belong to their association. Texas has undertaken a big job, and if it can bring the plumbers to time there is hope that it can regulate other varieties of the octopus.

As a matter of course, the Cuban delegates got little satisfaction at Washington in response to their request that sugar and tobacco be introduced into the United States at low rates of duty. The opposing forces are too strong and the motives in favor of their policy too weak. As to annexation the delegates, of course, had no authority to negotiate, whatever may have been their individual desires on the subject. The majority of the Cubans will probably insist on trying independence, if for no other reason than to see how it will not work. The aspirations of the Cubans are natural enough, but so small a country with so great need of foreign markets, and so little to offer in exchange for them, must necessarily pay a high price for independence.

Two railroads across the island of Porto Rico, when finished, ought to aid the people essentially in getting their products to market. There is still much complaint of hard times there, but with better transportation facilities and the natural richness of the soil comparative prosperity may be expected to come in time.

King Edward's action in suggesting military honors to the late German Ambassador near the Court of St. James was undoubtedly tactful as well as graceful, but it will not make the Germans love Mr. Chamberlain.

FROM HAVANA

Lieut. Lucien Young Here On Short Visit.

HURRYING BACK TO POST.

WILL GIVE BALL TO OFFICERS OF NORTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON.

CUBA SHOULD BE ANNEXED.

Lieutenant Commander Lucien A. Young, U. S. N., Captain of the Port at Havana, reached Louisville last night from Indianapolis, en route to Washington for a brief stay, and then to return to his post. At Indianapolis Monday night he was given a banquet by thirty business men and friends, and at its conclusion was made the recipient of a handsome gold watch and chain.

Lieut. Young arrived in the United States only a few days ago, and was expecting to spend three or four weeks with his friends, but a telegram received from the Navy Department yesterday informed him that the North Atlantic squadron had been ordered to put in at Havana, and he was advised to return there as soon as possible.

This morning he and Mrs. Young, who is traveling with him, will go to Lexington to visit Lieut. Young's brother, Dr. Frank O. Young, and to-morrow they will leave for Washington, and return immediately to Havana, where it is his intention to prepare a grand ball for the officers of the North Atlantic squadron, to be given immediately after their arrival there.

Lieut. Young is a Kentuckian by birth and served with distinction during the war with Spain. This is his first visit to Louisville in about seven years, and he was given a cordial welcome at the Galt House last night by old friends who had been apprised of his coming. Lieut. Young is suffering from a very sore eye and because of a mistake he made in treating it he fears it will give him considerable trouble before it is cured. Something got in his eye a few days ago and caused irritation. He sent for a physician, who prescribed a lotion and at the same time gave a prescription for Mrs. Young. Both prescriptions were filled by the same druggist and both put in bottles just alike. Lieut. Young arose at night to apply the lotion to his eye and got hold of the wrong bottle. As a result the eye is badly swollen and greatly irritated.

* * *

The Lieutenant's Good Right Arm.

The coming of Lieut. Young to the city last night recalled an exciting incident at Norfolk, Va., twenty-five years ago. Mr. William H. Gresham, clerk at the Galt House, at that time clerk in a hotel at Norfolk, recalled the incident to Lieut. Young, and though they had not seen each other in all these years, both remembered the circumstance very well. Lieut. Young had made a daring rescue from one of the American vessels that had occasioned considerable talk about Norfolk, and one night while off duty walked into the hotel bar to have a quiet drink. At the bar were a number of people, among them an Englishman, Captain of a barque that had just sailed into that port. The crowd was discussing Lieut. Young, and the English Captain remarked that he would like to see the man. Some one pointed out the Lieutenant, but the Captain would not believe it was he, and, walking up to him, said: "You are not Lieut. Young." An effort was made to convince the Captain that he was addressing the right man, but he replied with an epithet and said it was a lie. Lieut. Young then promptly knocked the Britisher down and repeated the performance twice more. When the fellow arose the third time he readily admitted that he was mistaken, apologized to Lieut. Young and the crowd and left the place.

* * *

Political Revolutionists.

Speaking about Cuba, Lieut. Young said:

"Since the military occupation of Cuba, there has been a disposition on the part of the island officials to comply with the Teller resolution, and in so doing there has been no modification of the laws of the island, and the economical question has never been discussed. The result is that the affairs of Cuba are in the hands of a lot of political and professional revolutionists who have nothing to lose and everything to gain.

"Sugar is being sold at $3.13¼ on the docks, when it cannot be raised in the interior for less than $3.70. Not 10 per cent. of last year's tobacco crop has been sold. A committee has been sent to the United States to ask for reciprocity, which means a stepping stone to annexation. Why not annex the island and be done with it? Every move means that ultimate result. So far as the sugar industry is concerned the United States last year consumed a little over 2,000,000 tons, of which 700,000 tons was furnished by Louisiana and the Hawaiian Islands, on which no duty was paid. Only 336,000 tons were raised in Cuba, and that was raised on 8 per cent. of the ground available for cultivation. Out of the great quantity of sugar supplied the United States, 90 per cent. came from Europe, especially from Germany, for which the United States had to pay duty to cover the bounty that is paid the German Government for exportation of its product. There is only $15,000,000 invested in the beet sugar industry in this country, from which the Government receives a bounty from every State which grows it. Therefore there can be no competition between beet sugar and cane sugar grown in Cuba.

* * *

What Annexation Would Mean.

"If the United States should annex Cuba, with free introduction of products and with the development of 92 per cent. of the uncultivated land, we could control products for which we ask the European countries, and would have to ask no favors of them. All arable ground in the Hawaiian Islands is now under cultivation, but it will not supply the demands of this country west of the Rocky Mountains. Furthermore, if the Americans will co-operate on two propositions that are strategical they will find the United States never under any conditions demanding territory without reasonable grounds.

"The comments of many people on the acquisition of the Philippines I believe unpatriotic, because the European Powers have made every effort to partition China. France wants Tonquin; England, Yangtsi Valley; Germany, Shang Tun; Russia, Manchuria, and the only thing the United States demands is an open door policy. Should these Powers accomplish their designs the United States should control the Philippines, by which every fleet of foreign Powers must pass on their way to the Orient. So with Cuba. We are to control the isthmian canal, and Cuba is the absolute defense to the commerce of the Caribbean Sea, the Gulf of Mexico and the eastern approaches to the canal, and should be the military floats for the United States.

* * *

Cuba Should Be Willing.

"Cuba can give to the United States but one concession, and that should be annexation, for we cannot demand privileges of a foreign power of fortifying the 'Port of Call' without explanations and arrangements. Furthermore, we have spent $700,000,000 in liberating Cuba, but the Cubans do not seem satisfied and ask us to give them independent government under the Teller resolution. Then they want us to get out of the islands and sacrifice $26,000,000 which is being paid in duty from imports. The only salvation for Cuba is absolute acquiescence to the mandates of the United States. In my opinion they should be given home rule under a Governor appointed by the United States with power to veto any act that they may make, subject, of course, to the approval of Congress."

NEW YORK MAN ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF ARSON.

He Is Accused of Setting Fire To Tenement House, Where Many People Were Sleeping.

New York, Nov. 26.—Abraham Pleser, charged with having set fire to a Greenwich-street tenement house in which sixty-two persons were asleep, was arrested to-day and booked for arson.

Pleser was one of the restaurant proprietors on the ground floor of the building, and at 2 o'clock this morning the place was discovered to be on fire. When the firemen broke in they found three separate blazes burning, with grease smeared on the woodwork to help them along.

The scores of sleeping tenants in the building were hustled out safely.

BRIEF FOREIGN NOTES.

[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

Paris, Nov. 26.—The Paris papers are devoting much space to Gen. Voyron's report that the French soldiers in China pillaged freely.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

Paris, Nov. 26.—That Pope Leo is said in dispatches from Rome to be slowly growing weaker.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

Pekin, Nov. 26.—The return of the court to Pekin is expected about December 21.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

London, Nov. 26.—The first festivity in Sandringham Palace since the death of Queen Victoria took place to-night.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

Bonn, Germany, Nov. 26.—The Crown Prince of Prussia is ill.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

London, Nov. 26.—The date for the coronation of King Edward has been set for June 25.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

Berlin, Nov. 26.—The Lokal Anzeiger denies the report that Queen Wilhelmina of Holland and Prince Henry are estranged.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

San Juan, Porto Rico, Nov. 26.—The American Federation of Labor is organizing the laborers on the island.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

The Hague, Nov. 26.—An interpellation is to be submitted to the Chamber of Deputies asking if Holland cannot take steps to stop the horrors in South Africa.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

Rome, Nov. 26.—The Chamber of Deputies to be interpellated as to Italy's intervention in the South African war.

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[Special Cable To the Courier-Journal.]

London, Nov. 26.—Dispatches from Turkey say Armenia brigands have captured sixty women and children and are holding them for ransom. A fight followed between Turkish and Armenian troops.

WAR REVENUE TAX RECEIPTS.

Documentary Stamps Furnished Nearly One-third of Money Collected.

Washington, Nov. 26.—A statement has been prepared in the Internal Revenue Bureau which shows the total receipts from the war revenue act only from June 13, 1898, to June 30, 1891, also the four months of the act of March 2, 1901, from July 1 to October 31, 1901, with the total receipts from these acts alone amounted to $348,638,634, as follows, cents omitted:

Documentary stamps, $115,352,390; proprietary stamps, $14,279,855; beer, $111,700,058; special taxes, $18,829,559; tobacco, $52,087,273; snuff, $2,971,108; cigars, $9,480,545; cigarettes, $3,907,014; legacies, $11,162,802; excise tax, $3,053,572; mixed flour, $23,154; additional taxes on tobacco and beer, $991,208.

Goes After Ohio Railroads.

Columbus, O., Nov. 26.—The Supreme Court to-day allowed the motion of Mayor Tom L. Johnson, of Cleveland, for leave to file a petition in mandamus against the State Board of Equalization of Railways, compelling it to reassess the railroad property of the State at a valuation based upon the market value of its securities.

The petition was filed immediately following the court's consent.

Mayor Johnson's contention is that the railroads of Ohio, which are on the duplicate for $117,000,000 in round numbers, are only appraised at about 23 per cent. of their actual value, while real estate in Ohio is appraised at about 60 per cent. of its true value.

Munsey Buys Another Paper.

New York, Nov. 26.—Frank A. Munsey, the publisher, has purchased a controlling interest in the New York Daily News from Mrs. Benjamin A. Wood. The sale, which was arranged by C. M. Palmer, was finally concluded to-day. The purchase price was not made public. Mr. Munsey recently bought the Times, of Washington, D. C.

THANKFUL.

Special Services In Louisville Churches To-Morrow.

OBSERVANCE TO BE GENERAL.

DAY WILL BE ONE OF REST AND FEASTING.

PROGRAMMES ARRANGED.

Thanksgiving day is right at hand. The South now vies with the North in its celebration. It furnishes to all sections of the country the second greatest day in the year, for rest from work, combined with the gathering together of either kinsfolk or close friends at a well-laden table.

The great national day also has a distinctive religious phase, and all religions in Louisville, in their own particular edifices, or else jointly with others, will follow the heedings of President Roosevelt and Gov. Beckham in returning thanks to Divine Providence for the blessings showered on the nation.

The following Episcopal churches will unite in the services at Calvary: Christ Church Cathedral, St. Andrew's and St. Paul's. The rectors of these churches will be present, and the Rev. Dr. Reverdy A. Estill will preach.

The musical portion of the service has been thoroughly rehearsed, and will be sung by the large vested choir, accompanied by the organ and an orchestra engaged for the festival. The solo quartet will be Misses Blanche Buckner and Josephine Ronald Barclay; Messrs. Fulton Mandeville and William Beard. The following is the programme:

Prelude—Organ and Orchestra—Andante Maestoso from Op. 37, No. 3..Mackenzie
Processional—Come, Ye Thankful People, Elvey
Thanksgiving Chant—O Praise the Lord, Tallis
Te Deum in E-flat..................Stainer
Benedictus in E-flat..................Stainer
Introit—Honor the Lord With Thy Substance, and With the First Fruits of All Thine Increase..................Stainer
Hymn—Our Father's God to Thee (America).
Sermon............The Rev. Reverdy Estill
Offertory—Thou, Lord, in the Beginning Hast Laid the Foundations of the Earth..................Stainer
Retrocessional—Round the Lord in Glory, Cobb
Postlude—Organ and Orchestra—Andantino Graziosa..................Gluck
George B. Selby, organist and director.

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Services In Other Churches.

Grace church will not join in the union service on Thanksgiving day, but will have special services of its own. The holy communion will be celebrated at 7 a. m., and at 10:30 a. m. there will be a choral celebration, with sermon by the rector, the Rev. Lloyd E. Johnston. The choir has prepared special music for this service.

The following is the programme of music to be rendered at the Thanksgiving service at Warren Memorial church to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock:

Organ Prelude—Prelude to Le Deluge, Saint-Saens
Anthem—O Come, Let Us Sing to the Lord..................Tours
Anthem—Ye Shall Go Out With Joy, Barnby
Offertory—Tenor Solo............Selected
Mr. Temple Robinson.
Postlude—Harvest Thanksgiving March, Calkin
Walter W. Boutelle, organist-director.

Thanksgiving service will be held on Thursday at 11 a. m. in the First English Lutheran church, Broadway, near Preston street. The theme of the sermon by the Rev. S. S. Waltz will be "Gratitude to God for His Providential Care in Our National, Home and Personal Life."

A harvest home reception will be given at the Orphanage of the Good Shepherd, on Morton avenue, Thanksgiving day, from 3 to 6 o'clock. All of the friends of the orphanage are invited to attend. Donations of money, provisions or supplies will be thankfully received. They may be sent to the orphanage or to the Robinson-Pettet Company, 528 West Main street.

There will be a Thanksgiving service to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock at the Trinity English Lutheran church. The service will be preached by the pastor, the Rev. Elmer G. Howard.

The students of the Louisville College of Dentistry have arranged quite an interesting programme for Thanksgiving day. In the afternoon the students will attend the football game between Centre University and Y. M. C. A., where they will root for C. U. A continuation of the programme will take place at the college from 8 to 9 p. m., the three classes furnishing the musical talent. After this the college will be given over entirely to the boys, and a dance will follow, lasting until 2 a. m.

CALL TO BUFFALO CHURCH.

The Rev. R. V. Hunter Has Been Pastor of One Church For Twenty Years.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 26.—The Rev. R. V. Hunter, of the Seventh Presbyterian church, has received a unanimous call from the Central Presbyterian church, of Buffalo. Mr. Hunter will not take formal action relative to acceptance or rejection until the official call has reached the presbytery. Mr. Hunter has been the pastor of the Seventh church here for about twenty years, with the exception of three or four years spent in Terre Haute.

CONVICTED OF ASSAULT.

Missouri Woman Shot a Man For Alleged Slanderous Remarks.

Maryville, Mo., Nov. 26.—Mrs. Henry Willis was to-day convicted of assault with intent to kill. She shot Lawrence Growney, of Clyde, Mo., five times last September, alleging he had circulated slanderous stories about her. He recovered. This was the second trial of the case, a former jury having stood eleven to one in favor of acquittal.

SPECULATORS FLOAT RUMORS.

Report of Trouble Between Chili and Argentine Republic Is False

Valparaiso, Nov. 26.—It is declared here that the recent rumors of war between Chili and the Argentine Republic are due to speculation in gold, exchange and stocks.

Overwhelmed With Petitions.

Washington, Nov. 26.—There is a systematic and well organized movement among the labor organizations of the country looking to legislation at the coming session of Congress for the construction at Government navy yards of some of the warships authorized by Congress. The Secretary of the Navy is being overwhelmed with petitions and resolutions of labor unions.

BRIEF POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Mr. William Norris, of the Otis Skinner Company, whose slight indisposition was exaggerated by some reports into a serious breakdown, has now completely recovered his health, and will leave Louisville this afternoon for Indianapolis to rejoin the company in time for the Thanksgiving matinee.

Instead of having suffered a breakdown, Mr. Norris was simply taking a much-needed rest. It was his first lay-off from work in over three years, during which time he has made wonderful forward strides in his profession.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Booth have returned home from their wedding trip spent in the East.

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Messrs. John Helm, A. M. Cartledge, S. A. Culbertson, Charles T. Ballard and Christy Churchill left yesterday on a private car for Tennessee to hunt for a week.

* * *

Messrs. Foster Helm, of Lexington; Sam Wooldridge and Harrison Thompson, of Versailles, and Ford Brent, of Paris, came to the city yesterday for Miss Mary Tyler Wooldridge's debut party.

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Miss Margaret Cox will be the guest of honor at a dinner dance to be given at the Galt House this evening by Miss Katharyn Cox.

* * *

Miss Sallie Lindenberger and Mr. Henry O. Ormsby will be married this evening at 9 o'clock at St. Andrew's Episcopal church.

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Mr. John Page, of New York, will give a theater party to-morrow evening to see "Florodora."

* * *

Miss Mary Johnson will give a theater party at Macauley's Friday evening.

* * *

Mrs. H. D. McHenry, of Hartford, reached the city yesterday afternoon to spend the winter with relatives. She will be with Mr. and Mrs. Horace Rolph first.

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Mr. Lemuel McHenry and Mr. John C. Russell have gone hunting at Fordsville.

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Mr. J. J. McHenry will return home today from a short trip to Owensboro.

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Miss Charlotte Walker, of the Kyrle Bellew Company, has been the guest of Mrs. George Henderson at the Louisville Hotel during her stay in the city. In real life she is Mrs. John Haden, of Galveston, and was one of the sufferers from the Galveston flood, when she and her husband lost their all. Her stage career dates from that time.

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Miss Georgie Scoggan will give an informal euchre party next week for Miss Mary Tyler Wooldridge's guests, Miss Lelia Forman, of Lexington, and Miss Narcisse Johnson, of Greenville, Miss.

* * *

Miss Sadie Roe Powell will leave today for a three weeks' visit to friends in Paris and Mt. Sterling.

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Miss Hattie Reis, of Otisco, Ind., who has been visiting her cousins, the Misses Reis, of 913 East Madison street, for the past week, returned home last night.

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Mrs. Adolph Spangenthal and Dr. Joe Spangenthal, both of Buffalo, N. Y., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Block, 1301 Third avenue.

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F. A. Bullock, County Judge; John Riley, Police Judge; Capt. William H. Clark, S. L. Helm, city physician, and Pat O'Day, of Lexington, were here yesterday en route to Daviess and Breckinridge counties on a hunting trip. They had dogs and guns galore, and expect to kill every bird in that section of the State before returning.

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Mr. G. H. Umbsen, of San Francisco, one of the highest officers of San Francisco Commandery, will reach this city this morning for a short visit. He will be accompanied by his sister, Mrs. T. L. Henderson, who made many friends here during the conclave. They will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. John L. Adams, 1419 Everett avenue.

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Mrs. J. M. Atherton, who returned home from Baltimore two weeks ago, will remain at her country home until January.

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Former Gov. James B. McCreary, accompanied by Mrs. McCreary, is at the Louisville Hotel. They are in Louisville on a shopping tour. Mr. McCreary expressed himself as being highly pleased with his chances for election to the United States Senate.

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Mr. A. W. Sheerer, representing the advertising department of the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad, was here from St. Louis yesterday on a business trip. Mr. Sheerer is an old Louisville "boy," but left here for the West in 1877, and this is his first trip home. He was cordially greeted by old friends, and will remain several days renewing acquaintances.

RODMAN—VREELAND WEDDING TO-DAY.

Mr. Hubert Vreeland Will Wed Miss Hallie Elizabeth Rodman At Frankfort At 6 O'clock This Evening.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The marriage of Mr. Hubert Vreeland, of Louisville, and Miss Hallie Elizabeth Rodman, of this city, will take place at 6 o'clock to-morrow evening at the home of Mrs. John W. Rodman, aunt of the bride. Because of a recent death in the family of Mr. Vreeland the wedding will be attended only by relatives of the contracting parties. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Walter I. Vreeland, of Pensacola, Fla. Immediately after the ceremony the couple will leave for Florida, where they will spend the month of December.

Hunting Club Entertained.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Mr. James Andrew Scott entertained the Frankfort Hunters' Club and a small party of friends at a game supper to-night at his handsome home on the South Side. Mr. Scott, Congressman South Trimble, Judge Ben G. Williams, Dr. John South and other members of the club returned a few days ago from a three-weeks' hunt in Arkansas.

Mumford—Patterson.

Franklin, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Joseph Mumford and Miss Irene Patterson will be married at the home of the bride to-morrow evening. Miss Patterson is a member of one of the most prominent families of this city, and a daughter of George H. Patterson. Mr. Mumford is engaged in the newspaper business in Cincinnati.

Married At Hickman.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Roy McKinney, of this city, and Miss May Mourning Faris, of Hickman, Ky., were married in the Episcopal church at Hickman. Mr. McKinney is one of Paducah's most popular society young men, and his bride is a handsome and talented young woman.

Run Down By Fireman.

Johnny Fitzgerald, a twelve-year-old boy, was run down by Capt. Duffy, of the Salvage Corps, and badly hurt. Capt. Duffy was answering a fire alarm and the accident happened near Snow street and Melwood avenue.

AT THE THEATERS.

MACAULEY'S—Kyrle Bellew and Eleanor Robson in "A Gentleman of France," evening only.

TEMPLE—The Meffert Stock Company in "The Crust of Society," vaudeville between acts, matinee and evening.

AVENUE—"On the Suwanee River," evening.

Mr. Bellew and Miss Robson will to-night bring to an end their engagement at Macauley's in "A Gentleman of France."

The Meffert Stock Company is giving a most excellent presentation of "The Crust of Society" this week. The vaudeville features are capital.

The swish of silk-lined skirts, nearly a hundred of the prettiest girls who ever coquettishly placed dainty boots on boards just beyond the footlights will keep time to the novel and inspiriting music of "Florodora" at Macauley's to-morrow evening and for the rest of the week. Folks proverbially quick to admire and take up anything good in a musical way have been playing and humming the airs of "Tell Me, Pretty Maiden," and "Under the Shade of the Palms," but "Florodora" has many pretty melodies which are even more popular in New York and London. No bit of music in the pretty conceit has been in greater demand than "I Want to Join the Military." It has an irresistible swing and dash, and yet has so much novelty in it for a marching song that it is now the favorite number for military bands in all parts of the world. Another song just as popular, but with another class of music lovers, is the delightful topical song, "Tact," sung by Lady Holyrood and a chorus of eighty splendid voices. Still another charming song is the "Welcome" chorus near the opening of the first act. And still another is the ensemble song, "Come and See Our Island," by the "Florodorean" clerks and the English girls.

For comic songs few pieces approach "Florodora." Lady Holyrood has one about "When I Leave Town," and another entitled "I've an Inkling." Dolores and Anthony Tweedlepunch have a side-splitting number in "We're Both on the Stage." Tweedlepunch, assisted by Lady Holyrood and Cyrus Gilfain, does another funny turn in "I Want to Marry a Man," paraphrasing the lament of Lady Holyrood.

The shifting theatrical wheel will bring Mr. Crane to Macauley's a week from Thursday for a stay of three nights and a matinee. And with Mr. Crane comes "David Harum," the dramatization of Westcott's novel which he used all of last season. For four months the work remained in New York, and its present tour is almost exclusively confined to the large cities. The work of transferring the story to the stage fell to R. and M. W. Hitchcock, and they divided the comedy into three acts, placing its scenes in Homeville, N. Y. The most essential and appealing pathos and best comedy of the book are said to have found their way into the play, and all of Harum's quaint speeches and home-made aphorisms are retained. There is the dicker with Deacon Perkins, in which David gets "200 cash down" for the bay horse "that'll stand without hitchin'," and there is the story of Billy C. Cullom's investment in the circus business, and that original ten-cent piece; the Christmas dinner, with its cheerful old age and happy youth, and the bottle of champagne, for which David "must have paid at least four shillings." While the comedy is, in a measure, a picture of life in a country town, it is not what the public has got to know as a "b'gosh drammer." There is nothing soft or easy about Harum. He is a shrewd, cunning townsman, who believes in "doing" his neighbor before his neighbor can "do" him. In working out the story three phases of Harum's character are shown. At first he is seen at his hobby, horse trading. Then the business side of his composition is shown in his bank, and finally the better and kindlier traits in the man's nature are brought into view in his own home. In his make-up Mr. Crane closely follows the description of Harum as given by Westcott. Mr. Charles Frohman has surrounded Mr. Crane with a number of clever character actors and given the play a production that is adequate in every sense.

The sale of seats for the engagement of Henrietta Crosman at the Auditorium next Tuesday and Wednesday in "Mistress Nell" insures large audiences. The appearance of this eminent young actress is being eagerly awaited. "Mistress Nell," the play in which she will be seen, deals with the romantic love of Charles II. for beautiful Nell Gwyn. The scenery and accessories are elaborate. A feature of the engagement will be the Wednesday matinee.

Miss Eugenie Thais Lawton, who left the Monte Cristo Company at this place last week and has been at home with her parents since, received a telegram yesterday from her managers, Leibler & Co., saying they had written her as to coming engagements. It is understood that Miss Lawton will go to Gotham soon to rehearse for a good part with Kyrle Bellew in "A Gentleman of France," which will be put on in New York December 18 for a forty-nights' run at Wallack's. Miss Johnson, who played Mercedes with O'Neill in "Monte Cristo" last year, has succeeded Miss Lawton in that company.

"On the Suwanee River," with its pretty picture of Southern home life and pathetic story, is having many admirers at the Avenue this week. A special matinee is announced for to-morrow (Thanksgiving day) and the regular matinee on Saturday.

"Lost in the Desert," which will be the attraction at the Avenue next week, is a most sensational melodrama. The principal events include a realistic fire at sea, in which a ship is burned to the water's edge; a raft on the waves that toss about in most naturally-appearing manner; a race for life, in which two horses dash across the stage at full speed.

Creston Clarke appears at Macauley's the first half of next week in a round of Shakespearean and other classic roles. "Hamlet" is announced for Monday, "Richelieu" Tuesday, "David Garrick" for the Wednesday matinee and "Don Caesar de Bazan" for Wednesday night. Seats go on sale to-morrow morning.

WELL-KNOWN RAILROAD MAN DEAD.

Mr. B. F. Mitchell, Victim of Complication of Diseases, Dies After Long Illness.

B. F. Mitchell, one of the best-known railroad men in the South, died of a complication of diseases at 734 Fourth avenue at 11 o'clock last night. Mr. Mitchell was ill for almost a year.

Mr. Mitchell first became prominent in the railroad world on account of his services with the L. and N. After remaining with that road for several years, he accepted the position of general freight agent of the C. O. and S. W. He held the position for fourteen years and then accepted a similar position with the Ohio Valley railroad with headquarters at Evansville, Ind.

Mr. Mitchell was fifty-six years of age. He is survived by a widow and three children—Mrs. Baswell Torian and W. C. Mitchell, of Evansville, and Sidney Mitchell, of Memphis. His two sons are connected with the I. C.

Probably Will Recover.

Pineville, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Frank P. Farley, of Flat Lick, who was shot last Sunday by Sam Early, is doing very nicely. Unless complications set in he will recover. Early has given up and has given bond for $1,000. He claims to have shot in self defense.

Sons of Veterans Will Meet.

The John A. Broadus Camp, Sons of Confederate Veterans, will meet at the Confederate Home, 421 East Chestnut street, to-night at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is asked.

PASSES

Prove a Growing Nuisance To Railroads.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES.

INTERCHANGEABLE FREE TICKETS IN BAD REPUTE.

EACH ROAD TO PAY THE PIPER.

District Passenger Agent R. M. Allen, of the Southern, Resigns His Position.

L. AND N.'S WEEKLY REPORT.

The Executive Committee of the Central Passenger Association has about agreed upon a plan which it hopes will satisfactorily take the place of passes



R. M. ALLEN.

exchanged between railroads, and which it has been decided to abolish on the lines east of Pittsburg on January 1. The plan proposed by the committee is to establish a system of interchangeable mileage between the larger railroads both east and west of Chicago. The plan is now before the presidents of the roads directly interested, and if approved by them will be adopted. The plan proposes that each of the railroads which agree to it shall purchase interchangeable mileage for its traveling representatives who use other lines, and at the end of the year, if it is found that one road has used more mileage than the other with which they have an exchange, the excess shall be paid for in money. The proposed plan is said to be necessary in order to handle interline business.

Local railroads have heard nothing from the Eastern lines about passes for next year. Only the Baltimore and Ohio has made a request for an exchange, and that request has been withdrawn. Passes will not be issued by Louisville roads to any Eastern line unless a request is made, and they will make no formal request on them for passes until a request comes from the other lines.

While it is believed that an abolition of passes to traveling railroad men will work a great hardship on all of the small roads, yet there is hardly a railroad man who will not be glad when all passes are abolished. Roads like the Louisville and Nashville, Pennsylvania, Baltimore and Ohio, Southern, New York Central and Hudson River and other large systems issue thousands of annual passes each year and many of them prove a source of great annoyance.

A local railroad man in figuring the number of annual passes issued each year by the railroads operating in the United States, said that 1,000,000 was a conservative estimate. This may seem a large figure, but will not be so considered when it is known that the Louisville and Nashville system alone issues over 14,000 annually and the Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis nearly 2,000. These figures represent annual passes alone, and do not take into account the hundreds of thousands of trip passes that are issued during a year.

Some idea may be formed of their number when it is stated that the Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis issues over 5,000. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Ridgely Cayce, of this road, received a bundle of trip passes for next year. There were 5,500 in the bundle, and when asked if they would be sufficient to meet all requests he replied that "it's hard to tell." This gives some conception of what it would mean to the railroads of the United States if passes were abolished, but then some people would remark: "There won't be as much traveling."

R. M. Allen Resigns.

Mr. R. M. Allen, district passenger agent of the Southern railway for the Louisville and St. Louis divisions and the adjacent territory, has tendered his resignation to take effect on December 1. He will be succeeded by C. H. Hungerford, chief clerk to George B. Allen, assistant general passenger agent of the road at St. Louis.

Mr. Allen retires from the railroad service to engage in commercial pursuits at his old home in St. Louis. "Bob" Allen, as his friends know him best, has had a remarkable experience as a railroad man, and it is with regret that his friends see him retire from active service. Although a young man in years, he has been railroading for more than ten years. He began his career with the old Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis railroad in a minor capacity, and after a few years worked himself up to the position of assistant general passenger agent, which he held until that road was consolidated with the Southern railway. He was then transferred to Louisville and made district passenger agent, succeeding Mr. William H. Taylor, who had charge of the same territory as assistant general passenger agent. Although he came here a perfect stranger, Mr. Allen quickly made friends, not only among his competitors but with the traveling public. Mr. Allen has always been a great stickler for maintaining rates. He leaves Louisville with the well wishes of a host of friends.

No Grain Shrinkage Rebate.

Beginning December 1 the Southeastern Mississippi Valley lines will abrogate the three cents shrinkage rates on grain, flour and corn moving through East St. Louis and Louisville. This was one of the questions discussed at the meeting between the grain men of St. Louis, Louisville, Evansville, Henderson and Cairo, and the Southeastern Mississippi Valley Association here two weeks ago at which no agreement was reached. A later conference brought about the agreement. The reason assigned for the abrogation of the rate is that there is no grain moving now. The real complaint of the St. Louis grain men is that Louisville shippers had the advantage of them on rates to Southeastern territory. The railroads allow a rebate on shipments originating west of the Mississippi for shrinkage, which amounts to three cents a hundred pounds. This gave Louisville an advantage over St. Louis, Memphis and Evansville because the rebate was allowed without regard to where the bill of lading originated. The abrogation will remove the disadvantage which such gateways as Evansville and Memphis suffered and will place Nashville and other inland centers on a better basis.

Another change is also announced by the association. It is weights on bottles, fruit jars and window glass for all Southern inland points. The change is for carload lots only.

L. and N.'s Prosperity.

The following statement of the gross earnings of the Louisville and Nashville for the third week of November shows an increase of $44,580:

For third week of November, 1901..$619,485
Corresponding week of last year.... 574,905

Increase. $44,580
Total for 3 weeks of Nov., 1901....$1,880,990
Corresponding period of last year 1,709,920

Increase. $171,070
July 1 to latest date this year....$11,850,617
Corresponding period of last year 10,723,030

Increase. $1,127,587
Mileage, 1901-1902, 3,308.43 miles.
Mileage, 1900-1901, 3,161.28 miles.

N. B.—"Freight charged on company's property"—heretofore a credit to gross earnings and a debt, per contra, to operating expenses—has been eliminated therefrom as of July 1, 1900.

MAY RAISE PRICE.

DAIRYMEN CLAIM THEY ARE SELLING THEIR "WARES" AT A LOSS.

Cost of Feed Advances, But Cows Fail To Produce More Milk.

Milch cows are expensive luxuries these days, and dairymen claim there is not a cow in Jefferson county that can give enough milk to pay for what she eats. As a result the "milk man" is having a hard row to hoe, and at a meeting held last night every milk man present said he would be more than willing to exchange places with the ice man.

One dairyman said: "The whole matter, in a nut-shell, is this: Unless feed decreases in price or the cows give more milk, the price of milk will go up. That's all there is to it."

The dairymen held their meeting at 124 West Jefferson street. Twenty-five were present and Benjamin Fisher was elected president. The organization is to be known as the Louisville Dairymen's Association, and the object is to regulate the price of milk so the men engaged in selling it, so they put it, can make some profit.

The uniform price of milk in Louisville is twenty cents a gallon and dairymen claim they are losing money at this figure.

The following table was read by one of the members to show wherein the complaint lies: "The former price of 'shorts' was $15 a ton, now it sells for $22.50; former price of meal, $16 per ton, now $28; former price of oats, 32 cents a bushel, now 50 cents; former price of corn, 46 cents, now 72 cents. Cows eat just as much as they used to, but they don't give any more milk. If you can't get milk in proportion to the advance in feed, where are you at?"

After the organization of the association and the discussion of the object to be attained, the dairymen adjourned subject to the call of the president.

RESTAURANT KEEPER FAILS.

San Francisco Man Once Had Many Eating Houses.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—The temperance restaurant proprietor, G. W. Dennett, who once conducted a chain of restaurants across the continent, from New York to San Francisco, has failed for $32,000, with no available assets. He has nominal secured assets of $39,000. Most of his creditors are women and missionary societies.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

APPROVED.

Council Passes On Mayor Grainger's Bond.

MR. WEISSINGER ABSENT.

MR. URI RESIGNS AS MEMBER OF PRINTING COMMITTEE.

ADJOURN TILL DECEMBER 10.

At a meeting of the General Council last night the Board of Councilmen approved the bonds of Charles F. Grainger, Mayor; James B. Brown, Tax Receiver; Charles Neumeyer, City Auditor; D. F. Murphy, City Assessor; Robert Hagan, Prosecuting Attorney of the Police Court; David Parkhill, secretary of the Board of Aldermen. The Aldermen held up the bonds of Mr. Hagan and of Mr. Bosler, Bailiff of the Police Court, for further investigation. Mr. Abner Harris acted as President of the Board of Aldermen in the absence of Mr. Weissinger. Alderman Uri tendered his resignation as a member of the Printing Committee, saying that if anything went wrong on the committee he did not desire to be connected with it. Mr. Uri's action, it is said, resulted from the feeling which exists between him and Mr. Cohn.

Both boards were adjourned to meet Tuesday night, December 10.

The Board of Aldermen was called to order at 8 o'clock last night by Clerk Parkhill with ten members present.

Mr. Barth nominated Mr. Abner Harris for president pro tem. and he was unanimously elected. The minutes of the previous meeting were read, approved and signed.

A communication from the City Tax Receiver was read announcing the following appointments for his office: Wm. H. McKinley, cashier; Thomas A. Shelley, bookkeeper; John P. Duffy, general clerk; Elijah Mann, clerk; E. W. Hoke, clerk; John J. Schuster, clerk. Upon motion the appointments were approved.

A number of pay-rolls for improving streets and alleys were read and approved.

Mr. Uri, who was appointed a member of the Committee on Printing, sent a communication to the board declining to serve. Mr. Barth said that the communication had no right to be before the board, as it was a matter for the president. Mr. Uri said he did not desire to serve, because if anything went wrong on the committee he did not care to be connected with it. At the suggestion of Mr. O'Hearn, Mr. Uri withdrew the communication and it was referred to the president for action.

An adjourning resolution to Tuesday, December 10, was adopted. A number of small street contracts and pay-rolls were approved.

The bonds of James B. Brown, Tax Receiver; D. F. Murphy, City Assessor; Charles F. Grainger, Mayor; Charles Neumeyer, City Auditor; David Parkhill, Clerk of the Board of Aldermen, were approved, and those of William Bosler, Bailiff of the Police Court, and Robert J. Hagan, Prosecuting Attorney of the Police Court, were held up for further investigation.

The board then adjourned.

BONDS ARE APPROVED.

Councilmen Have Little Business and Adjourn Quickly.

The Board of Councilmen was called to order at 8:10 o'clock by President Muir. Six members were absent.

An ordinance to pave Slaughter Lane with asphalt from Broadway to Baxter avenue was passed by a unanimous vote. The bonds of Mayor Charles F. Grainger, Tax Receiver James B. Brown, City Auditor Charles Neumeyer, City Assessor D. F. Murphy, Robert Hagan, Prosecuting Attorney of the Police Court, and David Parkhill, Secretary of the Board of Aldermen, were approved.

A resolution to adjourn until December 10 was adopted.

At 9:10 o'clock the Councilmen adjourned.

AN EVENING OF STORY AND SONG.

Music and Literary Entertainment Given In the Highlands For the Highland Free Library.

An audience that took up every inch of space in the lecture room hall of the Highland Presbyterian church gathered last evening at the entertainment given for the benefit of the Highland Free Library. The programme consisted chiefly of recitations by Miss Nannie Barbee, but she was assisted by a number of talented musicians. Miss Barbee's recitations were comical negro monologues, her imitations of the old-time "darky" dialect being deliciously faithful to life and full of the peculiar humor of the colored race. Several of her stories were studies of the "black mammies" of antebellum households, but her renditions of the oddities of the pickaninnies were equally entertaining. Miss Barbee has caught delightfully the peculiarities of negro talk which no one living can reproduce who has not heard it in childhood. The visit of the young woman to the old "mammy" who had been brought up with her grandmother and had also nursed her mother, presented the idyllic relations between mistress, servant and master which made of slavery really a benevolent institution. The story of the two young negro girls who dared go into the parlors and give a concert in the absence of the white folks was a most effective bit of character acting. They were surprised by master and mistress and required to continue the performance, the situation developing any number of side-splitting incidents. This story and the "black mammy's" recital of the lost child were the gems of the evening, but all were good, and each number led to a recall.

Miss Lottie Greenup opened the evening with an exquisite violin solo, which pleased the audience so well she had to respond to an encore. Miss Greenup impressed all with her talent. Miss Meyer sang two rollicking "coon" songs quite in line with Miss Barbee's recitations, each time being recalled to the delight of all. A male quartet composed of Messrs. Zimmermann, Fedler, Hettermann and Merrifield, made a hit also, the only regret being that their repertory was so limited.

The Rev. Mr. Hawes introduced Miss Barbee in an effective little talk full of wit and humor, and Dr. Weaver announced the numbers. At the close Mr. J. L. Smyser, who has been an enthusiastic worker for the library, made a few remarks in which he called attention to the work of the library, and very gracefully thanked Miss Barbee and the other performers for the pleasant evening they had given.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Four Books for Christmas Gifts

The Out To-day
REAL LATIN QUARTER
OF PARIS
BY F. BERKELEY SMITH
RACY sketches and charming glimpses of that most fascinating Bohemia of gay Paris, with its artists, studios, models, grisettes, balls, cafes, gardens, shops, etc., etc.
About 100 original drawings and camera snapshots by the author, two caricatures in color by the celebrated French caricaturist Sancha, and a watercolor frontispiece by F. HOPKINSON SMITH
12mo, Cloth. Price, $1.20, Net. Postage, 13 cents.

The Out To-day
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A STIRRING tale of love and military adventure in a mythical Kingdom of the Old World. The style is bright and vivacious, the characters are finely portrayed, and the glamour of high romance rests on the story from the first line to the last.
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KING MIDAS
BY UPTON SINCLAIR
An American story of to-day. Edwin Markham says: "I find a fine current of feeling through the pages. They are touched throughout with the hues of poetry and the noblest ideas of life."
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Funk & Wagnalls Company, Pub'rs, New York

TWO HANDSOME WEDDINGS.

Miss Hast and Dr. Hays Last Evening—Miss Richardson and Mr. Roberts At Noon.

Christ Church Cathedral was the scene of a beautiful wedding last evening at 9 o'clock, when Miss Henrietta Courtenay Hast and Dr. John Edwin Hays were married before a large gathering of friends and relatives. The chancel of the church was attractively set with palms and ferns, and a large basket of white chrysanthemums was arranged on the organ.

For half an hour before the ceremony, Mr. Ernest A. Simon, organist of the cathedral, played the following programme of music:

March Triomphale.....Lemmens
Largo.....Handel
Festival March.....Calkin
Melody.....West
March Nuptiale.....Lorel
Wanderer's Night Song.....Rubinstein
War March of the Priests.....Mendelssohn

A few minutes before 9 o'clock, the peals were sounded to herald the approach of the bride, and the bridal party entered the church to the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin."

The ushers led the way, Mr. E. Mitchell and Mr. John Miller coming first, followed by Dr. Charles Hibbitt and Mr. Ernest Holland, Dr. James Vance and Mr. Fred Cori.

Miss Emma Hast came next, followed by Miss Lizette Hast, who preceded the bride and her brother, Mr. Louis Hast.

At the top of the chancel steps, the two little cousins of the bride, Masters Charles Ewell and Oscar Craik, dressed in white flannel suits, stood holding a garland of white chrysanthemums and smilax, over which the bridal party passed.

The officiating clergyman, the Rev. Charles Ewell Craik, dean of the cathedral; the groom and his best man, Dr. George Green, of Danville, awaited the bride in the chancel.

During the ceremony the organist played the "Prize Song" from the "Meistersinger," and the party left the church to the Mendelssohn "Wedding March." The bride and groom were followed by Miss Lizette Hast and Dr. Green, then Miss Emma Hast and Mr. Louis Hast, followed by the ushers.

The little ribbon boys, Masters James Craik and James Cottell, then let down the white ribbons to let the relatives and close friends out of the reserved pews, as the peals were again sounded.

The bride wore a beautiful gown of ivory satin and Brussels lace, and carried a loose bouquet of bride roses. The skirt was made plain, with long train, and the bodice was draped with Brussels lace. Her tulle veil was caught with a spray of orange blossoms.

Miss Emma Hast wore an imported gown of white net, and carried meteor roses.

The skirt and sleeves were trimmed with otter fur, and the bodice was appliqued in white silk and silver, with a silver girdle.

Miss Lizette Hast was gowned in Renaissance lace over white silk, trimmed in rhinestone buckles, and carried meteor roses.

The little ribbon boys wore white flannel suits.

Dr. and Mrs. Hays left last night for the East, and after a week's absence will be at home at 1233 Second street.

* * *

At high noon yesterday, a beautiful home wedding was solemnized, when Miss Nell Richardson and Mr. Shelby S. Roberts were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Richardson, of 1604 Second street.

The ceremony took place in the parlor beneath a canopy of smilax and white chrysanthemums which was arranged before the front windows. The curtains were obscured by the palms and growing plants, which formed a background reaching to the ceiling, and the whole was flanked with two tall white wicker baskets filled with white chrysanthemums.

The decorations were the most elaborate used at any home wedding recently, and the house was exquisitely decorated in white and green.

Curtains of smilax studded with shaggy white chrysanthemums hung at all the doorways, and the chandeliers throughout the rooms were draped with smilax, from which hung clusters of white chrysanthemums and white tulle hearts tied with green satin ribbon. The mantels were banked with chrysanthemums and ferns, and an immense basket of the same flowers stood on the piano. The hall was a mass of green and white, and the banisters were wreathed in smilax, with great bunches of white chrysanthemums fastened to the posts at the landing.

Mrs. Newton Crawford stood here and sung "O Perfect Love" just before the bridal party entered the rooms to the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin," played by Wehrley.

They came from the back hall through the dining-room to the parlor, and passed through an aisle formed of garlands of smilax festooned between eight white newell posts, tied with bunches of chrysanthemums.

The Rev. Charles Ewell Craik, dean of Christ Church Cathedral, came first, followed by the groom and his best man, Mr. William A. Colston.

Mrs. Garland Sherrill, the matron of honor, came next, alone, and was followed by the bride and her father, Mr. O. C. Richardson. They grouped themselves beneath the canopy, and during the ceremony "Evening Star," from "Tannhauser," was played.

Miss Richardson wore a beautiful imported gown of d'Alencon lace, with white Louisine sash, and carried a bouquet of bride roses and lilies of the valley. The skirt, which was cut en train, was trimmed around the bottom with several flounces of accordion plaited chiffon. The bodice had a yoke of tulle, with elbow sleeves, and the tulle veil was secured by a spray of lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Sherrill was gowned in cream Renaissance lace, over white silk, and wore a white lace picture hat trimmed in a large white plume. She carried a bouquet of white chrysanthemums tied with gauze ribbon.

The ceremony was followed by a breakfast, and the bride's table was brought in and placed beneath the canopy in the parlor. In the center was a large mound of chrysanthemums, around which was a delicate drapery of tulle, and the silver candelabra held white candles with green shades. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts, Dr. and Mrs. Sherrill, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Eastwood, of Cleveland, O.; Miss Miriam Pickens and Mr. W. A. Colston were seated here. The chrysanthemum idea was carried out in the ices, mints and the candy pieces which ornamented the table. The souvenir cake boxes were white, ornamented with two silver R's in old English.

The bride's gift to the matron of honor was a pin in the design of a gold wishbone, inclosing a green enamel four-leaf clover. Mr. Roberts' gift to the best man was a turquoise matrix scarfpin.

Mr. and Mrs. Roberts left yesterday afternoon for New York, and after an absence of two weeks will go to Henderson for a stay of six weeks. They will then go to Evansville, Ind., where Mr. Roberts has been given charge of some improvements for the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

The out-of-town guests who attended the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Qualey, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Broaddus, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Eastwood, of Cleveland, O.

AFTER LONG ILLNESS

DEATH COMES TO MRS. J. STODDARD JOHNSTON.

Member of Distinguished Family and Woman of Many Fine Qualities.

After an illness lasting over one year, Mrs. J. Stoddard Johnston died yesterday morning at the home of her husband, Col. J. Stoddard Johnston, of 1920 First street. She had been failing fast for several days, and the end, which came at 9:40 o'clock, was expected for hours before. Her death will shock a wide circle of friends throughout Kentucky, for few women in the State were better known. Mrs. Johnston, who was Miss Eliza Woolfolk Johnson, was related to many of the widely-known Kentucky families. She was a cousin of Mrs. John I. Jacob, Mrs. James S. Pirtle, Mrs. Henry Duncan and Mrs. Preston Rogers, of Louisville, and was also related to the Paynes and Vileys, of Central Kentucky.

Eliza Woolfolk Johnson, daughter of George W. and Ann E. Viley Johnson, was born in Scott county, Ky., July 15, 1834, the eldest of seven children, who reached their majority and of whom the following survive: Maj. W. V. Johnson, of Texas; Capt. Junius W. Johnson, of Yazoo City; Messrs. Henry V. Johnson, of Denver, late Mayor, and Euclid L. Johnson, of Superior, Wis. She married Col. J. Stoddard Johnston June 13, 1854, their union embracing more than forty-seven years of domestic happiness, unbroken save during the war, when Col. Johnston was in the Confederate Army. In February, 1865, she crossed the Cumberland mountains through Pound Gap and joined Col. Johnston at Abingdon, Va., only a few weeks before the surrender.

Prior to the war Col. Johnston planted cotton in Arkansas, and was a farmer in Scott county. In 1867 they went to Frankfort and lived there twenty-two years, coming to Louisville in the fall of 1889, and Louisville has since been their home. Their children are George W. Johnston, of New York; Mrs. William B. Wisdom, of New Orleans; Harris H. Johnston, of St. Louis, and J. Stoddard Johnston, Jr., of New York. They will all arrive in the city to-day. The funeral services will be at the residence, 1920 First street, Thursday afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock, conducted by Bishop Dudley, and the interment, which will be private, will be at Cave Hill.

ENGLISHMAN WILL BE DEPORTED FROM ISLAND.

He Was Smuggled Into Manila and Refused To Take the Oath of Allegiance.

Manila, Nov. 26.—Peterson, an Englishman, the secretary of Sixto Lopez, who was smuggled ashore by Fiske Warren, of Boston, was taken before the Collector of the Port, with Morgan Shulser, when he called at the customhouse for his baggage. The Collector demanded that he take the oath of allegiance and as Peterson refused to do so he will be deported.

SMALLPOX IN NORTH MADISON.

Twelve Cases Have Been Reported and Five Families Quarantined.

Madison, Ind., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Twelve cases of smallpox have been discovered in North Madison. Five families have been quarantined. Two cases of the disease are reported in this city. The public schools have been closed.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Shall the Jews Reclaim Palestine?
An article of world-wide interest by ISRAEL ZANGWILL in the superb Christmas issue of
FRANK LESLIE'S POPULAR MONTHLY
Color Plate Illustrations.
Stories by Ballington Booth, Maurice Hewlett, Chas. Reginald Sherlock, Sewell Ford, Onoto Watanna, W. MacLeod Raine, Cy Warman.
10 Cents
Leslie's Great $1.00 Offer
If this paper is mentioned we will send our Double 250th Anniversary Number (Nov.); the superb Christmas issue; and the entire 12 numbers of 1901, together with our Beautiful 1902 Art Calendar, all for $1.00. This Calendar portrays "The Popular Actresses and their Favorite Flower," specially painted for us by Miss Maud Stumm, the famous water-colorist, in 8 sheets, size 12½ x 16, tied with silk ribbon, lithographed in 12 colors on pebble plate paper. This offer is made for a limited time and should be accepted to-day.
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STERLING SILVER.

Sterling Silver Suitable for Wedding
and anniversary presents, in the latest high-art novelties at popular prices.
John C. Lewis Co.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Neglect your hair and you lose it. PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM renews the growth and color. HINDERCORNS, the best cure for corns. 15c.

DEATHS.

BANNON—At 10:30 o'clock, Tuesday morning, November 26, 1901, Thomas E. Bannon, Jr., at the residence of his father, Thirty-fourth and Rudd avenue.

Funeral from residence Thursday morning, November 28, at 8:45 o'clock, and from Our Lady's church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. John's cemetery.

JOHNSTON—At the family residence, in this city, at 9:40 a. m., November 26, Mrs. Eliza W. Johnston, wife of J. Stoddard Johnston, in the 68th year of her age.

Announcement of funeral will be made later.

MITCHELL—November 26, at 732 Fourth avenue, Benjamin F. Mitchell.

Funeral arrangements later.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

The funeral of Mrs. Lemuel S. Hardin will take place from St. Paul's church, corner Second and Kentucky streets, November 27, at 2 o'clock p. m. Members of the family will meet at the residence, 119 East Kentucky street, at 1:30 p. m.

MEETINGS.

Preston Lodge, No. 251, F. and A. M., will meet in called communication in their hall, Main street, above Shelby, this (Wednesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock, for work in E. A. Degree. Members of sister lodges are fraternally invited to attend. By order of GEO. C. WELDON, W. M.
J. MEFFERT, Secretary.

UNDERTAKERS.

SCHOPPENHORST BROS.
Funeral Directors and Embalmers,
1820 W Market. Telephone 1341.
Chapel for use of patrons.

June 13, 1854, their union embracing more than forty-seven years of domestic happiness, unbroken save during the war, when Col. Johnston was in the Confederate Army. In February, 1865, she crossed the Cumberland mountains through Pound Gap and joined Col. Johnston at Abingdon, Va., only a few weeks before the surrender.

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NUTPICKS, ETC.

Do You
need anything of these tone-giving requisites for that Thanksgiving dinner?
10c For set of six Silver-plated Nut Picks, Patent-spring Nut Cracker, Rhine Wine Glasses, Blown Wine Decanters.
69c For Real China Decorated Cranberry Sets, large bowl and six saucers to match.
$1.25 $1.50, $1.98 and up to $4.50 for Real Bohemian Glass Decorated Wine Sets, with glass trays, very handsome.
$2.98 For Quadruple-plated Baking Dishes and Ferneries.
John C. Lewis Co.

MME. BUSH—HAIR STORE
Graduate of New York School of Dermatology.
513 FOURTH AVENUE.
Courier-Journal Office Building.

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Kid Gloves.

All Gloves fully warranted, no matter what the price.
One dollar spent with us gets satisfactory Kid Gloves. We have every style at this price. French Lambskin Gloves, that wear better and look equal to the finest kid, in all popular shades. Undressed Kid, with clasp buttons, in black, mode and fashionable colors.
Walking Gloves, with pique sewing, are very fashionable this season. They come in black, white and street colors.
Dent's and Fownes Bros.' Celebrated Kid Gloves for gentlemen, in Full Dress, Street, Driving and Golf.
John C. Lewis Co.

CHINAWARE.

TURKEY DAYS ARE HERE
and so are we with a full line of appropriate Kitchen and Dining-room Requisites, such as Carving Sets, Elegant Turkey Platters and Plates, Oyster Plates and Forks, Celery Trays, Cranberry Dishes, Wine and Punch Glasses, Turkey Patented Roasters, Etc., Etc.

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APPLE AND HONEY
This elegant remedy is prepared by G. F. Heublein & Bros. of Club Cocktail fame, and merits all the good we claim for it.
Quart Bottles....$1.00 Pint Bottles....50c
MAMMOTH GROCERY CO. Agents for Heublein's Specialties.

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A Mere Matter of Dollars and Sense.
That's what life insurance is. No use to work any SENTIMENT into the matter at all. It's BUSINESS. Good business to provide for your dependent ones after your death, and for YOURSELF when old age or misfortune takes away your earning capacity. The
Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky
Offers the best insurance issued; in any special form required to suit your special case. Call or write for full particulars.
Home Office
Fifth and Market.

BREAD.

For Goodness Sake Eat Mother's Bread.

MOTHER'S BREAD
Called by the name because it's "bread like mother used to make." Made by a special process used only by the Whiteside Bakery. Not inflated by sour gas into a big, spongy, tough loaf; but kept sweet from dough to oven; which makes it come out crisp and light. Every loaf weighs MORE THAN A POUND—and has a blue label on it.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice

Is hereby given that funding bonds Nos. 3, 8, 10, 11 and 16, issued by Washington county, Ky., on the 1st day of April, 1891, are hereby called for redemption, at the First National Bank in Springfield, Ky., on the 10th day of December, 1901, at which date interest will cease.

This November 25, 1901.

ROBERT NOE, Treasurer.
Sinking Fund Commission.

TABB'S GENERAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE, FREIGHT TRANSFER LINE AND PUBLIC SCALE.
(C. S. TABB, Prop.)
Warehouse on railroad track. Freight hauled to and from depots.
Office, Rowan, Bet. 14th and 15th. Tel. rings 317-2431

For Chills and Fevers and all Malarial Fevers Wintersmith's Chill Tonic is the best. It has been used for thirty years.

OPTICIANS.

THE WEDEKIND NOSE CLAMP.
All gold, no cork or shell, is corrugated to keep it from slipping; has a broad basis of contact; the top engages the soft tissues of the nose, and is very mild; holds firmly. It is our own patent and can be had only at our place.
Wedekind Optical Co. Cor. Third and Chestnut.

LODGE NOTICE.

Lodges contemplating change of place of meeting are invited to inquire at Music Hall for open dates for lodge meetings.

Splendid Suit Specials.



Not many opportunities like this nowadays — at this season of the year. But broken lots can't stay here—no odds and ends accumulation allowed in our store. About 400 fine suits—all of this season's buying MUST GO QUICK! There are only a few of a kind, but lots of kinds—$15, $16.50, $18 and $20 qualities—made by such makers as The Stein-Bloch Co.—now to close 'em out quick we say

$14.00

Sale of Double-breasted Black High-grade Suits still on at $11.50. $15, $18 and $20 values.

Loevenhart's
THIRD AND MARKET

NEW YORK HORSE SALE.

Miss Previous Brings Over $10,000—Bitter Root Animals Go.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The sale of blooded horses offered by the Fasig-Tipton Company was resumed at Madison Square Garden to-day before a big crowd of ready bidders. The remainder of the Bitter Root Farm horses, bred by the late William E. Speers, were offered.

The sensational sale of the afternoon was that of Miss Previous, a bay filly, by Ponce de Leon, dam Prelacy, with a mark of :15¼ for an eighth and :33¾ for a quarter. She was started at $3,000, and jumped up by thousands. She finally went to C. A. Willis, of Red Bank, N. J., for $10,300. Mr. Willis was said to have bought the filly for Jacob Ruppert, Jr.

A summary of the more important sales to-day follows:

Prelatess, br. m., 2:15½, by Ponce de Leon—Primary; Charles Welles, Red Bank, N. J., $4,600.

Carpet, b. m., by Prodigal—Annie Wilton; Eastover Farm, Rochester, N. Y., $2,000.

Improbable, b. m., 2:20, by Prodigal—Queen Wilkes; John H. Shultz, Brooklyn, N. Y., $1,000.

Peace Commissioner, b. s., by Prodigal—Rachel; J. W. Bailey, Gainesville, Tex., $1,900.

Precursor, b. s., 2:30, by Prodigal—Lady Acacica; J. L. Butt, Gettysburg, Pa., $925.

Great Spirit, b. m., by Prodigal—Rachel; Samuel McMillan, New York City, $1,500.

Angie, br. s., by Prodigal—Oblique; F. J. Burke, Rawley, Mass., $725.

Centrific, blk. m., by Baron Wilkes—Belle Lettres; George B. Inches, Boston, $550.

Marc Allerton, b. m., 2:29½, by Allerton—Maria Sanchez; Progress Stud, Milwaukee, $760.

Sanchez, b. s., by Prodigal—Maria Sanchez; James Golden, Medford, Mass., $730.

Pattie Mc., br. m., 2:20¾, by Ponce de Leon—McCap; W. H. Orr, Reading, Pa., $600.

Euchre Prize, br. m., 2:26¼, by Ponce de Leon—Hazel Ann; M. Franzant, New York City, $750.

Silk Weaver, b. s., by Prodigal—Brown Silk; D. C. Moran, New York, $2,050.

Hail Fellow, b. s., 2:28¼, by Prodigal—Harlin; Charles G. Moses, Darkville, L. I., $1,600.

Copper Conn, b. s., 2:26¼, by Prodigal—Camiota; A. S. Deyser, Reading, Pa., $750.

Free Giver, b. s., by Prodigal—Ettie Baron; J. W. Bailey, Gainesville, Tex., $800.

Anak, b. g., 2:24¼, by Milroi—Anagallis; Charles Mabre, Madison, Ind., $750.

Sweet Home, b. m., by Milroi—Welcome Home; Ellenhurst Farm, Lexington, Ky., $500.

Impractical, br. s., 3 years, by Baron Wilkes—Practical; Eastover Farm, Rochester, N. Y., $4,000.

From Abroad, b. s., 2 years, by Baron Wilkes—Practical; A. A. Houseman, New York City, $1,150.

Miss Previous, b. f., by Ponce de Leon—Prelacy; C. A. Willis, Red Bank, N. J., $10,300.

Imperatus, br. c., by Prodigal—Imperious; Eastover Farm, Rochester, $1,500.

Silk Exporter, b. c., by Prodigal—Brown Silk; R. C. Benson, Kansas City, Mo., $1,000.

New Silk, br. f., by Ponce de Leon—China Silk; R. C. Benson, Kansas City, Mo., $1,325.

Keener, b. c., by Ponce de Leon—Lilly Keene; Charles Tanner, Cleveland, O., $1,550.

The Field Trials At Newton.

Newton, N. C., Nov. 26.—The third day of the field trials was a successful one and favorable for good work by man and dog. Birds were more plentiful than on previous days. The Derby race, which commenced yesterday, was continued to-day, the first series being concluded. A number of dogs were retained for the second series.

The winners were as follows:

First, Robs, owned by C. E. McMurrdo; second, Sally Brass, owned by George Crocker; third, Apache, owned by P. Lorillard.

The dogs were drawn last night for the all-age stake to run in braces as follows: Ding, with Miss Tucker; Tramp, with Gilt Edge; Peter, with Geneva; Doc Light, with Jack; Pegs Girl, with Miss Medows; Bob Acres, with Nina Cummings.

This contest is open to all setters and pointers that have never won first prize in an all-age stake in the continental, United States or Eastern field trials, and will be hotly contested. The prizes offered are: First, $250; second, $150, and third, $100.

Milwaukee Club Goes To St. Louis.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 26. — [Special.]—The first information received from local people regarding the proposed transfer of the Brewers to St. Louis was given out this evening. It is learned that the local owners of the Milwaukee Club have practically come to an understanding with the parties who will buy the club, and that Milwaukee's fate in the American League is settled. It is also announced that Quin and Havenor will have control of the local club in the newly organized American Association. T. I. Hickey has resigned from the old Western League, and will assume the presidency of the new one.

Prize-Fight Promoters In Trouble.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 26. — The promoters of four prize-fights recently pulled off in this city are in trouble with the Government over a failure to pay internal revenues. The promoters have been given until December 1 to pay the revenues with penalty attached, or be indicted by the Federal grand jury. Collector Stevenson has ordered that full penalties be collected.

TWO FAVORITES AT BENNINGS

McGrathiana Prince and Barouche Only First Choices To Win.

VARGRAVE BEATS CARBUNCLE.

Diderot and Dunblane Run An Exciting Dead Heat At the Oakland Track.

HERCULEAN LEFT AT THE POST.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Another large crowd turned out to-day to witness an ordinary card at Bennings. The races were uninteresting. Only two favorites, McGrathiana Prince and Barouche, won. Scratches left only four starters in the sixth race. Alfred Vargrave defeated Carbuncle, the 11 to 20 favorite in this race, in hollow style. Track good. Summaries:

First Race—Mile and three-quarters: McGrathiana Prince, 124 (Helder), 6 to 5, won; Roysterer, 117 (Doggett), 6 to 1, second; Dick Furber, 143 (Rutter), 10 to 1, third. Time, 3:18 2-5. Jim Megibben, Flaccus, Bettie B. and Tankard also ran.

Second Race—Six furlongs: Geneseo, 104 (H. Cochran), 8 to 1, won; Flying Buttress, 197 (Shea), 7 to 1, second; Courtenay, 107 (J. Slack), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:19 1-5. Equalize, Misleader, Carroll D., Rightaway, Goldaga, Cornwall, Bruff and Lord Badge also ran.

Third Race—Mile and forty yards: Brisk, 99 (Redfern), 7 to 2, won; Charley Moore, 117 (Doggett), 8 to 5, second; Little Daisy, 95 (H. Cochran), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:50 3-5. Warranted, Flara, Philma Paxton, Curtsey, Idleways and Punctual also ran.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs: Barouche, 102 (Wonderly), 9 to 5, won; Honolulu, 102 (H. Cochran), 7 to 2, second; Andy Williams, 105 (L. Smith), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:16 3-5. Colonel Bill, Trump, Sister Juliet, Wild Bess and Quizada also ran.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs: By George, 100 (Redfern), 20 to 1, won; Death, 102 (White), 6 to 1, second; Shoreham, 103 (Wonderly), 7 to 5, third. Time, 1:32. Tenderloin, Alpaca, Federalist, Ordeal, Bastile, Miss Dart, Kaliff, Morokanta, Give and Take and Rough Rider also ran.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth: Alfred Vargrave, 97 (Redfern), 5 to 1, won; Carbuncle, 117 (H. Cochran), 11 to 20, second; Handicapper, 95 (Creamer), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:52 1-5. Ben Battle also ran.

To-day's Bennings Entries.

First Race—Six and one-half furlongs: Shoreham, Morokonta, 107; Ohnet, Kalif, Prosit, Lee King, Bastile, Toddy, Lofter, Scarlet Lily, Alpaca, 104; Lord Pepper, Oudenarde, Himself, 100; Tour, Lady of the Valley, Rabunta, 97.

Second Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Femesole, 120; Fonsoluca, 117; Waswift, Bijou, 115; Lux Casta, Dewey, 114; Flora Pomona, 113; Anak, 112; Trump, 111; Rose of May, Blanche Herman, 110; Honolulu, 109; Tenagra, 107; Prophetic, Par Excellence, Early Eve, 106; Flying Buttress, 105; Red Damsel, 104; Swamp Lands, 102; Mara Trisa, 98; Goacoa, 95.

Third Race—Mile and fifty yards: Tyrshena, 112; Mynheer, 109; Wellesley, 107; Death, Marothen, Annie Thompson, 104; Lady Chorister, 99.

Fourth Race—Seven furlongs: Pigeon Post, Lamp o' Lee, The Puritan, 128; Andy Williams, Extinguisher, 105; Bessie McCarthy, Lady Godiva, 102; Little Arrow, 98.

Fifth Race—Six and one-half furlongs: Lamp o' Lee, 126; Satire, 120; Bijou, Red Damsel, 100; Lady Godiva, 95; Illuminate, Last Knight, 91; Locket, 89; Clearfield, May J., 85.

Sixth Race—Mile and one hundred yards: Curtsey, 100; Alethea, 98; Marothen, Annie Thompson, Cherished, Flara, 90; Kingstelle, Guesswork, 85.

Seventh Race—Match; five furlongs: Sir Ellersile, 123; Lady Teasele, 102.

Dead Heat At Oakland.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—A dead heat was one of the features of the racing at Oakland to-day. Diderot, favorite in the third race, came very fast in the stretch and caught Dunblane in the last jump. The judges were unable to separate them, and the money was divided, Forkford getting third money. Sugden won the first race after being almost left at the post.

For the second time within two days Herculean was left at the post. He was an odds-on favorite in the fifth race, and would not break. Imperious, the second choice, won from Bob Palmer. Mocorito, favorite in the last race, practically broke down after leading, and finished outside the money. Hohenlohe won from First Shot, while Favorito, a 60 to 1 chance, was third. The weather was fine, but the track remained heavy. Summary:

First Race—Seven-eighths of a mile; selling: Sugden, 114 (Spencer), 3 to 1, won; Canejo, 114 (Mounce), 3 to 1, second; Rinaldo, 114 (Hoar), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:34½. Bagdad, Torsida, Howard, Whaleback, Romany and St. Anthony also ran.

Second Race—Five-eighths of a mile; for two-year-olds; selling: Lou Welsea, 115 (Bullman), 5 to 1, won; St. Sever, 115 (Birkenruth), 2 to 1, second; Dr. Scharff, 118 (Winslett), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:05. Phyllis, Lapidus, Maraschino and Prestene also ran.

Third Race—Three-fourths of a mile; selling: Dead heat between Diderot, 107 (J. Woods), 7 to 10, and Dunblane, 115 (O'Connor), 5 to 1; Forkford, 110 (Ransom), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:19. Money divided. Compass, Quiz II. and Lost Girl also ran.

Fourth Race—One mile and 100 yards; selling: Sea Lion, 102 (Birkenruth), 2 to 1, won; Horton, 102 (Hoar), 5 to 1, second; Gold One, 106 (J. Woods), 2½ to 1, third. Time, 1:51½. Wyoming also ran.

Fifth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles; selling: Imperious, 109 (Birkenruth), 3 to 1, won; Bob Palmer, 100 (Ransom), 5 to 1, second; Ringmaster, 109 (Burlingame), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:55. Master Lee, Pegalong and Herculean also ran. Herculean was left at the post.

Sixth Race—Seven-eighths of a mile; selling: Hohenlohe, 117 (Spencer), 6 to 1, won; First Shot, 114 (Mounce), 10 to 1, second; Favorito, 114 (Prior), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:34. Sam Green, Trimmer, Mocorito, Mike Rice, Joe Hock and Burdock also ran.

To-day's Oakland Entries.

First Race—Five-eighths of a mile; selling; for two-year-old maidens: St. Philippina, Lou Hazel, Botany, Prestano, Marello, 110; Sir Thomas Tiddler, 113; Bendara, 118; The Maniac, Cathello, Robert Bonner II., 105; Mintaka, Maj. Bird, 108.

Second Race—Three-fourths of a mile; selling: Searchlight, Elmer L., Senator Matts, Midnight Chimes, Mission, 109; Nona B., 107; Hungarian, 111; On Time, Courtier, 104; Gibraltar, King Dellis, Young Morello, 112.

Third Race—One mile; selling: Joe Hock, 112; El Oriente, Nellie Forest, 100; Ringmaster, 109; Tony Lepping, 103.

Fourth Race—Seven-eighths of a mile; purse: Maresa, 104; Rio de Altar, 107; Miss Mae Day, Sylvan Lass, 109.

Fifth Race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile; handicap: Clarendo, 88; Sombrero, 102; Hilee, 101; Invictus, 85; Frank Bell, Meehanus, 111.

Sixth Race—One mile and 100 yards; selling: Herculean, Koenig, Castake, 109; Cromwell, 112; Bonnie Lissak, Billy Lion, 100; Lode Star, 114; Mithridas, 103.

Shang Parretto Means Business.

"Shang" Parretto, the local lightweight, better known in pugilistic circles as "Sammy Phillips," challenges any man in the country at 133 or 135 pounds, ringside. Parretto says he will post a forfeit of $100 the moment anyone in that class signs articles with him. This sounds business-like, and should bring Parretto a match.

Yale's Football Receipts Are Heavy.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 26.—Yale's receipts for the football season, it is announced, are likely to prove the largest ever taken in. From the games with Harvard and Princeton about $50,000 was realized. Receipts from the minor games will bring the total up to about $70,000.

IS MADDEN TO LEAVE WHITNEY?

Report That Sidney Paget Will Succeed Noted Trainer.

ABOUT NEW RANCOCAS STUD.

List of W. K. Vanderbilt's Youngsters Entered In the Stakes At Saratoga.

BENNINGS CLOSES THIS WEEK.

TURF circles were stirred to-day, when it was reported about this city that John E. Madden, who has been William C. Whitney's chief adviser and trainer for some time and one of the most prominent turfmen in the country, is about to have his connections with Mr. Whitney severed, says a special from New York.

With the announcement that Whitney will sever his connections with Madden comes the report that Sydney Paget, who has been closely allied with Mr. Whitney, will take Madden's place and will have charge of Rancocas farm, which Mr. Whitney has just leased for a breeding establishment.

Madden has been with Mr. Whitney ever since the latter became an important factor on the turf in the country, and was instrumental in buying most of the crack runners that are now in Mr. Whitney's stable. Until recently Madden was partner of Mr. Whitney in several great horses, including Yankee, who won the Futurity in Madden's colors, defeating Mr. Whitney's Nasturtium, who was favorite for the event.

* * *

Willie Vanderbilt's Horses.

For the first time in the history of racing, William K. Vanderbilt's colors will be seen in America next season. His colors, which were last year registered "for life," are white, black hoop on sleeves, black cap. His American yearlings are being trained by Tom McDowell, and the following have been entered in stakes to be run at Saratoga next season:

Brown filly, by Ornament, dam Happy Sally II.

Brown filly, by Halma, dam Clatterfeet.

Brown filly, by Ornament, dam Maggie Gray.

Chestnut filly, by Ornament, dam Von Hera.

Bay filly, by Ornament, dam Orlam.

Chestnut filly, by Ornament, dam Charity.

* * *

Entered In Eastern Stakes.

Among the best-known racing men whose names appear in the Eastern entry lists are August and Perry Belmont, J. R. and F. P. Keene, W. C. Whitney, J. B. Haggin, E. J. Baldwin, S. S. Brown, Burns & Waterhouse, J. E. Madden, A. Featherstone, Julius Fleischmann, J. G. Follansbee, Goughacres stable, William Hendrie, J. E. Seagram, Sydney Paget, S. Sanford & Sons and R. T. Wilson, Jr.

Mr. Whitney has entered in the Alabama Stakes the filly known in England as Ayrshire—Abeyance filly, now on her way to this country. She is a winner in England.

Partnership interests have been registered in the Racing Calendar between Messrs. W. C. Whitney and J. E. Madden on the following yearlings and weanlings: Field Argent, imp., b. f., by Persimmon—Field Azure; Bendemeer, imp., b. c., by Ben d'Or—Mrs. Delaney; Payne, ch. c., by Meddler—Mountain Range; Saratoga Belle, ch. f., by Henry of Navarre—Sallie McClelland; Sultanee, br. c., by Sir Dixon—Repeat; Sorghum, b. c., by Sir Dixon—Belle Isle; Trepan, b. c., by Top Gallant—La Creole; Lulin, ch. c., by Lazarone—Tarantella; Maceo, b. c., by Masetto—Saucy Lass; Malokan, b. c., by Masetto—French Gray, and a bay colt weanling by Masetto—Saucy Lass.

* * *

Eastern Racing Ends Saturday.

The Eastern racing season is rapidly drawing to a close. There will be only a few more days of racing at Bennings, and with the running of the last race on Saturday the curtain will be rung down on the sport for the great majority of the regulars. Some will go to New Orleans, others to San Francisco, but the larger portion will patrol Broadway during the winter, content with an occasional visit to a poolroom to play some one of the good things that are sure to be handed around.

There will be only three short months before Starter Cassidy will once more be lining up the horses at Bennings. There are two good days. Thanksgiving day comes on Thursday, and Saturday is bound to be a winner at the gate. The management expect a great crowd on Thanksgiving day. They have figured so closely on all available space that the newspaper men have been compelled to buy boxes in order that they may have room enough to work. This is an actual fact. So small is the press stand that there is not enough room for all the turf reporters, and those crowded out must pay for a place to write. Newspapers give thousands upon thousands of dollars to race-tracks in free advertising during the year, yet so great is the greed for gain on the part of the Washington management that they try to squeeze a few dollars out of the people who are their best friends.

* * *

Tod Sloan and Lester Reiff.

With the close of the English racing season and the cabled reports that the American trainers have been unusually successful, and that American riders once more lead in percentage, although not this year at the head of the winning list, come to mind the cases of Tod Sloan and Lester Reiff, whom the American public has never ceased to regard as the scapegoats of an English prejudice. Sloan has always maintained the strength of his position, and declares that he will yet be restored to good standing on the English turf. In Reiff's case reaction, too, is reported to be setting in, and some pertinent questions are being asked the leaders of the British Jockey Club. W. Allison, the English critic, in a contribution to Spirit of the Times, touches interestingly on Reiff's case, pronouncing the ruling off of the boy a piece of legislation instigated primarily by jealous motives, by a clique which makes a profession of betting on the races.

"In America it is naturally difficult to understand what has happened," says this writer. "Even here it is difficult to understand, for it is beyond all possible question that the stewards of the Jockey Club are men who, according to their best possible lights, and without favor or prejudice, do their duty. Lester Reiff himself would not dispute that. But the stewards of the Jockey Club are as liable to be misled as other men. I want your readers, however, to understand that they are men with no conceivable axes to grind, but just honest men.

"The Jockey Club stewards are all right, but the professional speculators exercising a continuous drip, drip influence through their friends on the press, gradually influenced public feeling until we came to the same stage with Lester Reiff as was the anti-Dreyfus fever in France. The poor chap was a regular Ishmael in a race, and, though every other jockey might bump him or close him in, the distorted public fancy was that he had been perpetrating all sorts of shifts in order to avoid winning.

"Jockeys who are trusted by certain powerful stables, of course, gave their own versions of what happened, and their employeds would believe them. I need say no more, for I wish to say nothing that would lead to further trouble."

Mr. Allison, in closing, calls attention to the nonsense embodied in the accusation that Reiff pulled his horse. He led the list of winners last season and had a leading percentage this. "What manner of jockey must he be," this Englishman asks, "if he also stopped his losers?"

HIGH SCHOOLS AND MANUALS.

Both Elevens Fit and Ready For Their Annual Gridiron Battle To-morrow Afternoon.

HIS feathered puffiness, the turkey, and his rotund lairdship, the opossum, have been forced "to go 'way back and sit down" before the growing popularity of King Pig as an adjunct of a Thanksgiving celebration. The excitement incident to turkey shooting and 'possum hunting has grown wondrous tame in comparison with the attractions of pigskin chasing. While this latter sport, comparatively speaking, is a modern innovation, it has already attained supreme importance as a function of Thanksgiving day, and the turkey, the opossum and the baked sweet potato have become an aftermath of celebration of success in the former sport. The midday feast has been relegated to a back seat and its place has been usurped by the struggle on the gridiron.

Just as the feast has its appropriate flower so the chrysanthemum has come to typify the shaggy-headed participant in the royal game of pigskin chasing. Every city, town and hamlet turns out en masse to see the annual Thanksgiving day football game, and this glorious day ordained by forefathers is not complete without its mimic battle.

This city, with its throngs of clean-sport-loving people has not been slow to appreciate the appropriateness of this struggle, and Louisville is getting the name of being a good football town.

This reputation is due almost entirely to the spirit for good clean football which has been developed by the annual encounters of the Male High School and the Dupont Manual Training High School. For years they have proved themselves sportsmen interested in giving straight, skillful exhibitions of the game and their efforts have been rewarded.

* * *

In the Final Game.

To-morrow afternoon these two schools meet for the final scrimmage of the season, and good sport is promised. The coaching this year has been well timed for this game, and both teams will appear in the superlative degree of form. Many college men who have seen the boys play have expressed admiration for the skillful and excellent game which the local teams put up.

* * *

The Teams Rank Well.

In fact, either the purple or crimson team would be a good match for the second team of any of the colleges in this section of the country. In the recent game with Cincinnati, Coach Bullitt's men played with a precision and steadiness that would have done credit to an experienced 'varsity eleven. The game was not marred by a single costly fumble or by a ragged play. While in the game to-morrow the defenders of the purple have the advantage, judged from the season's score, experience has taught that the crimsons play with more than their wonted skill and strength when they measure weight and speed with their rivals.

As far as avoirdupois is concerned neither team has more than an average of a couple of pounds over its competitor. In the line for the High Schools Atkinson and Long carry up the average for a light center and two light ends, while the scales show considerable advantage for the Manuals' back field. Neither team will average one hundred and forty pounds, so it will be a contest decided by speed and skill rather than by avoirdupois.

Each side has been practicing some star plays in secret, hoping to spring a surprise on the other in the face of the fact that gridiron history shows that straight football is best calculated to run up a score. Both sides are hoping for a decisive victory that the superiority of the winning team may be beyond dispute.

* * *

To Have Out-of-Town Officials.

If the High School boys win, their supremacy will be established, but if the Manuals take the game another contest would be necessary to decide the championship.

That no charge of partisanship may be brought the management of the contest will secure out-of-town officials. So far only one man has been absolutely agreed upon. He is Mr. John Barbee, of Nashville, who captained last year's 'varsity team at Vanderbilt. The other official will probably be secured from Indiana or Chicago. A feature of the game will happen when Mayor Grainger opens the contest with a kick-off. As the Mayor is a thorough athlete and an ex-football player, it is likely the booted pigskin will cross the limits of the goal line to be returned for a second kick-off.

* * *

Thirty-five-Minute Halves.

Both teams seem anxious to test their endurance, and thirty-five-minute halves, as provided by the rules, will be the result. The greater zest is added to the gridiron battles by the fact that they are the only contests in which the opponents meet. The public has been so pronounced in the disposal of its patronage in favor of football to the exclusion of other competitive sports that all other rival contests have practically been dropped in favor of the battle royal, and the champion in this sport has its title undisputed for a year at least. So far the Manuals have held the championship for only one year, while the High School boys are not far off from their tenth year of supremacy.

There has been a large advance sale of tickets for this game, indicating the usual Thanksgiving assemblage. Seats will be reserved for women until 2:25 o'clock p. m. to-morrow, and the game will be called at 2:30 o'clock to allow the game to be finished before dark. The game will take place at Brook and Breckinridge streets and not at League Park as heretofore.

LOUISVILLE IS NOT IN IT.

New Baseball League, Formed With Minneapolis, St Paul, Kansas City, Omaha, Milwaukee, Indianapolis, Columbus and Toledo In Circuit.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 26.—A new baseball league, to take in Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kansas City and Omaha in the West, and Milwaukee, Indianapolis, Columbus and Toledo in the East, was formed here to-day, and the revolt of the Western League was ended, an agreement having been reached between Hickey, W. T. VanBrunt, owner of the St. Joseph club, and George Tebeau, of Kansas City.

President Hickey will resign at the annual meeting of the league, to be held next week, and his successor will be appointed. VanBrunt will give up his St. Joseph franchise, since St. Joseph is to be placed in the minor league, and Tebeau, it is said, will go with the Denver team. Tebeau agreed to sign a pledge not to employ a single Kansas City player. The league formed to-day will be distinct from the new Western League as now planned, and which is to comprise Denver, St. Joseph, Colorado Springs, Sioux City, Des Moines and probably Lincoln.

Messrs. Hickey, VanBrunt and Tebeau were in conference for some time here to-day, and late in the day President Hickey gave out a signed statement, in which he gives the facts above related, and says:

"While we are already organized I have called another meeting for November 29 at Chicago, at which time we will close up some minor details. This new organization must not be confused with the Western League, as it is a distinct organization entirely. A meeting of the Western League will be held next week, at which time the business of last season will be closed up and my successor elected."

President Hickey said he would certainly resign as president of the Western League next week, but refused to say where the meeting will be held.

The Southern College Athletic Row.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Chancellor Wiggins, of the University of the South, is out in a long letter regarding the action of President Dudley, of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association, in suspending the Sewanee football team because of the playing of Lemoyne, whom President Dudley declared ineligible. Chancellor Wiggins challenges President Dudley's decision, and intimates that Sewanee will withdraw from the association rather than have what it deems its rights trampled upon. Chancellor Wiggins claims Lemoyne is not ineligible to play on the team. Vanderbilt and the University of Nashville have decided to play on Thanksgiving day, and settle the question of ineligibility of players at the annual meeting of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association.

Returns From the McGovern Bout.

Returns from the McGovern-"Young Corbett" match will be received at Humler & Nolan's next Thursday afternoon. They have made arrangements to have a direct wire from the ringside run to their place of business for the private use of their customers, and each round will be minutely described.

Coach Woodruff Resigns.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 26.—Coach Geo. Woodruff, of the University of Pennsylvania football team, has resigned, owing to the general opposition among undergraduates. He was the originator of the famous "guards back" system, which proved so successful in former years.

Beck To Play With Cincinnati.

Toledo, O., Nov. 26.—It was learned to-day that Erve Beck had signed a contract with Cincinnati for next season, and that he is to receive $3,000 for his work. He will play second base.

MILLERS HOLD A MEETING.

Representatives From Kentucky, Tennessee and Georgia Present.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Millers from Tennessee, Kentucky and Georgia met here to-day to discuss matters of interest to the trade, and to take steps for mutual protection. For some time past the millers of Kentucky have met at regular intervals to discuss the milling situation and take steps for the mutual advantage of the trade. Four Tennessee millers attended the last meeting, and it was decided that a general meeting would result in a better feeling being established and a more uniform policy adopted for the advantage of milling in the three States. Consequently a call was issued and the meeting to-day was the result.

GOV. LONGINO TALKS TO REAL ESTATE MEN.

Defends Mississippi Constitution and Says the Talk of Its Being Unjust Is a Bugaboo.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The real estate excursionists from Indiana, Illinois and Iowa spent most of last night in Jackson, and were given a cordial welcome. Their special car was met at the depot by quite a delegation of the business men of the city, who escorted them to the Columbia Club rooms, near the depot, where formal welcomes were extended by Gov. Longino and Mayor Hemingway, and replies by Capt. Merry, of the Illinois Central, and others of the party. Among other things Gov. Longino said to them:

Notwithstanding the many criticisms, our Constitution contains no infringement on free citizenship. The suffrage clause eliminates only the ignorant classes, and is directed against the persons who cannot read and write and those who do not pay their taxes. The talk about our Constitution being unjust is a bugaboo. Education in this day and age is cheap, and with our magnificent school system and the State paying $1,700,000 each year for the instruction of children, regardless of the color of their skin, there is no excuse for ignorance, while the man who will not defray his share of the burden of government is not entitled to any legal or moral right to participate in managing the affairs of the government.

The Governor's remarks were roundly applauded, and the visitors showed a very commendable desire for still further enlightenment along such lines. They were taken in charge by the local real estate men and shown the places of interest about the capital city from observation cars on the trolley line.

BOGUS RANCHMEN ROB FLOATING SALOON.

Administer Knockout Drops To Three Men and Get Away With Money and Jewelry.

Decatur, Ala., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Two alleged Western ranchmen, flashing big rolls of money, gave "knockout drops" to Carl Neillson, a saloon proprietor, his bartender, and Tony Grimes, a river lumberman, last night at Elkton. The crooks got away with $300 from the safe, $100 from the cash register, Neillson's diamonds, worth $1,000, and $50 and a watch from Grimes. Neillson was running a bar on a houseboat on the Tennessee river. The victims were conscious of being robbed, but were powerless to move or cry out. The crooks escaped with the loot. They won Neillson's confidence by pretending to be friends of one of his associates.

TO PLAY FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP

Y. M. C. A. and Central University Elevens Ready.

THEY SEEM EVENLY MATCHED.

Season's Records of the Teams Indicate That Each Side Has a Chance To Win.

CORNELL-PENNSYLVANIA GAME

TO-MORROW afternoon at 2:30 o'clock is the time set for the Central University football team from Danville to line up at League Park against the local Y. M. C. A. eleven and fight it out for the championship of Kentucky.

There seems to be little question about the contest going to be a "fierce" one. On form both of the teams seem to be pretty even, and it is not any easy matter to pick the winner. Neither side would be willing to give odds, and while at the start of last year's game the local boys were favorites at 5 to 3, it is probable that this year it will be an even proposition.

The record of the two teams to date follows:

C. U.	0	K. U.	33
C. U.	0	Vanderbilt	27
C. U.	11	Catlettsburg	5
C. U.	41	Pleasureville	0
C. U.	5	State College	0
C. U.	6	Georgetown	0
C. U.	5	Avondale A. C.	0
Totals	68	Totals	65
Y. M. C. A.	0	K. U.	6
Y. M. C. A.	5	Georgetown	0
Y. M. C. A.	22	Pleasureville	0
Y. M. C. A.	11	State College	0
Y. M. C. A.	15	K. M. I.	0
Totals	53	Totals	6

This shows that K. U. has been beaten once and scored on three times, while the locals have only been scored on or defeated once. According to Manager Bailey, the team was in no kind of condition for the K. U. game, some of the men having just arrived the night before. At Vanderbilt they were not accorded an official, and after holding the score down to 0 to 0 for the first half, they gave way to what they claimed was unfairness, after going off the field once and being persuaded to return. In the Catlettsburg game they went up against a hot proposition, but they were working in good shape, and while they were outweighed they more than held their own. Outside of the first two games, they have had things pretty much their own way.

* * *

Local Team Is Confident.

The local boys have been up against some pretty "warm things" a couple of times this season, but they never have been in any trouble, and have always been able to gain with their weight and quick plays at all times. They are now in fine shape. Their wind is good, and their team work is good, and they follow the ball well, and are playing a push-and-pull sort of game.

The officials for the game have been decided on, and they are both competent men. Maj. McGowan, of K. M. I., will referee, and C. H. Gardner, of Georgetown, who umpired the game last Thanksgiving Day, will umpire this contest. McGowan played center for four years on the Williams College team, in Massachusetts, leaving there in 1897, and having since kept well with the game he is well qualified to officiate. He is not afraid to say what is the square thing, and Gardner, too, has demonstrated that he can give fair decisions at all times.

* * *

The Pennsylvania-Cornell Game.

The outcome of the annual gridiron struggle between Pennsylvania and Cornell is causing the coaches of both teams more than the usual amount of worriment. Eight times these two teams have met in their yearly struggle, and each time the Ithacans have been vanquished. Many times Cornell has gone to Franklin Field with teams pronounced by football experts to be the superiors of the Quakers, yet their promised victory never materialized. No matter how poorly Pennsylvania might have played in the midst of the season, she seemed to have the faculty of finishing in a whirlwind fashion that completely overwhelmed Cornell. So regularly have these defeats come that the Ithacans have almost reached the conclusion that they can never land a victory. There was never greater disparity between these two teams than there is this year. If Cornell cannot win on Thursday she can never win from Pennsylvania. The Quakers will undoubtedly make the most of the ease with which the Ithacans lose their nerve when they meet the guards back of the Pennsylvanians. Pennsylvania is at present at the seashore, trying to recuperate from their last struggle. Strange to say, there are many followers of the Red and Blue, who expect to see their team win in the face of overwhelming odds. The complete record of the two teams is as follows:

1893	Pennsylvania	50	Cornell	0
1894	Pennsylvania	6	Cornell	0
1895	Pennsylvania	46	Cornell	2
1896	Pennsylvania	32	Cornell	10
1897	Pennsylvania	4	Cornell	0
1898	Pennsylvania	12	Cornell	6
1899	Pennsylvania	29	Cornell	0
1900	Pennsylvania	27	Cornell	0

* * *

Enthusiasm Is Necessary.

There is a big lesson to be learned from the football season of 1901. Yale commenced the teaching of it last fall, and now Harvard rams it home good and true, says George Brooke. It is this: Modern methods of attack and defense played with the intense enthusiasm engendered by perfect physical and mental condition will win by a large score against any team, no matter how good, that has not this same intense enthusiasm.

Last fall, one week before the Harvard game, Yale won her Princeton game—the test for which it is impossible for her team not to be keyed at top pitch—with the greatest ease. Then she smothered the Harvard team, which had also just been through a fiercely trying test against Pennsylvania. This year the conditions are exactly reversed. Yale is thoroughly worked out against Princeton, and Harvard has an easy time with the Quakers. The result is that Harvard downs Yale, as Yale downed Harvard last year. Any player on the big elevens will tell you that the thought of one of the so-called big games works on his nerves fifty times as much as the prospect of any minor match, no matter how hard it is expected to be. This is but natural. If that big match proves to be an easy walkover, the intense strain is relieved, and it leaves the nerves and mental condition in better shape than before.

No one who has not been in a big game can possibly realize the agony of the moments before the big battle and the utter prostration afterward, provided the player has it in him to work himself up to such intensity of feeling. But the realization that you have an easy thing of it soon brings an immense relief, and the mental condition which is necessary to enthusiasm is left with all of its powers intact.

Football, such as Harvard played Saturday and Yale played last year, requires the most intense enthusiasm, and it is utterly impossible to develop such when, shortly before, the mind and body have been pushed to the limit and forced to maintain the terrific strain through a long, hard-fought battle. The training methods of the professional football teams, and of West Point and Annapolis, point to the same conclusion in a different way.

HART IS MATCHED WITH HANRAHAN

Managers of the Boxers Sign Articles of Agreement, But

DO NOT DECIDE ON ANY CLUB.

Sealed Bids For the Contest To Be Received Up To Next Monday Night.

M'GOVERN MAY OVERTRAIN.

MARVIN HART, the local champion, and "Wild Bill" Hanrahan, of New York, were matched last night to box twenty-five rounds at catch weights before the club offering the best inducements.

Johnny Burns, Hart's manager, and Joe Sullivan, manager of Hanrahan, met in this office at 8 o'clock last night, and as each was eager for a contest they were only a few minutes in coming to an agreement. It was agreed that the men would fight twenty-five rounds, according to straight Marquis of Queensberry rules, on or about the evening of December 16. It was also agreed by the managers that they would not tie themselves up with any club, but that they would offer a fair field and no favor, and let all clubs which want to bid on the match to make sealed proposals, which will be sent to the sporting editor of the Courier-Journal from now until next Monday night, December 2. At that time the sealed bids will be opened in the presence of the managers of both men, and the club making the highest and best bid will be awarded the contest.

Before the match was made last night the managers of both men received offers for the match from the Abbey Athletic Club, of Cincinnati, and the Empire and Monarch clubs, of this city. It is also expected that the Southern and Louisville Athletic clubs will bid for the contest. One offer last night was of $1,000 guarantee with a privilege of 60 per cent. of the gross gate receipts, but it was not considered, as all bids will have to be sealed and in writing, and all will be opened at one time, next Monday night.

Hart and Hanrahan agreed to meet at catch weights, but they will probably enter the ring at the middleweight limit. No further details, such as referee, place, etc., were agreed on or even mentioned.

* * *

Terry May Overtrain.

With his face a bit drawn, but otherwise apparently in perfect physical condition, Terry McGovern practically finished his training to-day at his headquarters on Jerome avenue, says a special from New York. The little Brooklyn pugilist took vigorous exercises during the day, and at the conclusion of his work said he felt thoroughly satisfied that his condition could not be improved upon.

There were several experts who commented on the fact that McGovern's face looked very much drawn, a convincing fact that he was overtrained, but Terry and his trainer, Charles Mayhood, ridiculed the idea. Mayhood said that while McGovern's preparation for the battle on Thanksgiving Day at Hartford with Young Corbett was unlike former training courses that the Brooklynite had taken, he felt satisfied that the innovations were of a most beneficial character.

"There is no doubt," said Mayhood, "that McGovern is in perfect health, and in perfect condition to defend his title of featherweight champion. If Corbett defeats Terry we shall not be able to excuse the defeat owing to lack of training, but it will be owing to the superior fighting qualities of the former. Personally, I believe McGovern will win and do the trick inside of ten rounds."

McGovern tipped the scale at 123 pounds, three pounds under the weight at which he will be called upon to defend his title on Thursday. As the articles of agreement call for the men to weigh in at 10 o'clock in the morning of that day, the champion will find little trouble in meeting the weight required.

* * *

Siler On the Battle.

Says George Siler of the bout between McGovern and Corbett: "Regarding the featherweight battle, nothing much can be said simply because Terry is supposed to outclass the Denver boy so far there seems no possible method to draw them close enough together to make the fight interesting. At least that is the presumption. Still, the unexpected is liable to happen, and it is unexpected happenings that awaken interest in all boxing contests, regardless of classification. It is not what McGovern will do with Corbett, but what Corbett will do with McGovern that will make fight fans gather around the tickers on Thursday night. That Terry will win appears to be a foregone conclusion; still it must be remembered that the Denverite is a good chunk of a boy for his avoirdupois, is fairly clever, and can hit hard enough to drop any boy of his weight for the count.

"Corbett upset Oscar Gardner and Kid Broad for the count, and as both Gardner and Broad sent Terry to the canvas, Corbett's chances of doing the same are not in the least remote. On form it looks as if the feather and welter championship will not change hands, but there is many a slip betwixt the cup and the lip."

Latest From Training Quarters.

New York, Nov. 26. — After eight days' hard training for his battle with Young Corbett, of Denver, Col., Terry McGovern took a ten-mile run in the vicinity of Jerome Park this afternoon, and, despite the fact that it was freezing cold, with a strong wind blowing, he covered the distance in ninety minutes. When he reached his training quarters he was examined by a physician, who declared that the little champion was in perfect trim for the contest.

Several people have informed McGovern that in Young Corbett he will meet the toughest and most rugged opponent of his ring career. He replied to several questions as to how he felt: "Bully, never better in my life, and while I have taken no chances and have got into the best condition, I feel very confident of the result. They tell me Corbett is a two-handed, swift, rushing fighter on my own style, and I hope he is, for then neither he nor I will have any excuses to make when the end comes."

McGovern tipped the scale at 122 pounds to-day, and he said that with a road run to-morrow he would finish up his training and break camp prior to his leaving for Hartford to-morrow afternoon. He expects to reach the ringside weighing not more than 124 pounds. Among the sporting men here there is very little betting being done. McGovern's backers are offering 2 to 1 on their man, with few takers. Among the sporting resorts on upper Broadway some of the sports are making what they call gambling bets on the Denver lad, taking odds of 5 to 2, but the prevailing price is 2 to 1 on the champion.

A big delegation from this vicinity will leave for the scene of the contest on the early forenoon trains Thursday, so that they will reach Hartford in plenty of time to be at the ringside when the men are brought together at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Corbett Finishes His Training.

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 26.—"Young Corbett," who has been working faithfully four weeks to prepare for his bout with Terry McGovern, put the finishing touches to his training this afternoon behind closed doors. Large crowds have watched his daily practice and somewhat handicapped him, and to-day he requested that all be excluded except his trainers. He boxed several hard rounds with Charley Sieger and went through his usual practice, which was preceded by an eight-mile run on the road. A physician again examined Corbett to-night, and pronounced him to be in fine condition. Tomorrow he will take light exercise.

BEER.

DON'T LET YOURSELF RUN DOWN.

An eminent medical authority, in discussing the epidemic of grip in this country, says:

"There is only one thing for the people to do, and that is to take good care of themselves and not let themselves run down. If they do this, the grip microbe can't hurt them."

This is the very point we have been insisting upon for a long time—that is, you should not allow yourself to run down. When the vital energies become depleted, your system is an easy prey to every form of disease. When you find yourself without appetite; when you arise from your bed in the morning feeling tired and without the energy which sleep is designed to restore, it is a sure sign that nature needs some help in the work of rebuilding the wasted tissues of the brain and body. You should lose no time in providing yourself with a good tonic, and the very tonic you need is pure, wholesome beer. Your physician will tell you it is the best tonic in the world. When made from Malt and Hops, and properly ripened and matured, beer will build you up faster than anything else in the world. It will make you proof against the grip microbe and prepare you for the daily activities of life.

Our bottled beer for family use is the best the world supplies.

Have a case of it sent to your home.

Frank Fehr Brewing Co.

DYSPEPSIA TABLETS.

A MILLIONAIRE

has no advantage of the pauper when it comes to his digestive apparatus. Nature illustrates the principle of absolute democracy, in that everybody's stomach is amenable to the same laws and subject to the same penalties for violation of those laws.

In this behalf

CLARENCE DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

is the friend of the rich and poor alike. These tablets will give almost instant relief from the effects of too much eating. They will aid digestion and enable nature to assimilate the food and to throw off the effete matter through the bowels.

This preparation is no experiment—it has an unbroken record of cures.

PRICE, 50 CENTS.

CLARENCE MED. CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
MUSWICK & CO., General Agents.

Delaney Hears From Fitz.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 26. — Jim Jeffries' manager, Billy Delaney, is jubilant over the fact that Fitzsimmons has expressed himself as willing to meet Jeffries. Delaney made the following statement here:

"I am pleased to hear from New York by telegraph that Fitzsimmons has signified his willingness to meet Jeffries in February. Jeffries is glad that the fight will take place on California soil. We shall go to New York, where Jeffries will have a personal interview with Fitzsimmons and probably sign articles there."

TO CONNECT THE TWO FLORIDA COASTS.

Chicago Capitalists To Build Road Which Will Open Undeveloped Sections of the State.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The two coasts of Florida are to be connected by rail. This is a movement that has for a long time been discussed, but has for the first time taken definite shape. The South Florida and Gulf Coast Railway has been incorporated by John M. Roach, William G. Gurley and Milford B. Herely. The capital stock is $2,000,000. All are from Chicago. This road, as contemplated, will run through an almost uninhabited section of country after leaving Fort Denand on the Caloosahatchee river, until it reaches Fort Pierce on the east coast, and seventy-five miles of this distance will be through an open prairie. To begin with, the section of country after leaving Punta Rassa and until reaching Fort Myers is fairly well settled. This stretch will be in plain view of the Caloosahatchee river all the way, and the route is all timbered. The projected road skirts along the north side of the great Okeechobee and cuts across the great stock ranges of DeSoto and Dade counties.

This road, when opened, will give the tourists easy access to the best hunting section of Florida and will be in the nature of a Godsend to the settlers on the route. It will open up rich farming lands and alluvial soil. The road will cross the Kissimmee river nine or ten miles south of Fort Bassenger. The surveyors are pushing the line and Millard B. Herely, who has control, says the road will be finished and in operation before March, 1903.

WOMAN SWEPT OVERBOARD BY WAVE AND IS DROWNED.

Her Husband Had Called Her On Deck To Watch Storm and See Another Ship.

Philadelphia, Nov. 26.—Capt. Hill, of the steamship Belgenland, which reached her dock from Liverpool to-day, reports that when the steamship was abreast Nantucket light early yesterday morning Mrs. H. McNeal, wife of Dr. McNeal, of Ann Arbor, Mich., was washed overboard and drowned. There was a heavy sea running at the time of the accident. Dr. McNeal, who was on deck watching the storm, went to his stateroom and called his wife to come on deck and view a passing steamship. The couple had been standing together for only a few minutes when an immense wave swept over the Belgenland, carrying the unfortunate woman overboard.

Her body was not seen after it had been carried away by the wave.

Dr. and Mrs. McNeal had been traveling in Europe for some months. The doctor left this city at noon for his home at Ann Arbor. Mrs. McNeal was a graduate in medicine of the Michigan University. She was thirty-nine years of age.

'MY HUSBAND'

Exclaimed Mrs. Talbert On Seeing Rathbun.

MARRIED ONE YEAR AGO.

JEFFERSONVILLE PRISONER SAYS WOMAN IS DREAMING.

HER HUSBAND A CONVICT.

Marriage Followed Flirtation and Talbert Deserted Woman Few Days Later.

HAD ANOTHER WIFE.

If Mrs. Lillie Stanley Muir Talbert, who lives with her mother at 434 West Market street, in Jeffersonville, is acquainted with the man she married in Jeffersonville on Saturday night, September 8, 1900, that individual is Newell C. Rathbun, now confined in the Clark county jail on the charge of having poisoned Charles Goodman, a tramp, whose body was found at the Falls City Hotel at noon November 7.

Mrs. Talbert, accompanied by James Keigwin, visited Rathbun yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The prisoner walked out of his cell and was confronted by the woman. She was unable to see him well on account of shadows, and requested him to move where the light could fall on his features. Quickly she said:

"You are Edward Talbert, my husband. I became your wife one year ago."

After the peculiar habit of the man, he gazed steadily at the woman, then replied:

"I can account for my whereabouts. I am not Edward Talbert; so I cannot be your husband."

* * *

Must Have Been Dreaming.

Then he walked into his cell. He appeared to be very much disgusted.

After the woman had gone he said:

"She must have been dreaming."

A Courier-Journal reporter learned that an order had been issued by Judge Marsh to the woman to call on Rathbun and she was seen at her home.

Mrs. Talbert had not entirely recovered from her excitement and entered the room holding several letters which Talbert had written her. All contained expressions of love.

"Are you positive, Mrs. Talbert, that the prisoner is your husband?"

"Absolutely," was the answer. "I talked with him and I know that he is the man who married me and a week later deserted me. The last I heard from him was when he was in Manila. Here is the letter. It was written March 6."

This letter was affectionate in character and said he had abandoned the idea of going to South America.

Mrs. Talbert exhibited another letter received from her husband when he was in Honolulu, October 26, 1900. It was burdened with love.

* * *

That Murderer Is My Husband.

"Yes, sir, as sure as can be, that murderer up there is my husband," she resumed. "You want to know how I first reached the conclusion? Well, I was out at Mrs. Neeld's house, and she said:

"'Did you see the picture of Rathbun?'

"I said that I had seen one that made me think of my husband. I explained, however, that the picture was not a good one. Then she showed me Rathbun's picture in the Courier-Journal. My blood boiled. I knew then Rathbun is no other person than Edward Armstrong Talbert, my husband. Mrs. Colvin also recognized him as Talbert. I decided to go to the jail to see the prisoner. I read that I could not get in and I began to study how to gain admission. I sent for a friend and was advised to explain matters to Judge Marsh. This I had Mr. Keigwin to do.

"Rathbun would not look me in the eye. He shrugged his shoulders, muttered something and doggedly shambled into his cell. I left the jail, pleased to know I had escaped from such a being."

Prosecutor Mayfield was present when Mrs. Talbert was interviewed and he took charge of the letters written by Talbert.

* * *

Writing Resembles Rathbun's.

The writing resembles Rathbun's chirography in some respects. Rathbun, in writing a small "e" invariably uses a letter resembling a figure three reversed. Mrs. Talbert's letters contain this peculiar letter. Also the peculiar "t" made with a loop, as is shown in Rathbun's letters and in the one written to Coroner Coots and signed W. L. Ten Eyke, in which he undertook to explain why he left Goodman at the Falls City Hotel, although, as confessed by him later, he knew the man was a corpse.

Prosecutor Mayfield is inclined to believe that the letters were written by Rathbun, but will continue the investigation before deciding definitely.

Mrs. Talbert said that her husband was an ex-convict and had been paroled from the Indiana Reformatory. The manner in which she met the man, their courtship, marriage, his confession that he was a bigamist, as is shown in one of the letters written September 16, 1900, just eight days after his marriage to her, and his flight to escape arrest for having one wife too many and also for violating his parole, forms an interesting story.

Mrs. Talbert's first husband was George Muir, a railroad man. He abandoned her. This was several years ago. Early in September, last year, the woman, at that time Mrs. Muir, attended a funeral in New Albany. She rode to that city from Jeffersonville in a hack sent from R. R. M. Gilbert's livery stable. Talbert, who was known in police and prison circles as Edward Bishop, had, following his parole, been employed by Mr. Gilbert. He was the driver of the hack in which Mrs. Muir rode. On the way to the funeral Talbert, or Bishop, flirted with Mrs. Muir and made an engagement to call on her. On September 3 he sent a letter from the Falls City Hotel saying he would call for her with a buggy between 6 and 7 o'clock. Just five days later the wedding took place.

* * *

Trouble With Another Woman.

The paroled man and Mrs. Muir were married at James Keigwin's by Magistrate Nixon. Talbert proposed to take his bride to Indianapolis the following day. Just as they left the train at the Union Station in that city a man met Talbert and congratulated him. Something was said about "his other wife," but Mrs. Talbert did not understand what was meant. Talbert left her later, saying he was going out with some friends. When he returned he was in an excited condition. He said he had something important to tell her. Returning to Jeffersonville, he intimated that he was in trouble with a woman in Indianapolis. He said he would go back there and fix things. He did go, and on September 16 sent a letter revealing a former marriage to a Miss Riggs. He said he would go away, but was afraid to say where, inasmuch as the officers might get the letter and ascertain his whereabouts. In this letter he talked of committing suicide.

At a recent term of court Mrs. Talbert's marriage was annulled by Judge Marsh.

A Courier-Journal reporter learned at the Reformatory that Talbert was one of the most accomplished scoundrels ever confined there. He was sent from Indianapolis for having attempted to kill a man at a dance at Haughville. It was impossible to get the Bertillon measurements of Talbert last night, but the officials of the institution expressed the belief that there is no connection between Rathbun and Talbert.

In view of the declarations of Mrs. Talbert, it will require further investigation to determine the correctness of her identification.

Mrs. Talbert said she would not claim to have been married to the man if it was not really a fact.

Mr. Gilbert, by whom Talbert was employed in Jeffersonville, recalls that Talbert had a smooth face. Mr. Gilbert has not seen Rathbun.

Dr. Sharp, of the Reformatory, called at the jail to see Rathbun. He does not think Rathbun is Talbert.

NEW ALBANY.

—Mrs. Sarah McDonald, who has been spending the last few months at Goshen, Ind., has returned home.

—The Rev. L. A. Winn, pastor of the Central Christian church, is ill at his home on East Oak street.

—Dr. Max Von Buest, of La Croix, Wis., is visiting his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Von Buest, 1315 East Market street.

—The funeral of Terrence Guthrie, an old citizen, will take place this morning from Holy Trinity Catholic church.

—Mr. and Mrs. S. V. Harding are here from Indianapolis, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Dundon, East Oak street.

—Mrs. Lizzie Kellenberger and her daughter are here from Monon to visit her brother, Mayor Crumbo, and family.

—Misses Edith Halliday, of Cairo, Ill., and Carrie Trinler, of Pittsburg, are visiting the Misses Connor, East Main street.

—Millard L. Rice, son of Mr. and Mrs. Millard F. Rice, died yesterday morning at the home of his parents in Georgetown township.

—Albert McCaffrey and Harvey Miller have been elected trustees of Jacob's Chapel, a rural sanctuary six miles northeast of the city.

—The New Albany Shotgun Club will have a shooting match this afternoon at Biel's place on the Charlestown road, near the Fair Grounds.

—Mrs. W. W. Brooks and her two children will leave this morning for Terre Haute to spend a month with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Evans.

—Martin Burdette Crane, formerly of this city, and Miss Ada Buck are to be married at the home of the bride in Seattle, Wash., this evening.

—Mrs. Matson Hill, who has been spending a week with her father, Mr. Lawrence Bradley, East Spring street, left yesterday for her home in Chicago.

—Frank Gwin, editor of the Public Press, went to Columbus, Ind., yesterday to attend the annual meeting of the Southern Indiana Editorial Association.

—Miss Frances McCurdy will entertain at cards this afternoon at her home, East Main and Seventh streets, in honor of Miss Alma Connor and Miss Edith Halliday, of Cairo, Ill.

—Claude Sicer, for carrying concealed weapons; Frank Humphreys, for fighting, and Edward Smith, for intoxication, were fined $8.80 each in Magistrate Richards' court. Patrolman Seery arrested the bunch.

—Dr. Clokey received eighty-five stereopticon views to be used in illustrating his series of talks on Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress" to be given in the First Presbyterian church, beginning next Sunday evening.

—Mrs. Ward Copeland, of Dayton, O., called at the Central police station yesterday in search of information regarding her husband, who was in this city a few weeks ago soliciting orders for enlarging photographs.

—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Durham have moved here from Jeffersonville, and are living temporarily in the Bradley property at East Ninth and Market streets until the new house now being built for them by Mrs. Mary A. Day on East Ninth street is completed.

—The Sewing Circle of St. Edward's Hospital will give a euchre this afternoon and to-night in St. Joseph's Hall, East Eighth street, near Spring, the proceeds of which are to be applied toward the purchase of linens for the new hospital. Supper will be served from 5 to 8 o'clock.

—In a few days canvassers, under the direction of the New Albany Ministerial Association, will begin a house-to-house visitation to ascertain the number of people attending Sunday-school and other statistics regarding the work in this city. It is thought that the canvass will require three months.

—The ten-year-old son of Benjamin Strickland, who lives with his grandmother, Mrss. Hancock, on West First street, between Spring and Elm, was bitten by a vicious dog yesterday as he was returning home from school. A physician cauterized the wound and the dog was killed by a policeman.

—Deputy Sheriff Morris went to Bedford yesterday to testify in the case of the State of Indiana aginst George Fritz, who is charged with being accessory to the murder of John Felster last July. George Fritz and his father, Nelson Fritz, were arrested near this city a few weeks ago by Chief of Police Adams and Deputy Sheriff Morris.

—David F. Bowman, administrator of the estate of E. D. Day, has filed his report showing a final settlement. He was appointed eighteen months ago, since which time he has sold sixty-three pieces of property, receiving over $60,000. All the sales made were for the appraised value of the real estate or for a greater amount. In that period he has paid out $12,000, mainly for delinquent taxes. He has paid $25,000 to Mr. Day's widow, and now has $38,000 on hand for distribution among the other heirs.

—Mrs. Lyda Danforth Hall, wife of George Hall, died of Bright's disease last Saturday at her home in Plainfield, N. J. Her only son, a promising young man, died of the same malady one year ago. She leaves her husband and two daughters. Her body was taken to Springfield, O., for burial. Mrs. Hall was a native of New Albany, and was a daughter of the late Thomas Danforth, who was for over forty years secretary of the old New Albany Insurance Company, a financial institution of great influence in the early years of the city.

—George Martin, of this city, and Miss Rilda Yeager, of Louisville, applied at the County Clerk's office yesterday for a marriage license, and were refused the document for the reason that the young woman was not a resident of the county, as required by law. This law, which was adopted by the last Legislature, requiring that the woman should be a resident of the county in which the license is granted for thirty days prior to its issuance, is rigidly observed in this county, but it is said that the Clerks of counties down the river pay no attention to it.

—Thanksgiving services will be held to-morrow by the three Presbyterian churches at the First church, and the Rev. Hamilton A. Hymes will preach the sermon. Trinity, Centenary, Main-street, Wesley Chapel and Jennie DePauw Memorial M. E. churches will unite in worship at Wesley Chapel, where the sermon will be preached by the Rev. W. G. Clinton, of Centenary. St. Paul's Episcopal church will have services at 10:30 o'clock. The German M. E. church and the German Evangelical will have their services at 7:30 p. m. St. Mary's Catholic church will have Thanksgiving service at 7:30 a. m., and Holy Trinity a half hour later. The services at the Park Christian church will be held at 10:30 a. m.

$600,000

May Be Expended On Falls Improvement.

BOARD OF ENGINEERS MEET.

CONSIDERING PLANS OFFERED BY CAPT. WM. L. SIBERT.

ENGINEER HERE NECESSARY.

By order of Brig. Gen. G. L. Gillespie, chief United States Engineer, acting under authority of the Secretary of War, the Board of United States Engineers, composed of Col. Amos Stickney, of St. Louis, division engineer of the Western division, chairman; Lieut. Col. Thomas H. Handbury, of Cincinnati, division engineer of the central division, and Capt. William L. Sibert, engineer in charge of the station here, met in Capt. Sibert's office in the Customhouse yesterday.

The conference is connected with further improvements on the falls of the Ohio and especially the Indiana chute. All work on the falls which had been planned was recently completed. Years and millions of dollars have been spent on it. The improvements made are entirely satisfactory to the department, but it is recognized that much more money could be expended in a similar way, and it is to investigate this claim that the board is now meeting here.

Capt. Sibert recently prepared and presented plans for an additional improvement of the Indiana chute which would require an expenditure of $600,000. These plans are now being discussed by the board. Yesterday morning's session was to review the specifications and estimates.

* * *

A Practical Demonstration.

In the afternoon Capt. Sibert took Col. Stickney and Lieut. Col. Handbury across the river and showed the officers the proposed improvements. This morning another session of the board will be held, and if the project is approved, the plans will be forwarded to the War Department with recommendation that they be submitted to Congress for the necessary appropriation.

* * *

Will Avoid Break-Up of Tows.

It is understood that the plans contemplate the opening of a channel over the falls on the Indiana side, of sufficient depth to permit tows coming down the river on a small rise to go through the channel, and thus avoid the necessity of breaking up the tow and taking the barges through the canal. The deepening of the channel would mean that all the large steamers, as well as boats of ordinary draught, could pass through the channel.

Rivermen are hopeful that the plans of Capt. Sibert will be recommended to the department by the board. In case they are, it will certainly be necessary to keep an engineer here, as the office could not be conducted successfully under the supervision of the engineer at Cincinnati, as is now contemplated by the removal of Capt. Sibert to Pittsburg.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

—George B. Parks will spend Thanksgiving in Chicago.

—The Switchmen's Union of North America will give a ball at Forest Park to-night.

—Howard Johnson, of Philadelphia, was a guest yesterday of Capt. J. T. Hopkins, of the First National Bank.

—C. J. Bottorff has filed suit in the Circuit Court against Edward Dold, J. M. Nickles and John A. Eisman.

—The damage action of Laura and Jerry Courtney against the B. and O. S. W. Railway Co. was continued in the Circuit Court.

—Arthur T. Stevens, of New York, will spend Thanksgiving with his cousin, Mr. S. S. Johnson. Mr. Stevens is chief clerk for the Methodist Book Concern.

—The Rev. Father Leonard Reich officiated last evening at St. Anthony's church at the marriage of Mr. Charles Zaun and Miss Carrie Schaedler.

—Ward Peel, the seven-year-old son of Charles Peel, the bicycle dealer, died from the effects of an operation for appendicitis at the Deaconess Hospital last night.

—Valentine Ehringer and Janie Bolling were each fined $34.50 in Justice Hause's court last evening. The charge against Ehringer was associating and that against the Bolling woman was being a lewd character.

—William Reister likes "hot stuff" so well that he stole a basket of red peppers at Washington, Daviess county. Reister entered upon an indeterminate sentence for this "hot touch" yesterday at the Reformatory.

—The remains of Mrs. Samuel Swartz were interred yesterday afternoon in Walnut Ridge cemetery. The funeral was conducted from Wall-street Methodist church by the Rev. C. E. Asbury. Many people attended the services.

—Ira Williams is on trial in the Circuit Court on the charge of feloniously assaulting Hugh Mitchell. The first witness introduced was Mr. Mitchell. The defense has introduced several witnesses. The case will be concluded to-day.

—The petit jury impaneled in the Circuit Court yesterday is composed of the following: H. D. Peet, Jerry Courtney, Jas. A. Garner, William Noe, Fred Lewis, William Monk, Simon Bolley, George Bower, Isaac Strutt, J. Lamaster, T. J. Richardson and Peter Piers.

—Mrs. Bridget Gleason died at her home on West Front street last night of heart disease. She was the widow of John Gleason. Mrs. Gleason leaves three sons and two daughters, Robert, Thomas and John Gleason, Mary Gleason and Mrs. Andrew Kimmick. Robert is one of the keepers at the Reformatory. The time of the funeral has not yet been announced.

—Judge Marsh, in deciding the case of Isa Standiford against C. E. Martin, as guardian of Aquilla Standiford, a person of unsound mind, wherein suit had been filed to enforce the settlement of a note, has ruled that inasmuch as Aquilla Standiford was of sound mind when the note, or contract, was executed, suit could now be brought against him alone, but his guardian could not be involved. Aquilla Standiford is dead.

—Frank Doughty indulged in a drink at Scottsburg, and it nearly cost him his life. He is a farmer and drove to town to pay his taxes. The subject of taxation annoyed him to the extent that he took several drinks. Returning home his team roamed at will and overturned the vehicle to which they were attached. The animals became entangled in a barbed wire fence, where they were found the following morning by J. W. Blunt. Doughty had been under the wagon all night. He sustained a crushed hip.

—The habeas corpus proceeding filed in the Circuit Court against J. S. McCauley by Mrs. Rachael Glossbrenner, to compel Mr. McCauley to surrender possession of his seven-year-old daughter, Edith McCauley, to a guardian, the charge being made that she has been willfully neglected, will be heard November 30. L. A. Douglass, counsel for Mr. McCauley, moved to strike out the entire proceedings, which he characterized as "impertinent, false and scandalous." Judge Marsh held that proof was lacking on this issue.

Urgent Appeal From Flower Mission.

[Communicated.]

We trust the principals, teachers and children of our public schools will remember us as generously this year as in the past, with money, provisions and clothing. The Flower Mission reaches the extreme poverty in all parts of the city.

Many mothers kept their children in school this fall, because they had been comfortably clothed by our mission. Old clothes soon wear out, and mothers and children are depending on us for a fresh supply. Let them not be disappointed, either in clothing or Thanksgiving dinner.

We are greatly in need of money also, to keep up our expenses. As has been repeatedly stated, the Flower Mission is not a self-supporting organization. It is the almoner of the people, depending on them for the scope of its usefulness. Like every mission of the kind, it must have money to meet its needs; and, as it is God's work, we can safely trust it to Him.

Please send donations to 207 West Chestnut street, Wednesday. All mothers who apply Thursday will please come in the rear gate. Money to 814 Third avenue.

MR. HUFFAKER TO HAVE AN OFFICE.

Fiscal Court Appropriates $150 For the Furnishings—Keyer Succeeds McCann.

Commonwealth's Attorney Joseph M. Huffaker will have a properly appointed office in the annex to the courthouse. The Fiscal Court yesterday appropriated $150 for this purpose.

The newly appointed member of the court, Mr. Joseph M. Keyer, who succeeds Police Judge John McCann, took his seat and was appointed as a member of the Courthouse Committee.

ELECTED TREASURER OF WATER COMPANY.

Wilson H. Escott the Choice of the Board of Directors By Unanimous Vote.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Louisville Water Company held on Monday evening last, Wilson H. Escott was elected treasurer of the company by a unanimous vote. He succeeds Mr. Wm. F. Ingram. Mr. Escott has been officially connected with the company for several years, during which time his services were very satisfactory, he having proved himself a faithful and competent official.

RIVER AND WEATHER

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West from Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation during the twenty-four hours ended November 26, at 7 p. m.:

Sta.	Tem.	Pre.	Sta.	Tem.	Pre.
New York	32	.00	Cincinnati	40	.00
Pittsburg	32	.02	Indianapolis	38	.00
Washington	40	.00	Chicago	32	.00
Charlotte	50	.00	Chattanooga	52	.00
Atlanta	52	.00	Davenport	46	.00
Jacksonville	64	.00	Marquette	[illegible]	.00
Montgomery	60	.00	St. Paul	36	.00
New Orleans	62	.00	Bismarck	38	.00
Galveston	61	.00	North Platte	48	.00
Cor's Christi	68	.00	Omaha	54	.00
Palestine	66	.00	Kansas City	54	.00
Vicksburg	62	.00	Dodge City	58	.00
Little Rock	58	.00	Oklahoma	60	.00
Memphis	54	.00	Amarillo	58	.00
Nashville	50	.00	Abilene	66	.00
Cairo	52	.00	El Paso	70	.00
St. Louis	50	.00			

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Nov. 26, 1901.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.36	30.36
Temperature	32	43
Dewpoint	27	29
Humidity	78	56
Wind, direction	W	N
Wind, velocity	5	3
Weather	Clear	Pt.Cloudy

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, Nov. 26, 1901.

Maximum temperature	46
Minimum temperature	32
Mean temperature	39
Normal temperature	43
Departure for day	—4
Departure for month	—96
Departure since March 1	+133
Prevailing winds	Variable
Mean barometer	30.36
Mean relative humidity	67
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.14
Departure for day	—.14
Departure for month	—2.37
Departure since March 1	—9.96

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

Indiana, from and to Cincinnati....Big Kanawha, from and to Carrollton....John W. Thomas, from and to Evansville.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Bonanza, Capt. Bryant, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Big Kanawha, Capt. Dugan, for Carrollton at 4 p. m....Henry Harley, Capt. Zoll, for Tell City, Rockport, Owensboro, Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was falling last evening with 4 feet 1 inch in the canal, 1 foot 11 inches on the falls and 6 feet at the foot of the locks. Business good. Weather clear and pleasant.

DRIFTWOOD.

Make room at the levee for boats and business. The boom is on....There will be lots of coal here in a few days and business will be brisk....The Henry Harley leaves for Evansville this afternoon....The John W. Thomas left for Evansville yesterday afternoon with a good trip....Ought to open the "B'ar trap" and let the Ohio river run dry. Taking down the wickets will help some....Col. Hite and Superintendent Wilson are not asleep to the interests of their patrons on both sides of the river between this city and Evansville. Quick to take advantage of a resumption of navigation they will turn loose the large boats of the Louisville and Evansville Mail Company, all of which have been put in the most perfect condition for business. The Tarascon, Capt. Zoll, will leave for Evansville to-morrow afternoon; the sidewheel Morning Star, Capt. Ryan, will go Saturday and the Tell City, Capt. Ballard, will leave next Tuesday. The Henry Harley will run in the Evansville and Rockport trade until the John W. Thomas is put in No. 1 condition to run regularly in that trade. The Bellevue will return to the Derby, Salt river and lower coast trade....The Falls City comes off the canal dock to-day, and the hull of the E. G. Ragon goes on to be converted into a first-class barge for the L. and E. Mail Company....The C. B. Pearce leaves for Frankfort Friday. She goes through to Valley View, leaving every Monday....The Executive Committee of the National Board of Steam Navigation met at the office of the secretary in New York November 14 for the especial purpose of taking action against the unjust discrimination of being obliged to affix revenue stamps to bills of lading and shipping receipts on steam vessels, while stamps on express receipts, telegrams and other Government items of expense to transportation companies have been repealed....It is expected that 25,000,000 bushels of coal will be shipped from Pittsburg on the present rise....Capt. James Peel contemplates entering the Kentucky river trade with the Golden Gate. Capt. Peel is very popular in the trade, and will no doubt meet with success....The Virginia left Cincinnati for Pittsburg yesterday, and the Keystone State goes to-morrow....The Cincinnati, Louisville and Memphis packets resume their trips by starting the New South or Sunshine next Sunday. All the boats of this line are in fine condition....The Golden Rod has gone up the river to look after Government lights....The pilots give the following list of towboats at Pittsburg Monday that were tied up by reason of the steamers having no pilots: The John W. Alles, Little Fred, Enterprise, Clifton, I. N. Burton, Dave Wood, Stella Moren, B. D. Wood, Bertha, Belle McGowan, Ed Roberts, Nellie Walton, J. C. Risher, Acorn, Maggie, William G. Horner, Little Dick, Tornado, Jim Brown, Voyager, Charles Clarke, Clifton, Hornet No. 2, T. J. Wood, Wilmot, Adelle, Jim Brown and Charles Jutte....The Calderwood and tow that were stuck at Warsaw were due down last evening....The J. O. Cole, with a big raft, was due down last night....Capt. Marion Ryan is out and all right again....The sidewheel steamers City of Louisville, Capt. Brennan, and City of Cincinnati, Capt. Bryant, are in the most perfect condition to resume their daily trips between this city and Cincinnati soon as the river rises to a stage that will permit them to run without hindrance....Capt. Ferguson, who left Mound City several days ago to walk to Cairo, has not been heard from, and it is feared he has met with foul play....It takes about 3,000 men to move the present coal fleet from Pittsburg.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The river coal companies to-day shipped 3,565,000 bushels of coal to Southern points, making the total shipment on the present rise amount to about 5,000,000 bushels. The crest of the rise reached Pittsburg to-day, the marks in the Ohio river at Davis Island dam showing 11.5 feet. Late to-night the stage was 11.3 feet and falling. The cold weather has checked the rise. The stage of water was sufficient to allow of the sending out of coal boats, though each towboat had to be helped past Logstown by smaller steamers. Some of the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company's boats will not have their complete tow until after the Bellaire bridge is passed when the large tows will be made up. The People's Coal Company sent out the Oakland with fourteen coal boats and two barges bound for Louisville. The A. R. Budd Company sent out the Frank Gilmore with six coal boats and the Lookout with four barges. Twenty-three towboats including the pool boats, passed Davis Island dam with 100 coalboats and fifty-five barges. There was no new feature in the pilots' strike, both sides being still confident that the other will give in. The larger packets resumed their trips to-day.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 26.—River 13 feet and rising. Weather cloudy and cold. Departed: Bessie Smith, Parkersburg, 7 a. m.; Bedford, Parkersburg, 11 a. m. Down with coal: Fred Wilson and Josh Cook, 3 p. m.; Sam Clark and Joseph Walton, 5 p. m.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—[Special.]—The river marks 7 feet. Weather clear and pleasant. The river will be rising here to-morrow. Departures: Sunshine, for Pomeroy; Helen M. Gould, for Higginsport; Bonanza, for Louisville; Cando, for Chilo. The Pittsburg and Cincinnati Packet Company decided to send out the Virginia to Pittsburg. She has received much freight to-day, and left at 5 p. m. The steamer Keystone State will follow Thursday. Indications point to a general resumption of navigation. River men say the low-water season is at an end. Saturday the steamer New South will be sent to Memphis. It is likely that the regular Louisville packets will resume business the end of this week. The Golden Rod left to-day for the upper Ohio. She took 4,500 gallons of oil, which will be distributed. The Workum goes to Vevay to-morrow. The Sea Lion arrived to-day with seven barges of ties. J. V. Reynolds left for Louisville to-day.

Madison, Ind., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—River 6.5 feet, falling. Fair and cool.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—River 1.5 feet and falling. Weather clear and cool. All local packets were delayed several hours to-day, owing to the heavy fog. The Charleston left for the Tennessee river at 6 p. m. Capt. Sam Schroeder has chartered the Reichtman, and will use her for towing ties out of the Tennessee river this winter. The Lotus, from St. Louis, passed into the Tennessee river this morning after a load of mussel shells. The Thomas Parker is due from the Tennessee river.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 26.—River 2.3 feet and rising. Weather clear and warmer.

Cairo, Ill., Nov. 26.—River 3 feet. Weather cloudy and warmer. Arrived: City of Memphis, St. Louis, 5 p. m.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—River 3.2 feet and stationary. Arrived and departed: Rees Lee, Memphis. Weather cloudy and mild.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 26.—River .1 of a foot and stationary. Weather cloudy and cool.

MUNYON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

When Prof. Munyon says his **Dyspepsia Cure** will cure indigestion and all forms of stomach trouble he simply tells the truth. It will cure a stomach that has been abused by over-eating and over-drinking. It will cure a stomach that has been weakened by old-style drugs. It will do much toward making an old stomach act like a sound one. At all druggists, 25 cents. Fifty-six other cures. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Sales This Week

By STUCKY, QUEST & CO., 513 W. Main Street.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 27, at 9:30 a. m., a large stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, including Ladies', Misses' and Children's Custom-made Goods, LADIES' FINE WELT SHOES, and a good, general line of Shoes of all grades and sizes for winter wear. No sale Thursday.
TERMS CASH.
STUCKY, QUEST & CO., Auctioneers.

STEAMBOATS.

SIDEWHEEL STEAMERS

Indiana and Bonanza FOR CINCINNATI

at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday; Sunday at 9 a. m. Big Kanawha for Madison and Carrollton at 4 p. m. daily, except Sunday. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

LOUISVILLE AND EVANSVILLE MAIL CO.—For Owensboro, Evansville and way points. Steamers TARASCON, TELL CITY, MORNING STAR leave daily, except Sunday, 4 p. m. Wharfboat foot of Fourth ave. Telephone 496.
C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

TROUSERS Made To Order **$3.00 To $3.50**

Samples and Blank Measurements—FREE.
NATIONAL PANTS CO.,
P. O. Box 108. St. Louis, Mo.

MUSIC HALL, MARKET ST., Bet. 1st and 2d.

Central, Capacious, Clean, Comfortable. Its safety has been attested by the constant immense gatherings within its walls.

OPEN DATES.

Upper Hall for public meetings, lectures, concerts, entertainments.

The Lower Hall, with seating capacity for 1,000, especially adapted for Recitals, Concerts, Fairs, large Euchre Parties, Banquets, Business Meetings and Social Entertainments.

Upper rooms for Lodge Meetings or Dancing Classes.

FURNITURE.

Sideway, General Utility and Bedside

Tables

Suitable for all purposes a table can be put to, and the only table that can be used to serve a meal in bed

Sold Exclusively By

Bennett Bros. Co.

W. H. EUDY, Mgr. 646-648 FOURTH AVE.

AUCTION SALES.

Central Property At Auction!

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1901, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

Upon the premises, 530 First street, between Green and Walnut, we will sell the house formerly occupied by the "Young Women's Boarding Home," being a well-built three-story brick dwelling, with halls and about twenty-six rooms. Good brick stable on rear of lot; large lot. A fine investment for right party.
Terms at sale. Come, get keys and examine property.
FIDELITY TRUST AND SAFETY VAULT CO., Agents.
HARDY BURTON & CO., Auctioneers.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED — LIVE SALESMAN IN EVERY COUNTY—State experience and salary expected. ROBINSON CO., Toledo, O.

WANTED—Two salesmen for Collier's Weekly. D. H. LYONS, Room 49 American National Bank building.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—By JOHN H. BRAND & CO., n. e. cor. Fifth and Market:
124 E. Broadway, an elegant 3-story brick residence; 55 feet front. The owner is leaving city and a chance for a bargain if sold at once. Will sell on easy terms or will take desirable property in part payment.

FOR SALE—Florida orange grove; 1,000 trees, bearing; 240 acres of land in tract, on beautiful lake, in Orange county; price $3,000. DR. S. H. GARVIN, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE — 2-story brick, 6 rooms, cheap; need money. Also good farm on electric line. Address W 10, this office.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—The best stand in this city. Established 1878. CASH trade of $75,000 per year, with small expenses. Investigate immediately, as I am going to Colorado to stay. This is a rare chance to get a good, paying business for a song. The houses will be sold without the stock if desired. Step right into a good thing, as everything is ready, or will be ready December 1. Our Christmas trade is something worth having. J. W. SAWYER, 356 and 358 E. Market.

FOR SALE—Grocery and meat store fixtures, scales, trucks, blocks, counters, shelving, coffee mill, 2 iron safes, typewriter, letter press, mimeograph, phonograph, tools, etc. J. W. SAWYER, 354, 356, 358 E. Market and Preston.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—Chandeliers, different sizes, for gas or for oil lamps, suitable for churches and halls; also bracket lights and a large lot of globes. Apply to or address MANAGER MUSIC HALL, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—8 lbs. good coffee, roasted, for $1 while it lasts; 10 lbs. wash soda, 10c; 8 lbs. lump starch, 25c; bacon, 9½c; tea, of fine quality, 40c. Closing our our grocery stock. J. W. SAWYER, 354 Market and Preston.

FOR SALE—Fashionable boarding-house, full of good-paying boarders, and making $75 clear each month; owner in bad health. Address S 13, this office.

FOR SALE—An orange grove of 300 trees bearing; 40 acres of good land; will pay for itself in 4 years; price $2,500. J. W. SAMPLE, Bartow, Fla.

FOR SALE—Coffee mill, ice box, ½ chest size tea cans, gas engine, pullies, shafting, hangers, etc. J. W. SAWYER, 356-358 Market and Preston.

FOR SALE—Printing press, 7x11, O. S. Gordon; 50 type cases, 1 mailing machine, etc. J. W. SAWYER, 356-358 Market and Preston.

FOR SALE—VIOLINS—Very valuable old and new violins; bargains. Also everything musical. D. P. FAULDS, 432 W. Walnut.

FOR SALE—A general store in one of the best cities in Kentucky; a growing place; good reasons. Address Z 18, this office.

FOR SALE—A fine soda water apparatus at 916 Twelfth.

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND FLATS.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Partly furnished residence 9 rooms, Grand boulevard; water and gas; modern; low rent. Apply 334 Fourth.

PERSONAL.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—Ladies. La Conte's Pennyroyal, Tansy and Cotton Root Pills positively relieve suppressed menses. Must not use during pregnancy; will cause mishap. By mail, $1. LA CONTE MED. CO., Richmond, Va.

PERSONAL—Ladies. $500 reward for a case of obstinate suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve; harmless, vegetable, safe, sure. DR. JACKSON R. CO., R 847, 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

LOST.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—A tan leather purse with letter L on front. Return to Temple Theater and receive reward. No questions asked.

LOST—Diamond stud; liberal reward if returned to DR. COCHRAN, 1615 Third.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BUSINESS CHANCE. — Man with $500 to take interest and act as treasurer; responsible comedy company; experience unnecessary; can draw salary also; big profits; answer quick. Address R 11, this office.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—GO WAY BACK AND SIT DOWN
In our very private office and let us explain our terms. We make loans to honest employes upon their personal notes without security. We have been criticised for giving such low rates. The critics are right, but we must do more business. NO one need ever know.
Every $1 paid off reduces cost.
"EVERY TRANSACTION SACREDLY CONFIDENTIAL."
No red tape to puzzle you.
LOANS $10 TO $100. CALL TO-DAY.
Office open Monday and Saturday eves.
We take no chattel mortgage.
We loan only on personal notes.
LOUISVILLE CREDIT CO., 515 Fourth, Room 12 Courier-Journal Building.

WANTED—Money to all honest people on any form of security; easy terms and courteous treatment. EMPLOYES' SUPPLY CO., Room 1 Courier-Journal Office Building, 515 Fourth ave., Tel. 3928—Y.

WANTED—Louisville College of Dentistry, Brook and Broadway, offers free dental services of all kinds to those deserving service. Hours 12 to 6 p. m. Come early.

WANTED—High-grade upright piano. Address A. PRIESTLY, Station A, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Profitable work offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL and THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first-rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. THE CURTIS PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Capable general agents, who have had experience in selling subscription books, to travel, employ and train canvassing agents. Write, stating age, extent of experience, number and name of books sold, etc. N. D. THOMPSON PUBLISHING CO., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Energetic man of business ability as general agent to manage and control subagents for the sale of high-grade men's shoes from sample outfit. Write J. F. ZIMMER CO., Chicago.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Mechanics qualified for advancement. Our free booklet, "Are Your Hands Tied?" tells how thousands have doubled or largely increased their earning capacity through our spare time instruction by mail. Write to the INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS, Box 1634, Scranton, Pa., or call day or evening at the Louisville office, 436 W. Jefferson st.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; only eight weeks required; best trade in existence for a poor man; special inducements at present; tools presented; diplomas granted; can earn scholarship, board, tools, transportation if desired. Write for particulars, MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—A man between 25 and 30, unmarried, to travel with employer and do collecting; salary $15 per week and railroad fares; must furnish $200 real estate bond. Apply to MR. HACKER, Willard Hotel, between 6 and 8 p. m.

WANTED—Greatest money-making economic discovery, revolutionizing one necessity of life. Want hustler in every county. Splendid inducement. Exclusive territory. Particulars free. PYROZONE COMPANY, 29 Star Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Everywhere; hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. SUN ADVERTISING BUREAU, Chicago.

WANTED—Clerks, collectors, watchmen, bartenders, drivers, stenographers, office men, janitors, porters. Apply HOME EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 218 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—An experienced restaurant manager, man preferred, to run club restaurant. Apply at n. w. cor. Brook and Broadway to-day.

WANTED—Good, reliable boys to serve as messengers. Apply at once WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO., Third and Main sts.

WANTED—Carriage painters, trimmers and gear mounters. Address BROWN CARRIAGE CO., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Girls, pants hands; experienced on power machine; best wages paid to first-class hands. MARCUS BROS., 12 East Pearl st., Cincinnati, O.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 12 1-2 cents a line; nothing taken for less than 30 cents. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—630 W. CHESTNUT ST.—An elegant private residence, suitable for first-class boarding-house, in central part of the city; it has 16 rooms, with all modern conveniences, and stable and servants' quarters. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST AND SAFETY VAULT CO., 206 to 210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—A splendid storeroom at 632 Fourth st., in one of the best business blocks in the city. Apply to FIDELITY TRUST AND SAFETY VAULT CO., 206 to 210 Fifth st.

Wintersmith's Chill Tonic is the best for Colds and Grip.

AMUSEMENTS.

TEMPLE THEATER. **MEFFERT STOCK CO.**
Every Afternoon and Night.
THE CRUST OF SOCIETY
Mat. 10, 15, 25. Night 15, 25, 35, 50.
LOTTIE CLADSTONE, BESSIE CILBERT, RUTH NELTA

MACAULEY'S TO-NIGHT ONLY!
Liebler & Co. announce Mr. KYRLE BELLEW and an eminent supporting company in
A Gentleman Of France.
Prices 25c to $1.50. Next—Florodora.

AUDITORIUM Tuesday, Wednesday, Dec. 3-4. Matinee Wednesday.
HENRIETTA CROSMAN IN **MISTRESS NELL.**
Prices: 25c to $1.50. NOW ON SALE.

Mat. Thur. and Sat. 10, 15, 25c. **AVENUE** Every Night and Thanksgiving Mat. 15, 25c, 50c.
ON THE SUWANEE RIVER
STELLA MAYHEW as AUNT LINDY.
Great Cast, Special Scenery and Effects. Clever Specialties. Next Week—Lost In the Desert.

Miss Clara Morris

Friday evening, November 29, in a lecture on "The Stage and the Drama" at the Auditorium, under the auspices of the Alumnae Club. Prices 25c to $2. Tickets at Auditorium office, 422 Fourth avenue.

Pianola Recital

every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, at Smith & Nixon's Hall, 622-624 Fourth ave. You are cordially invited.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.—Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets.

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday. a Sunday only. a Stops at Fourth street.

From Tenth and Broadway Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	a* 3:15am	* 2:45am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:20am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:35pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 4:25pm	a*11:40am
Atlanta, New Orleans and Memphis	* 9:30pm	* 8:30am
Atlanta, New Orleans and Memphis	* 3:00am	* 2:30am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 2:45pm	*12:45pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:10am	* 7:05pm
Bowling Green Accom	† 5:15pm	†10:25pm
Middlesboro Mail	* 8:25am	* 4:20pm
Knoxville Express	* 8:30pm	* 6:30am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:10pm	† 8:00am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 7:40am	† 5:45pm

From First and Water-street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	† 7:20am	† 7:05pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 7:20am	†11:57am
Frankfort and Lexington	† 2:00pm	† 5:30pm
Frankfort Accom.	† 4:00pm	† 8:10am
Bloomfield Accom.	* 5:10pm	† 8:30am
Bloomfield Accom.	s 5:10pm	s 9:05am
Bloomfield Accom.	† 7:30am	† 5:50pm
Lagrange Accom.	† 6:10pm	† 7:35am
Lagrange Accom.	† 5:00pm	† 7:05pm
Lagrange Accom.	s 9:15am	s 7:10pm
Beard Accommodation.	† 8:05am	†10:45am
Prospect Trains	† 6:20am	† 7:48am
	* 8:25am	*10:10am
	* 2:05pm	* 4:45pm
	† 4:30pm	† 6:15pm

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Union Depot, Seventh and river—Time-card effective November 24, 1901:

LOUISVILLE DIVISION.

No. 1, daily, 8 a. m., Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Versailles, Georgetown (except Sunday), Lexington, Burgin and all points South via Q. and C. Sleeper to Asheville, Harriman and Knoxville. Returning ar. 7:30 p. m.

No. 5, daily, 7:15 a. m., Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Versailles, Georgetown, Lexington and Burgin. Returning ar. 10:45 a. m.

No. 3, daily, 7:25 p. m., Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Versailles, Lexington and all points South. Sleeper to Birmingham via Chattanooga. Returning ar. 8:05 a. m.

No. 9, leaves Louisville at 4 p. m., Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Versailles, Georgetown, Lexington and Burgin. Returning ar. at 7 p. m.

ST. LOUIS DIVISION.

No. 4, daily, 9 a. m., Evansville and St. Louis. Lv. New Albany 9:20 a. m. Parlor and dining cars. Returning ar. 5:45 p. m.

No. 2, daily, 9 p. m., Evansville and St. Louis. Lv. New Albany 9:30 p. m. Sleeper to St. Louis. Returning ar. 7:30 a. m.

No 10, daily, 6 p. m., Evansville. Returning ar. 12:16 p. m.

No. 4 connects with branch trains to Rockport and Cannelton.

B. AND O. S. W.—Union Depot, Seventh and river. Cincinnati and the East: St. Louis and the West:

No. 14, daily, 2:30 a. m., for Cincinnati, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Sleeper to Cincinnati.

No. 16, daily, 8:05 a. m., for Cincinnati, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Chair car and sleeper to Cincinnati.

No. 18, daily, 2 p. m., for Cincinnati, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 20, daily, 5:45 p. m., for Cincinnati and points East and North, has Parlor Dining Car and Pullman Sleeper.

No. 16, 2:30 a. m.; No. 14, 8:05 a. m.; No. 44, 8:20 p. m., daily, for St. Louis, Springfield and the West. Sleepers to St. Louis.

Trains from East and West ar. 7:06 a. m., 11:52 a. m., 5:55 p. m. From East, 9:30 p. m. also.

BIG FOUR ROUTE (Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway)—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

Daily, except Sunday, 8 a. m., for Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Mattoon, St. Louis, Danville, Peoria, Lafayette, Chicago, Greensburg, Anderson, Alexandria, Wabash, Elkhart, Niles and Benton Harbor. Returning ar. 6:30 p. m.

Daily, 8 p. m., for Greensburg, Indianapolis, Peoria, Lafayette and Chicago. Sleeper to Chicago. Returning ar. 7:30 a. m.

FROM CINCINNATI.

No. 43, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Sleepers and dining cars.

No. 16, daily, 2:25 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Parlor cars and sleepers.

No. 18, daily, 6:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Sleepers and dining cars.

No. 28, daily, 9:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Sleepers.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY—Union Depot, Seventh and river. Schedule in effect March 1, 1901:

F. F. V. LIMITED, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Sleeper to New York and dining car out of Louisville. Returning ar. 8 p. m.

WASHINGTON EXPRESS, daily, 6 p. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Sleeper to Washington and dining car out of Louisville. Returning ar. 11 a. m.

LEXINGTON SHORT LINE trains daily, 8:30 a. m. and 6 p. m., for Shelbyville, Frankfort, Lexington, Winchester and Mt. Sterling. Returning ar. 8 p. m. and 11 a. m.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES—Louisville Union Station, Tenth and Broadway. Leaving time is given for Tenth and Broadway Station. Trains leave Fourteenth and Main streets 14 minutes later.

*Daily except Sunday. All other trains daily.
†Leave and arrive Fourteenth street only.

From Louisville to	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis, local	†6:25am	†10:15am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:30am	7:10pm
Indianapolis, local	*1:45pm	*9:45pm
Indianapolis, Pittsburg and east	4:00pm	11:30am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:30pm	7:00am

EAST VIA L. & N. AND PENNSYLVANIA (from Tenth and Broadway Station only.)

From Louisville to	Leave.	Arrive.
Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington	1:00pm	11:40am
Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Washington and New York	4:25pm	2:25pm
Philadelphia, Pittsburg, New York and Washington	3:15am	8:30pm

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

No. 103, daily, 9:40 p. m., for Memphis and New Orleans. Sleepers, dining and chair cars. Returning ar. 7:45 a. m.

No. 101, daily, 12:01 p. m., for Memphis and New Orleans. Sleeper and dining cars. Connection to and from Owensboro and Hodgenville (excepting Sunday). Returning ar. 5:35 p. m.

No. 121, daily, 7:30 a. m., for Fulton, Paducah and intermediate points. Connection to and from Elizabethtown (except Sunday), Hodgenville (except Sunday), Evansville, Henderson and Hopkinsville. Returning ar. 4:55 p. m.

No. 131, daily, 4:30 p. m., for Central City. Connection to Elizabethtown and Hodgenville, except on Sunday. Arriving 10 a. m.

Illinois Central trains afford connections for all points in Arkansas, Texas and the Southwest.

MONON ROUTE—Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway—Union Station, Tenth and Broadway:

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. For French Lick also, except on Sunday. Parlor and dining cars. Returning ar. 7:09 p. m.

No. 8, daily, except Sunday, 2:23 p. m., for French Lick and Bloomington. Returning ar. 10:27 a. m.

No. 4, daily, 8:20 p. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Sleepers to Chicago. Returning ar. 7:45 a. m.

HENDERSON ROUTE—Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis Railway—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

No. 41, daily, 7:45 a. m., for Owensboro, Henderson, Evansville and St. Louis. Connects for Fordsville, Hardinsburg and Falls-of-Rough. Returning ar. 7:45 p. m.

No. 43, daily, 4:45 p. m., for Owensboro, Henderson and Evansville, connects for Fordsville, Hardinsburg and Falls-of-Rough. Returning ar. 12:15 p. m.

No. 45, 8:35 p. m., for Owensboro, Henderson, Evansville and St. Louis. Sleeper to St. Louis. Returning ar. 7:30 a. m.

Some people cannot take quinine. They should try Wintersmith's Tonic for Colds and Grip.



THE TRICK.

A TRICK may involve deceit or it may be a display of peculiar skill. There is deceit in some soaps, but there is none in Ivory Soap; it is a display of peculiar skill. It will stand any test and can be relied upon to do all that is claimed for it.

IVORY SOAP IS 99⁴⁴⁄₁₀₀ PER CENT. PURE.

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LONG TALK.

Mr. Suter Consults With Mayor Grainger.

TWO HOURS' CONFERENCE.

APPOINTMENTS GO TO COUNCIL DECEMBER 10.

MR. MUIR IS ELIGIBLE.

On the night of December 10 Mayor Grainger will send his appointments to the General Council for confirmation. These appointments will include members of the two executive boards, Controller, City Buyer and Gas Inspector. It is known who will be appointed to fill eight of the nine offices. The place concerning which there is doubt is the third member of the Board of Public Safety.

Mr. R. Lee Suter, whose appointment to the place has been made uncertain by the statement that six Aldermen would refuse to confirm the Mayor's appointment, called on Mayor Grainger yesterday afternoon and remained with him for nearly two hours. While Mr. Suter was having his chat with the Mayor the ante-room became filled with people. Mr. Suter had his talk out, however, before any other person saw the Mayor. It is probable that the Mayor has decided by this time whether he will appoint Mr. Suter. The consensus of opinion is that his name will be sent to the Aldermen with the other appointees. If Mr. Suter should not succeed in landing the position on the board it is said that he will be made attorney for the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners.

* * *

Mr. Muir Eligible.

Mr. Sidney Muir, the newly-elected License Inspector, is attending to his duties. The claim that Mr. Muir was not a resident of the city and was therefore ineligible to hold a municipal office develops to be without foundation. While Mr. Muir has been living at Pewee, his permanent residence is in Louisville and he voted here in the last election.

* * *

Reager Calls On Dyler.

Mr. W. T. Reager, elected Wharfmaster by the Republican members of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, called on Mr. John Dyler yesterday and made another demand for the possession of the office. Mr. Dyler refused to surrender and respectfully referred Mr. Reager to the courts. Mr. Dyler has been recognized as the legal Wharfmaster by the board and also by Mr. F. I. Brocar, the retiring Wharfmaster, who was a Republican.

Arrested For Larceny.

August Handeges, thirteen years old, was arrested yesterday morning by Detectives Daly and Walker on the charge of petit larceny. The boy's home is on Market street, near Twenty-fifth. He was employed as a cash boy at C. E. Overstreet & Co.'s dry goods store on Fourth avenue. Yesterday morning a savings bank which contained $12 disappeared from the safe in the store. The boy was near the safe when the money disappeared. He was arrested and taken to the detectives' office, where he confessed his guilt.

Harry Walters' Face "Scraped."

Harry Walters' face was badly disfigured by a peculiar accident at Eighth and Walnut streets yesterday afternoon. Walters is eight years old. He and a playmate were amusing themselves by riding one another on a small two-wheel cart. A wide board served as a bed, and it had no sideboards. The improvised vehicle was not more than a foot high. Walters was lying upon it with his face down. His companion was pulling with all his might and the cart was traveling at a pretty fast gait over the asphalt street. Walters' face was not more than six inches from the asphalt when the tongue of the cart broke. The boy's face struck the pavement. Before he could jerk his head up the blood was flowing from his right cheek and nose. The boy lives on Walnut street, near Tenth.

WELCOME ARRANGED FOR CLARA MORRIS.

Will Be Met At Depot and Driven Over City During Afternoon—Reception At Auditorium.

The Alumnae Club, under whose auspices the lecture of Clara Morris, the famous emotional actress, will be given at the Auditorium on Friday night, is preparing to give this noted woman a true Kentucky welcome. She will arrive about noon Friday from Cincinnati, where she made her debut on the stage many years ago, and will be met at the depot by a reception committee, composed of members of the club, and driven to the Galt House, where she will stay while in Louisville. In the afternoon Miss Morris will be the guest of Mrs. Charles W. Gheens in a carriage ride over the city, Mesdames Alma D. Bergman and Clarence L. Martin accompanying.

The lecture on "The Drama and the Stage" will begin promptly at 8:15 o'clock, Miss Morris being introduced by Dr. E. L. Powell, pastor of the First Christian Church. The audience is expected to be a brilliant one. The seat sale has been very good and the demand will probably be exceptionally heavy during the three remaining days to purchase tickets. Several of the boxes will be filled. Mrs. Henry Watterson will have a party of friends in one, while Mesdames Charles P. Weaver and T. L. Jefferson will be hostesses in another.

At the conclusion of the lecture the Alumnae Club's officers will hold an informal reception on the stage to meet Miss Morris.

DO NOT BELIEVE THAT HE COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Thomas E. Bannon's Death Attributed To Overdose of Morphine By Mistake.

Thomas E. Bannon died suddenly of morphine poisoning at his home, Thirty-fourth and Rudd avenue, yesterday morning.

The circumstances surrounding his death caused many of the citizens of the neighborhood to believe that he committed suicide. His relatives, however, are certain that he took an overdose of the poison by mistake. Coroner McCullough also holds that view.

Bannon was well known in the West End. He was twenty-eight years of age and was a clerk in his father's store. He occasionally drank too much, and this is said to have been the cause of his separation from his wife.

He was drinking on Monday night and sent to Newhall's drug store for two grains of morphine. The druggist refused to let his brother, the messenger, have it without a note. The note was written and Bannon secured the drug. This was one of his ways of sobering and his family paid no attention to his buying the poison.

He went to bed and did not get up for breakfast. At 11 o'clock, when his brother went to awaken him, he was dead. Coroner McCullough's verdict was death from morphine poisoning.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

IN TRUST

Mrs. Zack Phelps Leaves Her Estate.

GRAND JURY INDICTMENTS.

SINGLETON GETS TWO YEARS FOR STEALING A WATCH.

TWO SUE FOR DIVORCE.

The will of Mrs. Amy K. Phelps, the widow of Mr. Zack Phelps, was probated yesterday. The Louisville Trust Company is named as executor and trustee. It is provided that $5,000 be invested in securities and held in trust for Mrs. Phelps' daughter, Amy Elliott Phelps, and the residue of the estate is to be held in trust for the daughter and sons, John K. Phelps and Zack Phelps, until they are twenty-five years old, when they are each to receive one-third, if they have good habits and show a disposition and ability to care for their property. If this be not the case, their shares are to be held in trust until such time as the trustee may determine it advisable to give any of them their shares in fee. The trustee is advised to consult with John H. Phelps, W. E. Kaye and Fred Hoertz. Mrs. Phelps was the sole devisee and executrix of her husband's estate, which was valued at over $75,000.

The will of Honora Gleason was probated. The following bequests are made: St. Boniface church, $50 for masses; Mrs. Ellen Redington, testatrix's sister, $200; nieces, Mrs. Mary Ellen Hanlon and Mrs. Annie Redington, $100 each. Mrs. Nellie Auger is given $300 and the residue of the estate.

Two Years For Stealing a Watch.

William Singleton was convicted yesterday of stealing a watch, chain and charm from Joe Gugle, while asleep in the Haymarket. Singleton was given two years in the penitentiary. Gugle testified that he had been working two days and nights without any sleep and that he sat down in the Haymarket for a moment's rest. Sleep overcame him and when he awoke he discovered that he had been robbed.

Dora Thompson was acquitted on the charge of assaulting Fred Heiss and robbing him of $27. Josie Burns, jointly indicted with her, was dismissed.

Louis Champeon was given five years in the penitentiary for breaking into M. Forman's coal house and stealing a lot of clothing.

The jury failed to agree in the case of Joseph Osborne, charged with shooting and wounding Hiram McCullum.

Grand Jury Indictments.

The grand jury presented the following indictments and adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock:

Grand Larceny—L. P. Sewell, charged with stealing a gold filled watch and chain, the property of John Davis.

Seduction—John Bush, charged with seducing Clara Lee McCutcheon under promise of marriage.

Malicious Cutting—John Cox, charged with cutting Louise Haddox; Aaron Whitfield, charged with cutting James Mudd.

Malicious Shooting at Without Killing—Omah Adams and A. J. Taylor, charged with shooting at R. J. Taylor; William Knight, alias Buck Knight, charged with shooting at Alfred Warner, alias Al Gardiner.

Two Suits For Divorce.

Suit for divorce was entered yesterday by Nora Smith from Jeff Smith. They were married in 1891 in Cincinnati, and drunkenness, cruelty and nonsupport are alleged. Mrs. Smith asks for the custody of their two children. Judge Miller granted a restraining order to prevent Smith from molesting his wife.

Fannie Weggers sued for divorce from William Weggers on the alleged grounds of abandonment and drunkenness. They were married November 28, 1895.

To Settle Belovitch's Estate.

The Louisville Trust Company, as administrator of the estate of Max Belovitch, filed a petition yesterday to settle the estate, which is valued at $5,254.35. Belovitch lost his life in the recent fire in W. D. Gatchel & Sons' store, 343 West Jefferson. Patrolman James Purdon was killed in the same fire.

Court Paragraphs.

—Judge Miller granted a divorce to Lillie Kluth from Henry Kluth.

—Otto Weber entered suit against Joseph Knapp for $2,500 damages for an alleged assault.

—The Louisville Trust Company, as committee of Augustus Myers, sued Thomas F. Coleman on a note for $100.

—George Johnson sued Semonin & Gilbert for $500 damages for injuries received from a hogshead that rolled on his foot.

—Barbara Spatz entered suit for an injunction to prevent J. G. A. Shuster from removing an ice box from the slaughterhouse at 1522 Story avenue.

—A verdict was returned in the Law and Equity division in favor of the Louisville Railway Company in the suit of George Richardson for $5,000 damages for injuries received in being shoved from a street car at Sixteenth and Walnut streets during an alleged altercation between the motorman and a passenger.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 26.—Present, Chief Justice Paynter and Judges Guffy, DuRelle and White.

Hollingsworth vs. Warnock, Greenup; reversed; Chief Justice Paynter not sitting, Judge Hobson sitting in his stead.

Johnson vs. Bush & Curran, etc., Fayette; rehearing granted, former opinion withdrawn and reversed.

Stevens, etc., vs. Roth, etc., Fayette; affirmed.

Bohannon's administratrix vs. Southern Railway Company, Shelby; affirmed.

Bosworth, Sheriff, vs. Kentucky Chautauqua Assembly, Fayette; reversed.

Newton vs. Porter and Ellis, Warren; motion to dismiss sustained and appeal dismissed.

Wait, etc., vs. Commonwealth, Pulaski; motion to strike additional bill of exceptions sustained.

Commonwealth vs. Degha, etc., Campbell; motion for oral argument overruled.

Klein vs. Myers, Kenton; motion to dismiss overruled.

Gleason's administrator vs. Peter & Burghard Stone Company, Jefferson; motion to dismiss appeal overruled.

Board of Trustees of House of Reform vs. City of Lexington, Fayette; motion to advance sustained.

Washington Life Insurance Company vs. Miles, Franklin; motion for oral argument overruled.

Fogg's administrator vs. L. and N. Railroad Company, Simpson; petition for rehearing overruled.

C., N. O. and T. P. Railway Company vs. Cook's administrator, Mercer; motion for oral argument overruled.

L. and N. Railroad Company vs. Marshall, Harrison; agreement filed as to briefs.

Hernstein vs. Dupree, Lewis; appellee filed copies of judgment bond, etc., and moved to dismiss appeal granted below, to which appellants objected and filed an affidavit in support of objection; motion submitted.

Jones vs. Wood, Todd; affidavit of W. B. Reeves filed in objection to appellee's motion.

Aydelotte vs. Breeding, Jefferson; petition for rehearing filed and submitted.

Boughner, etc., vs. Laughlin's executrix, etc., Bracken; on appellant's motion the time for filing a petition for rehearing is extended thirty days.

Tood vs. Cook, Jefferson; petition for rehearing filed by appellant and submitted.

Lowry vs. City of Lexington, Fayette; appellant filed objections to appellee's motion to continue this case.

Sons, etc., vs. Harris and Sons vs. Harris, Madison; appellant's attorney filed affidavits and moved to set aside order of dismissal and enter order "dismissing settled."

Powell vs. Lilly, Madison; appellee filed grounds and moved to affirm as a delay case; motion submitted.

Justice, etc., vs. Phillips, Jr., Pike; petition for rehearing filed and submitted.

Shields vs. Lewis, Nelson; Clerk of Circuit Court tendered a response to certiorari issued Lewis and appellee moved to file same as part of the record herein; motion submitted.

City of Louisville vs. Tyler, and L. and N. Railroad Company vs. Nehan, etc., Jefferson; City of Louisville filed a petition for a modification of the response; submitted.

Cynthiana Building and Loan Association vs. Ecklart, Harrison; agreement filed and motion by consent to advance submitted.

Uhl, etc., vs. Reynolds, Register, etc., Franklin; Guy H. Briggs allowed $5 for his services as warning order attorney herein, to be taxed as cost.

Nelson Bros. vs. city of Lexington, Fayette; appellants given five days to file a brief in response to that of appellee.

Hill vs. Cooksey, etc., Warren; mandate ordered by consent to issue.

Southern Contract Company's assignee vs. Newhouse; agreement and amended statement filed and case submitted with leave.

Lowry vs. Commonwealth of Kentucky, Madison; submitted with leave to appellee to brief.

Court adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Peddlers—Exemption of Persons Selling "Books"—What Constitutes a "Book"—Sale of Territory for Sale of Book—Fraudulent Representation as to Copyright.—Coffey & Co. vs. Hendrick, etc.—(Not to be reported.) Filed November 21, 1901. Appeal from Wayne Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Hobson, reversing.

First—Under Ky. St., Sec. 4218, providing that no person who sells books, pamphlets or papers shall be deemed a peddler within the statute requiring a license of peddlers, a number of sheets well bound for the use of farmers in keeping a record of their transactions, with printed headings and also other printed matter, should be considered a book.

Second—A sale of territory for the sale of a book is within the exception, the substance being the selling of the book.

Third—If the seller of territory for the sale of a book falsely represented that the book was copyrighted when he knew the representation to be false, and but for such representation the contract would not have been made, there was such fraud as constitutes a defense to an action by the seller or his assignee to enforce the contract.

Fourth—The fact that a copy of the book made a part of defendant's answer has printed on the fly-leaf a statement that it is copyrighted does not estop defendant from showing that such is not the fact.

Harrison & Harrison, O. H. & R. B. Waddle for appellants; Hardin & Bertram for appellees.

Burden of Proof—Principal and Agent—Instructions to Jury—Question for Jury.—Barker Cedar Co. vs. Roberts.—(Not to be reported.) Filed November 21, 1901. Appeal from Breathitt Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Hobson, reversing.

First—In an action to recover possession of logs in which defendant by his answer affirmatively alleged that the land from which the logs were cut belonged to him and that the logs were his property, the burden of proof was on plaintiff, and he was entitled to the concluding argument to the jury, as he would have been defeated in the action if no evidence had been given on either side.

Second—It was error to instruct the jury to find for plaintiff as to part of the logs "unless they believed from the evidence that plaintiffs by their agents had given these logs to the defendant for cutting and hauling them," as the authority of the agent to make the arrangements should have been submitted to the jury, plaintiffs not being bound by the act of the agent unless within the apparent scope of his authority.

Third—The location of the dividing line between the lands of the parties was a question for the jury.

Marcum & Pollard for appellant; J. J. C. Bach for appellee.

Mexican Veteran Dead.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 26.—[Special.]—Josiah Trunnell died at his home, near Brown's Valley, this county, to-day, aged eighty-three years. He was born in Bullitt county and moved from there to this county fifty-four years ago. He was a veteran of the Mexican War.

Dimples Not Pimples

Beauty is woman's birthright. It is not a question of youth, for every woman is young if she looks young. Everyone should use



Woodbury's Facial Soap

It removes pimples, blackheads and other blemishes from face, neck and hands, leaving the skin smooth firm and white.

Woodbury's Facial Cream cures chapped faces and hands.

Sold by dealers everywhere, 25 cts. each. Free booklet and sample cake of soap and tube of cream mailed for 5c stamps or coin.

Andrew Jergens & Co., Sole Agts, Dept. 11 Cincinnati, O.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work!"



If you want cleanliness to rule about your house use

GOLD DUST

It removes dirt, grease, smoke-stains and grime from any cause, leaving everything clean and new looking. It does not injure hands or fabrics. It is better and cheaper than soap.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.

NO CHANGE.

Officers of Charity Organization Re-elected.

MR. BLAIN PRESIDENT.

DISBURSEMENTS FOR YEAR AMOUNT TO $3,446.98.

AID OF THE WAYFARERS.

At the home, 221 East Walnut street, the annual meeting of the Louisville Charity Organization Society was held yesterday afternoon. Mrs. William R. Belknap was elected chairman of the meeting, and then the Rev. Wilbur F. Sheridan delivered a prayer. Miss Gallagher, as secretary, read the minutes of the previous meeting, and the reports of the various officers were in order. Mr. J. H. Stites, financial secretary, reported that the annual subscriptions, amounting to $3,408.05, had all been paid in.

Mr. Owen Gathright, treasurer, reported the disbursements for the year to have been $3,446.98. At the election of officers of the Central Council, there was no opposition to the old officers, and they went in without change, as follows:

Randolph H. Blain, president; A. G. Munn, Arthur Peter, vice presidents; John Stites, financial secretary; Thomas D. Osborne, recording secretary; Owen Gathright, treasurer; central council—Andrew Cowan, Edward Grauman, J. S. Bockee, Maj. C. J. F. Allen, Robert H. Otter, Peyton N. Clarke, F. F. Myer, Morris A. Sachs, A. N. Struck, William R. Belknap, Archer M. Robinson, M. S. Barker, John W. Barr, Jr., Bernard Bernheim.

President R. H. Blain gave a full and earnest address on the purposes and needs of organized charity in Louisville. Mr. Edward Grauman and Mr. Bernard Bernheim followed with speeches along the same line.

The resume of the work for the year is summarized in the report as follows:

Agents' visits	2,480
Applications	2,248
Recommended and relieved	2,128
Persons applying	1,721
Sick people given medicine	471
Vagrants warned away from the city	69
Idle men put to work	54
Persons sent to relatives	36
False addresses registered	34

The Wayfarers' Rest entertained 1,816 persons, of whom there were: Women, 121; children, 59. Sales of kindling wood amounted to 14,901 barrels.

The list of annual subscribers—the roll of honor of Louisville—now numbers 122, whose contributions were $3,408.05. (This does not include gifts to the emergency fund, $351.87.)

For the first time in the history of the society it is privileged to record the receipt of a gift from the dead. Mr. Julius Winter, for years a faithful and generous member of the Central Council, wisely left in his will a legacy of $300. Mr. Winter had already paid his annual gift of $50.

During the year an unusual number of excellent people interested in the successful efforts of this society have visited and commended the work. Among these callers were some from Lexington and other parts of Kentucky, and several were from other States. Mr. W. S. French, of Evansville, Ind., was so favorably impressed that he proposed to put in operation a similar plant in his city. At his request our general secretary procured from Mayor Charles P. Weaver and former Mayor George D. Todd strong letters stating their impressions of the wise work of the Wayfarers' Lodge especially and the Charity Organization Society generally.

The Charity Organization Society is a guide more than it is a detective, and labors to enlarge giving while it lessens the chances of imposture; it seeks information not as records against the criminal poor, but that all who would best help humanity might be benefited, all its archives are accessible to those interested, free of cost, and those who work wisest in giving are learning to first investigate at this charity center.

The entire support of this society is furnished by the generous citizens of Louisville, no begging agent or solicitor is employed, and yet each year's operations are completed without a debt of any kind. The Wayfarers' Rest, under the skillful management of Mr. Arthur C. Bloch, is more than self-supporting. Our two agents, Dr. Edwin Hawes and Mr. M. N. Paul, also our bookkeeper, Mr. John M. Dennis, have been most capable and faithful. Miss Emma A. Gallagher, our careful, conscientious and economical general secretary, has kept up the office work to its usual high standard. Thanks are also due to the efficient city physicians, Drs. Guest and Palmer, who have promptly responded to every call; we are also indebted to Drs. J. B. Marvin, G. T. Russell and R. W. Taylor for many kind services. Miss Jenkins, the district nurse, has also given good attention where it was greatly needed.

Many thanks are due Mayor Charles P. Weaver and other city officials for active co-operation; to our subscribers, churches, fraternal societies, benevolent individuals, the Louisville papers, the railroads and to many known and unknown who have aided in any way the work of the society.

THOS. D. OSBORNE.
C. J. F. ALLEN.
RANDOLPH H. BLAIN.
E. GRAUMAN.
DR. ARTHUR PETER.
A. G. MUNN.

Revenue Receipts.

The internal revenue collections yesterday were as follows: Beer, $48; whisky, $44,208.89; cigars, $251.55; tobacco $4,295.30; special tax, $46.68; oleomargarine stamps, $23; documentary stamps, $16.75; proprietary stamps, $14; total, $48,904.17.

BURIED

Treasure In King's Hill, Near Jacob Park.

WEST SCHROERLUCKE DIGGING

HAS DUG UP THE SKELETON OF AN INDIAN GIANT.

HOPES TO FIND POT OF $20,000

West Schroerlucke, a saloonkeeper at Sixth and Market streets, is digging for gold on King's Hill, adjoining Jacob Park. He has already unearthed the skeleton of an Indian chief and the saloonkeeper is confident that he will be $20,000 richer before the end of the week. Schroerlucke's confidence in a legend handed down from generation to generation in the Christ family led him to search for the gold.

It was a strange sight that the people who live near the park witnessed yesterday afternoon. Schroerlucke and another man armed with picks and shovels, dug and sifted dirt. The gold is supposed to be in a pot and every time that the picks came in contact with some hard substance the excitement increased. The search will be renewed this morning.

The story of the burial of the Indian chief and the pot of gold was revealed by Mrs. Anna Guest, who died about two months ago. She was the great-granddaughter of the old chief. She could not recall his Indian name nor the tribe over which he ruled. But Mrs. Guest's mother told her that he was a giant, tall and straight as an arrow and that the early settlers called him "High Head."

Mrs. Guest often visited King's Hill and and she pointed out the grave to many of her friends. She said that a large cedar tree stood at the head. She was firmly convinced that the money was buried with her Indian relative, but she would allow no one to disturb his grave.

Mr. Schroerlucke purchased the farm several years ago and lived there in the summer. But before he secured possession of it he promised the old woman that he would not search for the money while she was alive.

After her death he thought of digging for it, but decided that Mrs. Guest was probably mistaken, and that it would only be a loss of time. Then James Christ died at the Soldiers' Home, Dayton, O. Before his death the old man told several of his companions of the Indian and the pot of money which was marked by the cedar tree. He heard the story when a little boy. Schroerlucke heard of Christ's story and decided to begin the search.

On Monday, accompanied by Fred Hoerter, a butcher, and Jacob Matmiller, a tailor, he went to the hill. An hour's work with pick and spade found the skeleton of the Indian. That concluded the first day's work. The digging was renewed yesterday without effect, but Schroerlucke is still sanguine.

Clifton Thankful For a Revival.

Evangelist F. M. McConnell continues to draw large crowds to hear him preach at the Clifton Baptist Church, corner Belleaire and Frankfort avenues. There have been forty who professed faith in Christ, eighteen of whom have joined the church. Evangelist McConnell will preach at 2:30 and 7:30 p. m. each day this week. There will be baptizing at the service to-night. The Protestant churches in the East End will unite in a Thanksgiving service to be held at the Clifton Baptist church Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. The Rev. J. D. Sigler, pastor of the Clifton and Crescent Hill Methodist church, will deliver the principal address.

For Colds and Grip there is nothing better than Wintersmith's Chill Tonic. Try it and be convinced.

Good Old Times and How to Have Them.

It is a misfortune that a great many old people live chiefly in the past. The "good old times" they talk of were the good *young* times they enjoyed in youth. They live over again the days of sleigh rides, picnics, spelling bees and corn-huskings, and sigh for the good old days. They live in the past because the present is not life, but merely existence. They feel weak, feeble, incapable of exercise, and are indifferent to pleasure.

The real good old days for old people ought to be the days of the present, when a leisure well earned by years of work gives opportunity for liberty of mind and freedom of action.

WHY ARE OLD PEOPLE WEAK?

It is singular that question does not answer itself. The grandmother, feeble as she may be, notes her pale and pining grandchild, and tells the mother: "That child don't eat enough" or else perhaps "what the child needs is plenty of nourishing food." She understands perfectly that strength and health depend on nourishment, but she makes no application of the fact to herself. And yet her feebleness, like that of the child, is probably due to imperfect nutrition.



HOW STRENTH IS MADE.

Food makes strength just as much for the old man and old woman as for the baby in arms or the schoolboy. There's no other way to get strength but from food. But the important fact is that food doesn't strengthen unless it is properly digested and assimilated. All the nouring foods ever prepared won't be of any use unless the nutrition is assimilated by the body. You can't reckon the harvest by the seed you put into the ground, but only by so much of it as springs up to make a crop. Sometimes owing to insect pests or adverse conditions of soil only a small part of the planting grows, and the crop as a result is small. It's with eating as with sowing. You can't reckon on strength by the amount of food put into the stomach, but only upon that part of it which is converted into nutrition and is assimilated. Just as the conditions of the soil or the work of pests prevents the raising of half a crop, so a diseased condition of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition will permit only part of the nutrition to be extracted from food, and the body, so to speak, reaps half a crop of nutrition instead of a full crop. Half nourished means half strong. The farmer meets the loss of crop in poor land by strengthening it, enriching it by fertilizers. He fights the pests and drives them out. Why not treat the "weak" stomach in the same way—strengthen it, and cure the diseases that prevent nutrition?

That is the work done by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the perfect digestion of food and assimilation of the nutrition extracted from it. Thus it gives strength to old and young alike, because all strength must come from the nutrition contained in food, and from that alone.

"Three years ago my husband was taken sick," writes Mrs. C. S. Towle, of San Ardo, Monterey Co., Calif. "He had three carbuncles. Two on back of the neck and one was in region of kidneys, which was six inches in diameter. We had the best doctor we could get. He attended him two months, and then said he could do no more for him; *that he had so little vitality there was nothing to build on*; that a change might do him good. The children insisted on his going away, but I said no, if he must die he should die here in our own home, but that if he could be raised from that bed of sickness I could do it with Doctor Pierce's medicines. We bought one bottle of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and Dr. Pierce's Pellets. My husband had not been able to sit up, even to have his bed made. When he had taken one bottle of the medicine he could sit up, and go out doors, and when seven had been taken he was in better health than for five years previously. He is now seventy years old and can do a good day's work."

"When I wrote you for advice, I was feeling very miserable with not simply one ailment but a general debility," writes Mrs. Martha Jones, of Claremont, Surry Co., Va. "I purchased a bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and also one of 'Favorite Prescription,' and a bottle of 'Pellets.' I soon began to improve and continued taking them until I was feeling so well I discontinued. That was last spring and I continued feeling as well as could be expected of an old lady seventy-three years of age. I am so well I can help my daughter about the house. I have so much faith in your medicine; I feel that the number of my days has been prolonged by taking it. I think no medicine equal to yours for old people. It makes their declining days easy and cheerful. I would say to the aged especially, take Dr. Pierce's medicines, they will *help* and *cure* also."

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a reliable strength-giving medicine. It contains no alcohol and is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. The strength given by the "Discovery" is not the false strength produced by stimulants but the real strength obtained only from nutrition. When the blood is impure "Golden Medical Discovery" will purify it; when it is impoverished it will enrich it with the red corpuscles of health. Diseases of organs which seem remote from the stomach are often due to disease of the stomach and its allied organs. When the diseased stomach is cured by the "Discovery" diseases of heart, liver, lungs, kidneys, etc., caused by disease of the stomach are cured also.

Sometimes a dealer tempted by the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines will offer the customer a substitute as being "just as good" as the "Discovery." It is better for him because it pays better, but it is not as good for you, if you want the medicine that has cured others, and which you believe will cure you.

THIS BOOK IS FREE.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing over 1000 large pages and 700 illustrations, is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Nov. 26.—Cattle—The receipts to-day were moderate. Market ruled steady to firm on all the choice grades of butchers, feeders and stockers, while the common grades were fully steady at quotations. Pens well cleared at the close and outlook is favorable for a good market during the remainder of the week. There will not be any sales made Thanksgiving day.

Calves—Receipts light. Market slow, choice veals selling at $4.50@4.75; common kinds very dull.

Hogs—The receipts to-day footed up to 1,501 head. Market opened 15c higher on heavies, best selling at $5.95; mediums and pigs 5@10c higher; we quote mediums at $5.00; light shippers $5.20; 100 to 120-lb. pigs $5.05; 80 to 100 lbs. $4.75@5; 50 to 80 lbs. $4.50@4.65; roughs $4.50@5.10. Pens well cleared at the close.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. Market steady on choice; common kinds dull and hard to sell.

Quotations.

Cattle—Extra shipping	$4 85@ 5 25
Light shippers	4 40@ 4 85
Best butchers	3 75@ 4 25
Fair to good butchers	3 00@ 3 75
Common to medium butchers	2 25@ 3 00
Canners	1 25@ 1 80
Good to choice feeders	3 50@ 3 80
Common to medium feeders	3 00@ 3 25
Good to extra stock steers	3 50@ 3 60
Common to medium stock steers	2 25@ 2 75
Good to choice stock heifers	2 25@ 2 50
Common to medium stock heifers	2 00@ 2 25
Plain mixed light stockers	2 00@ 2 50
Good to choice bologna bulls	2 50@ 3 00
Medium to good bulls	2 00@ 2 50
Choice veal calves	4 25@ 4 75
Common calves	3 50@ 4 50
Milch cows, choice to fancy	25 00@37 00
Milch cows, medium to good	20 00@25 00
Milch cows, plain and common	12 00@18 00
Hogs—Choice packing and butchers, 200 to 300 lbs	5 95
Medium packers, 160 to 200 lbs	5 00
Choice light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs	5 20
Choice pigs, 100 to 120 lbs	5 05
Good pigs, 80 to 100 lbs	4 75@ 5 00
Light pigs, 50 to 80 lbs	4 50@ 4 65
Roughs, 150 to 500 lbs	4 50@ 5 10
Sheep and Lambs—Good to extra shipping sheep	2 25@ 2 40
Fair to good	2 00@ 2 25
Thin sheep	1 00@ 2 00
Bucks	1 50@ 2 25
Extra shipping lambs	3 50@ 4 00
Best butcher lambs	4 00@ 4 40
Fair to good butcher lambs	3 00@ 3 25
Tail-ends	2 50@ 3 00

(Reported by Martin, Byrne & Co., Live Stock Commission Merchants, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Nov. 26.—Cattle—Receipts light. Market ruled active for all choice grades of butchers, feeders, stockers, shippers, bulls, cows and calves and heavy springers; all of this class sold early; common grades of butchers, stockers and feeders moved freely at firm values. Pens well cleared. Prospects good for the remainder of the week. Slop steers are in strong demand; quite a few buyers on the market ready to handle all that arrive at strong values; all sell promptly. There is also a strong demand for heavy shipping steers; top prices realized for all arrivals.

Notice—Special attention is called to shippers along the line of the L. and N. system that all shipments of live stock billed to Central Stock Yards, Central Stock Yards, Ky., care of the Southern Railway, can now reach these yards without delay; this [illegible] has been in effect since Saturday, November 23; all shipments billed to the Central Yards will now be handled promptly and without delay.

Hogs—Receipts were fairly liberal, the offerings were of good quality and the market ruled active, strong to 5c higher than yesterday's close; closing firm; choice heavies $5.95; mediums $5.65; lights, 120 to 160 lbs., $5.25; 100 to 120-lb. pigs $5.10@5.15; 80 to 100 lbs. $4.90@5.10; lighter weights $4.75@4.90; roughs $4.75@5.05. We regard the prospects as steady for next few days.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. Steady prices prevailed for all on sale.

Quotations.

Cattle—Extra shipping	$4 55@ 5 25
Light shippers	4 40@ 4 85
Best butchers	3 75@ 4 25
Fair to good butchers	3 00@ 3 75
Common to medium butchers	2 25@ 3 00
Canners	1 50@ 2 00
Good to extra feeders	3 60@ 3 90
Common to medium feeders	3 00@ 3 25
Choice to extra stock steers	3 50@ 3 60
Choice to extra stock heifers	2 25@ 2 50
Bulls	2 00@ 3 00
Veal calves	4 00@ 5 00
Milch cows, choice to fancy	30 00@40 00
Milch cows, medium to good	15 00@30 00
Hogs—Choice packing and butchers, 200 to 300 lbs	5 90@ 5 95
Fair to good packing, 160 to 190 lbs.	5 60@ 5 65
Good to extra light, 120 to 160 lbs	5 20@ 5 25
Fat shoats, 100 to 120 lbs	5 10@ 5 15
Fat shoats, 80 to 100 lbs	4 90@ 5 10
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs	4 75@ 5 05
Sheep and Lambs—Good to extra shipping sheep	2 25@ 2 40
Fair to good	2 00@ 2 25
Common to medium	1 50@ 2 00
Bucks	1 50@ 2 25
Extra lambs	3 75@ 4 25
Fair to good	3 00@ 3 25
Tail-ends or culls	3 00@ 3 00

Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—Cattle—Receipts 9,000 head; market steady; no choice here; good to prime $6.25@7; poor to medium $3.75@6; stockers and feeders $2@4; cows $1.25@4.75; heifers $1.50@5; canners $1.25@2.30; bulls $1.75@5.70; calves $2.50@6; Texas steers $3.30@4. Hogs—Receipts to-day 41,000 head, to-morrow 45,000; left over 12,000; market higher on choice heavy and steady on others; mixed and butchers' $5.55@6; good to choice heavy $5.65@6.10; rough heavy $5.45@5.65; light $5@5.60; bulk of sales at $5.60@5.90. Sheep—Receipts 16,000 head; sheep and lambs opened steady and closed lower; good to choice wethers $3.40@4; fair to choice mixed $2.75@3.50; Western sheep $3@3.60; native lambs $2.50@4.75; Western lambs $3.50@4.15. Official yesterday: Receipts—Cattle 16,615; hogs 39,630; sheep 26,170. Shipments—Cattle 2,580; hogs 7,548; sheep 2,852.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 26.—Cattle—Receipts 10,000 natives, 800 Texans and 400 calves; market generally steady to 10c higher; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.65@6.25; fair to good $4.65@5.50; stockers and feeders $2.65@4.25; Western-fed steers $4.75@6; Western range steers $3.40@4.80; Texas and Indians $2@3.40; native cows $2.50@4.25; heifers $3@5.20; canners $1.50@2.50; bulls $2.25@3.25; calves $2.50@5.25. Hogs—Receipts 24,000 head; market steady to 5c higher; top $6.19; bulk at $5.60@6; heavy $5.80@6.10; mixed packers $5.75@6; light $5.25@5.90; pigs $4.25@5.20. Sheep—Receipts 3,500 head; market steady to 10c lower; native lambs $4.25@4.50; Western lambs $3.75@4.40; native wethers $1.25@3.50; Western wethers $3@3.25; ewes $2.75@3.35; culls and feeders $1.25@3.

New York.

New York, Nov. 26.—Beeves—Receipts 17 head, consigned direct; no sales reported; cables quote American steers at 12@13c per lb., dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 9½@10c; exports 2,200 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 145 head; 362 on sale; veals steady; other calves dull; about 300 unsold, mainly grassers and Westerns; few veals sold at $5@7.50. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 1,643 head; sheep dull but steady; good lambs a little firmer; others quoted steady; sheep sold at $2.50@3.35; culls $1.75; lambs $4@4.80. Hogs—Receipts 5,373 head; market steady; Western hogs sold at $5.55@5.60.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—Hogs active and higher at $3.85@6.95. Cattle steady at $1.75@5.25. Sheep steady at $1.25@3. Lambs steady at $2.50@4.85.

Boston Wool.

Boston, Nov. 26.—There has been a fair amount of wool changing hands here during the past week and prices are practically the same as last week. The market is in a very healthy condition as a whole and the prospects are good. Territory wools maintain a steady tone at about the same range of prices. Fleece wools are quiet, but the tone is steady. There are some calls for Australian cross-breds at about last week's quotations. The following are the quotations for leading descriptions:

Ohio and Pennsylvania Fleeces—X and X and above 23@24c; XX and XX and above 26c; delaine 28c; No. 1 combing 26c; No. 2 do and ⅜-blood 26c; coarse and braid washed 23@24c.

Michigan, Wisconsin, etc.—X Michigan 21c; No. 1 Michigan combing 24@25c; No. 2 do 24@25c; coarse and braid washed 23@24c; fine delaine 24@25c.

Unwashed Medium, etc.—Kentucky and Indiana ¼-blood combing 20@21c; do ⅜-blood 20c; Missouri ¼-blood combing 19@20c; do ⅜-blood 19@20c; braid combing 17@18c.

Territory, (scoured basis)—Montana fine 15@16c; scoured 45@46c; fine medium 15@17c; scoured 42@42c; staple 16@17c; scoured 46@48c; Utah, Wyoming and Idaho fine 13@14c; scoured 44@45c; fine medium 14@15c; scoured 40@43c; staple 15½@16c; scoured 45@46c.

Australian (scoured basis)—Spot prices: Combing, superfine 70@72c; super 68@70c; average 65@67c.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—The wool market is quiet; medium grades 13@17½c; light fine 12½@15½c; heavy fine 10@12c; tub-washed 14@24½c.

London Wool Sales.

London, Nov. 26.—The sixth series of the 1901 wool auction sales opened to-day with a very large attendance. Competition was slow, as the offerings, which numbered 10,755 bales, were rather inferior. The offerings consisted principally of cross-breds and faulty merinos. A few fine qualities were offered and caused active bidding, finally selling at unchanged rates. All lower grades were 5@7½ per cent. lower. Cape of Good Hope and Natal was in good demand at a 5 per cent. decline, the home trade and the continent taking the bulk. There has been very little inquiry for wool since the October series closed, but the consumption has been progressing steadily in the manufacturing districts, where the stock has been too large for requirements. Following are to-day's sales in detail:

New South Wales, 1,600 bales; scoured 5d@1s 5d; greasy 4@9d.

Queensland, 900 bales; scoured 9½d@1s 5½d; greasy 3¼@8¼d.

Victoria, 600 bales; scoured 9d@1s 4d; greasy 2¾d@8s.

West Australia, 300 bales; greasy 4¼@7¾d.

Tasmania, 100 bales; scoured 6d; greasy 3¼@9¼d.

New Zealand, 6,200 bales; scoured 3½d@1s 5d; greasy 3¼@9¼d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 1,000 bales; scoured 7¼d@1s 5½d; greasy 4¾@7¼d.

Foreign Produce.

Liverpool, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red Western winter 5s 10d; No. 1 Northern spring 5s 9½d; No. 1 California 5s 11d; futures quiet; December 5s 9⅛d; March 5s 11⅛d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed old 5s 5½d; futures quiet; December 5s 4⅝d; January 5s 3⅛d; March 5s 2⅛d. Lard—American refined in pails strong at 46s 6d; prime Western in tierces strong at 47s. Hams—Short cut strong at 51s. Bacon strong; short ribs 50s; long clear middles, light 50s; do heavy 49s; short clear backs 47s; clear bellies 58s. Peas—Canadian 6s 5½d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days 177,000 centals, including 164,000 American; receipts of American corn during the past three days 97,000 centals. Weather foggy.

Manchester Dry Goods.

Manchester, Nov. 26.—Cloths, moderate buying. Yarns dull but steady.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Tuesday Evening, Nov. 26.—The counting-rooms were rather quiet to-day, though the demand for money kept up well, and as yet there is no sign of abatement. However, the dry goods houses report that their collections in the South are excellent, and this should bring easy money after the turn of the year. Bankers are under no apprehension and are able to supply all legitimate demands. New York exchange was steady at par and in good demand. Counter business was light.

The Clearing-house report to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing $1,039,652
Balance 167,771

Some revival of interest took place in local securities to-day, especially in the St. Louis street railway stocks and bonds. The preferred sold here at 89, the common at 30¾@31 and the bonds at 91. The demand for L. and N. 4s was better, but offerings were light. L. H. and St. L. 5s were also in demand. Following were the sales:

$7,000 St. Louis United Railways 4s *91
$3,000 Southern Railway 4s 100¼
$6,000 L. and N. unified 4s 102¾
$2,000 L., H. and St. L. 5s *110
$1,000 L. and N. Short-line 4½s *113
100 shares St. Louis Transit common 30¾
100 shares St. Louis Transit common 31
100 shares United Railways preferred 89
*And interest.

Columbus Railway preferred appears to be growing stronger. A small lot was sold in Cincinnati yesterday at 102¾ and that was bid for more. In Columbus it is quoted at 101¾ bid and 103 asked; the common 46 bid and 47 asked.

The wires were kept hot with gossip about Amalgamated Copper yesterday, but the gossip was not quite so bearish. Copper is a speculative favorite in Louisville and all news regarding it is eagerly scanned, notwithstanding it is regarded as a blind pool. The following dispatch came this morning to W. L. Lyons & Co. from J. S. Bache & Co.:

"Mr. Bache, who is in Boston, to-day wired us to the effect that news on Copper is being made in New York, not Boston. Copper stocks there are fairly strong. The movement in Amalgamated is not on the copper situation, but on the weakness in holdings of Amalgamated. He thinks that the Amalgamated has now gotten the agreement it wants with Calumet and other holders are now being shaken out. He said he would rather buy Amalgamated than sell, but buyers must be prepared to follow it down."

The following came from Chicago:

"It is rumored that Wasserman has turned all his holdings of Amalgamated Copper over to Standard Oil people at one figure."

Wasserman is Tom Lawson's broker. Another dispatch said:

"The Copper episode was one of those accidents of a bearish sort that have been of incalculable injury to a bull market. When it is stated that one lot of 2,500 shares of Copper was sold at 40 points loss it can be determined how serious such a decline in the stock, which was widely held, can affect the speculative as well as the investing public."

New York.—Ira Kipp, a relative of the Flowers, has bought altogether to-day about 15,000 shares of Amalgamated for them."

A long batch of railroad earnings came out to-day, all of them being good and some showing wonderful increases. They were as follows:

Louisville and Nashville, third week in November, increase $44,080; from July 1, increase $1,127,858.

Minneapolis and St. Louis, third week in November, increase $3,627.

Chesapeake and Ohio, third week in November, increase $30,369; from July 1, increase $549,254.

Norfolk and Western, third week in November, increase $33,423.

Missouri, Kansas and Texas, third week in November, increase $5,420; from July 1, increase $928,782.

Canadian Pacific, third week in November, increase $190,000.

Hocking Valley, net for October $223,423, against $207,578.

Chicago Great Western, third week in November, increase $23,533.

Wabash, third week in November, increase $43,118; from July 1, increase $704,679.

St. Paul, third week in November, increase $134,279; from July 1, increase $1,707,224.

Toledo, St. Louis and Western, third week in November, increase $4,494; from January 1, increase $661,890.

Southern Railway, third week in November, increase $29,961; from July 1, increase $775,729.

Mexican National, third week in November, increase $11,000.

Atchison, gross increase for October $320,475; net increase for October $166,242.

Denver and Rio Grande, third week in November, increase $17,100.

New York.—Continued selling of Copper checked speculation until the last hour, when good buying appeared in railroad stocks. There will probably be an announcement made this week which will put Norfolk and Western stock higher. The market for railroad stocks is in good shape.—(John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—The market has been irregular to-day and under the heaviness of Amalgamated Copper. While it has remained strong and steady at slight declines, it has been disappointing in that speculation stopped largely on account of the chilling effect of the drop in Copper. There was no news in regard to this stock, but it was heavy all day. New York Central keeps steady after its big rise.—(Halsey & Halsey.

London.—The market for American railway shares closed on the curb heavy and with little business doing. Operators are disposed to wait for definite developments in the Copper situation. Other departments were generally weak, in sympathy with the heaviness of the Americans.—(Almstedt Bros.

The orders for delivery of Amalgamated Copper through the clearing-house this morning show that the bulk of the stock came from two houses, one often associated with the management, and the other a firm which handled the acquisition of the Third avenue railroad two years ago.—(New York News.

The United States Leather Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, on its preferred stock.

The opening of the stock market was somewhat irregular, with decided weakness in Amalgamated Copper. The persistent selling of this stock by a house often associated with the management of this company naturally attracted attention to the methods of the management in withholding information regarding its operations and condition from the stockholders. The Vanderbilt stocks showed considerable strength and a firm tone prevailed in all the anthracite issues. The tractions were firm, with Manhattan the leader. The buying was for the same pool in which the Goulds are interested. The Atchison earnings, issued to-day, for October were gratifying. The directors' meeting of the Vanderbilt lines was held during the day, but only routine business was transacted. Sugar advanced quite smartly on buying said to be for trade interest. In the afternoon, although trading was less active, the market continued to harden in all departments, and even Copper reacted, gaining considerable of its early loss. Southern Railway was firm and the buying in this stock, as well as in L. and N., Pennsylvania and Wabash, was rather extensive.—(Hunt & Hutchings.

The principal influence in the market continued to be the fluctuations in Amalgamated Copper. At the opening for a brief period it showed signs of recovering, but heavy and persistent selling followed and carried the stock down to the lowest price at which it has ever sold. There were on the decline indications of covering, and toward the afternoon the stock became stronger, closing finally at about the same price as yesterday. During the afternoon Southern Railway securities were actively dealt in. It is the confident expectation of the street that the preferred stock will be put upon a 5 per cent. basis in the near future. Commission business generally was rather quiet and professional and manipulative transactions formed a large proportion of the total sales. There continues to be a disposition to bull the Gould securities, Manhattan, Texas Pacific and Wabash preferred being conspicuously strong. Sentiment on the floor continues to be very much mixed, but is generally bullish in regard to the railroad stocks on account of the enormous business which they are undoubtedly doing, and also because of the conviction that the leading interests in the street are carrying large lines of railroad stocks, for which they are anxious to find a market. The tendency of money was, if anything, toward a somewhat higher level, a good many loans being made during the afternoon at 4½ per cent. The market closed rather heavy and almost in every instance below the best figures of the day.—(S. C. Henning.

New York.—Amalgamated Copper again was the feature of the market. This stock declined to the low price of 78 on heavy selling and then rallied from 2@3 points. It is evident that heavy realizing must have taken place, judging from the enormous transactions in this particular stock, and from a technical standpoint alone it was entitled to a rally. As far as official news goes there has been no cut in prices of copper, but the fear exists that it may possibly occur. The decline of the stock from the high price has been phenomenal, and certainly it must have discounted a great deal of whatever may be bad in the situation. Developments from now on ought to be watched closely, and while Amalgamated Copper may be forced down lower there is no doubt that should the position of the commodity be maintained as it has been the stock later on will show a very sharp recovery. The rest of the market again displayed a very firm undertone, but as a rule fluctuated often in sympathy with the erratic movements in Amalgamated Copper. The tractions were active and recovered some lost ground. The statement of Metropolitan was a favorable affair. Foreign exchange was somewhat weaker and the money market ruled at about stationary rates. The close was steady at the recovery and the undertone of the general list was decidedly strong.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

It is stated that the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company is negotiating for the purchase of the Pocahontas Coal and Coke Company, and that the price it would pay for the property is $20,000,000 of its own 4 per cent. bonds. A man identified with the Pocahontas company in a prominent capacity to-day admitted that such negotiations were on, and that he believed there was a fair prospect that they would be successful. Such a trade would show a great and quick profit to those who subscribed to the Pocahontas syndicate. The Pocahontas company has $20,000,000 of preferred stock, $20,000,000 of common stock and $30,000,000 of 4 per cent. bonds, only $9,000,000 of the bonds having been issued. Subscribers of $18,000,000 received 50 per cent. of bonds, 100 per cent. of preferred stock and 100 per cent. of common stock. Such a division left $2,000,000 each of common and preferred stock, which went to the promoters presumably. Of the $18,000,000 cash subscribed only 75 per cent., or $13,500,000, has been paid in, yet the subscriptions are selling around 125, $250,000 of them changing hands at 125 and 126 to-day.

"The business of our road," said an official of the St. Paul system, "is something really extraordinary—not short of wonderful. Instead of giving us a breathing spell the activity continues in a remarkable degree, and there is no easing off in sight. What makes it pleasant is that this condition prevails on all parts of the system and that rates are being firmly maintained. The activity in the passenger business is proportionately as great as that in freight and the season for very heavy passenger traffic will begin with Thanksgiving and continue through the rest of the year."

One point which has recently been made much of is that shares of those banks having a short corporate existence are a capital investment, since a stockholder dissenting to the renewal of a charter can demand and obtain book value for his shares, as determined by appraisement at the hands of a selected committee. (Sec. 5 National Banking Act.) What this means may be illustrated by reference to a bank like the Atlas National, whose shares have an undisputed book value of about 134, whereas the stock is selling at 109. The margin of possible profit here is $25 a share. Other banks are in the same category, and this only bears out the statement made in the Financier last week that Boston bank stocks offer the most promising speculative possibility on the market. But this phase does not affect the consolidation of Boston banks, as a two-thirds vote is all that is necessary to bring about liquidation or consolidation. In the case of the Shoe and Leather National the pledge of that majority of the holders to vote was regarded by the Controller as sufficient, and the business of the bank was combined immediately with that of the National Bank of the Redemption, although the meeting to vote on the proposition will not be held until December 10. So, with other consolidations, absorption preceded formal votes.—(New York Financier.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

New York Stock Exchange.

New York, Nov. 26.—Money on call steady at 4@4½ per cent.; last loan at 4; prime mercantile paper 4½@5. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand and at $4.84 for 60 days; posted rates $4.84½@4.85 and $4.88; commercial bills $4.83¾@4.83¾. Bar silver 55¾c. Mexican dollars 44¾c. Government bonds steady. State bonds strong. Railroad bonds irregular.

Amalgamated Copper went through an exceedingly varied course of movements in to-day's stock market, and finished unchanged from last night. The course of this stock was a pretty accurate index of the general market throughout. The day's net changes are seen to be very small as a rule, and considerably mixed, although the extreme range of prices was considerable. A notable fact in connection with the constantly changing course of prices was the consistency of the movements. Sometimes the course of the market would vary distinctly three times within an hour, traversing each time an average range of nearly a point. Yet the whole list moved pretty much in unison, there being no apparent conflict in the tendency of the prominent active stocks. The opening dealings reflected a distinct effort at a bull demonstration for an advance, the trunk line stocks being selected for leadership. Amalgamated Copper was also supported in the opening dealings, but the weakness which quickly developed in this stock was reflected in the whole market, and so, with its subsequent changes. The stock fell by successive stages and very uncertainly to 78, and recovered with frequent reactions to 80¾, ending at 80. There was an entire lack of news to account for the movements. The early weakness was in the face of permission from a court to the Boston and Montana to pay the dividend on that stock under bond. The withholding of these dividends was officially offered as a cause for the reduction of the dividend on Amalgamated Copper. The recovery in the stock was in spite of the sharp break in the price of raw copper in London, following some recent speculative buying in that market. A striking feature of the check to the recent advancing tendency of the market was the decided decrease in activity. To-day's transactions were about half a million shares less than those of yesterday. The unsettling influence of the apparent demoralization in Amalgamated Copper was supplemented to a degree by a sharp recovery in foreign exchange, which awakened some renewed questioning over the resources of the money market for the remainder of the year. The lessened supply of exchange is doubtless due to the completion of realizing on what might be called speculative purchases of exchange, which have been recently made. But a reaction in sterling exchange in Paris and the rise in discount rates and in the price of gold in London indicated the possibility of a resumption of the conditions which caused the recent outflow of gold. Thursday of this week is pay-day in the London Stock Exchange settlement. Next week, on December 5, the final installment is due on the British loan subscription. During December a heavy outflow of cash is expected from the Bank of England to the country, and the British Government, in its disbursements, is taking measures to sustain the value of money in London, in order to guard that market against pressure from the Continent. The development of such a pressure, therefore, would be deflected inevitably upon New York, as was the case recently. An advance of 7 points in General Electric, the strength of Sugar and Manhattan and the heaviness of Baltimore and Ohio and St. Louis and San Francisco were notable.

Railroad bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, $3,725,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

A London cablegram says: "The stock market to-day was comparatively inactive, but depressed by the forced selling of mines and by a fresh break in English rails. The American department was dull until the afternoon and nominally under parity, save in the case of Ontario and Western. The open account is trifling, the general Contango rate being 4¾ per cent. New York came weak, then caused a rally by liberal purchases of Wabash. The close was steady. The market is waiting for President Roosevelt's message to Congress, particularly his treatment of the tariff question. A leading arbitragur considers the outlook dull until the Northern Securities Company stock is ready for the market. Rio Tintos touched 45 in the drop in Amalgamated Copper. The Bank of England lent another million pounds to the market. Gold to the amount of £35,000 has gone out to Brazil. The market price of bars has hardened to 77s. 9¼d. on Austria's demands for the metal. Silver sold at 25¾ on New York realizations. Paris cheque is 25.16½½ Berlin, 20.44."

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered 108¾
Do coupon 108¾
2s, registered 108¾
Do coupon 108¾
New 4s, registered 139¼
Do coupon 139¼
Old 4s, registered 112½
Do coupon 112½
5s, registered 107¼
Do coupon 107¼

Miscellaneous Bonds.

Atchison general 4s 103¼
Do adjustment 4s 93⅞
Baltimore and Ohio 4s 102¾
Do 3½s 95⅜
Do convertible 4s 106⅛
Canada Southern seconds 109
Central of Georgia 5s 106¼
Do first income 74½
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s 107
Chicago and Alton 3½s 83¾
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s 98
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul gen. 4s 111¼
Chicago and Northwestern consol 7s *142¼
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s 107
C., C., C. and St. L. general 4s 104¾
Chicago Terminal 4s 91¾
Colorado and Southern 4s 89
Consolidated Tobacco 4s 63¼
Denver and Rio Grande 4s 102
Erie prior lien 4s 100¼
Do general 4s 90
Fort Worth and Denver City firsts 108
Hocking Valley 4½s 108¼
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s 102¾
Mexican Central 4s 82½
Do first income 29½
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s 103
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s 100¾
Do seconds 81½
New York Central firsts 107¾
Do general 3½s *110
New Jersey Central general 5s 131¼
Northern Pacific 4s 105¼
Do 3s 72⅞
Norfolk and Western consol 4s 102⅝
Reading general 4s 99⅛
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol 5s 116¼
St. Louis and San Francisco 4s 96½
St. Louis Southwestern firsts 97¼
Do seconds 81
San Antonio and Aransas Pass 4s 89½
Southern Pacific 4s 94¾
Southern Railway 5s 120¾
Texas and Pacific firsts 120
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s 83¼
Union Pacific 4s 106¼
Do convertible 4s 107½
Wabash firsts 118¾
Do seconds 110½
Do debenture Bs 62½
West Shore 4s 113¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s 92¼
Wisconsin Central 4s 88⅞
*Offered.

Stocks.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clo'g Bid.
Atchison	13,700	80⅞	80¼	80½
Do preferred	5,258	101	100⅝	100¾
Baltimore and Ohio	15,800	107½	105¾	105¾
Do preferred	200	96	96	95¾
Canadian Pacific	2,100	114¾	114	114½
Canada Southern	2,000	87¼	86¼	86¾
Chesapeake and Ohio	10,400	48⅞	48	48½
Chicago and Alton	300	37	36¾	36¾
Do preferred	100	78¼	78¼	78⅛
C., I. and L.	1,700	48¼	48	47¾
Do preferred	....	....	....	74
Chicago and E. I.	200	137¾	137½	137¼
Chicago Gt. Western	1,800	25⅝	25	25⅜
Do preferred A	....	....	....	88½
Do preferred B	....	....	....	47¼
Chicago and N. W.	100	212¾	212¾	211
Chicago, R. I. and P.	500	147½	147¼	147¼
Chicago Term. & T.	100	20¼	20¼	20
Do preferred	300	36¾	35½	35¼
C., C., C. and St. L.	500	93¼	93½	93¼
Colorado Southern	1,3 0	14¼	14⅛	14
Do 1st pref.	200	56¾	56½	56½
Do 2d pref.	300	26¾	26½	26¼
Del. and Hudson	2,500	177¼	176½	176
D., L. and W.	800	245½	245	243
D. and R. G.	100	46½	46½	46
Do preferred	400	94⅞	94½	94¼
Erie	14,500	43¼	42⅝	42¾
Do 1st pref.	3,200	73⅝	72⅞	73⅛
Do 2d pref.	900	60	59½	59½
Gt. Northern pref.	200	193	193	192¾
Hocking Valley	800	62½	61½	62
Do preferred	100	80⅛	80⅛	80¼
Illinois Central	6,000	141⅛	140½	140¾
Iowa Central	....	....	....	39½
Do preferred	....	....	....	77
Lake Erie and West.	200	75½	75½	74
Do preferred	100	132½	132½	131
L. and N.	19,900	109	108⅛	108¾
Manhattan L.	64,700	137¼	134½	135¼
Met. St. Railway	3,400	168⅜	167⅛	167¾
Mexican Central	100	23	22	21
Mex. National t. r.	3,400	14⅝	14¼	14½
Minneap. and St. L.	100	107	107	107
Missouri Pacific	10,300	103¼	102¼	102⅞
M., K. and T.	....	....	....	25¾
Do preferred	700	52¾	52¼	52½
New Jersey Central	100	181	181	180
New York Central	34,600	173¾	171⅝	172½
Norfolk and Western	12,100	60½	60	60
Do preferred	....	....	....	91½
North. Pacific pref.	1,400	100½	100⅜	100⅜
Ontario and Western	4,500	36	35¾	35¾
Pennsylvania	76,100	151⅝	150¼	150⅝
Reading	44,000	51⅛	50¼	50¼
Do 1st pref.	4,300	80¼	80	80
Do 2d pref.	10,500	60⅛	59	59¾
St. L. and S. F.	3,400	52½	50½	51½
Do 1st pref.	....	....	....	81
Do 2d pref.	700	72	71	71½
St. L. Southwestern	900	29⅞	28½	29
Do preferred	300	60⅝	60½	60½
St. Paul	26,400	170⅝	168¾	169¼
Do preferred	300	190½	190	190
Southern Pacific	14,400	60⅞	60⅜	60⅜
Southern Railway	18,900	34⅞	34⅛	34⅜
Do preferred	8,000	93¼	91⅞	92⅞
Texas and Pacific	1,800	41⅞	41¼	41½
T., St. L. and West.	100	20¼	20¼	19¾
Do preferred	200	35	34⅝	34½
Union Pacific	84,400	104½	102¾	102⅝
Do preferred	3,500	90⅞	90¼	90¾
Wabash	6,200	22	21¼	21¾
Do preferred	16,200	40⅞	39	40½
Wheeling and L. E.	....	....	....	19
Do 2d pref.	100	31	31	31
Wisconsin Central	400	21⅞	21¼	21
Do preferred	700	43¼	43	43

Express Companies.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clo'g Bid.
Adams	....	....	....	110
American	....	....	....	207
United States	....	....	....	90
Wells-Fargo	....	....	....	155

Miscellaneous.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clo'g Bid.
Am'n Locomotive	7,600	31¼	30½	30¼
Do preferred	2,200	89½	88½	88¾
Amal. Copper	136,460	80¾	78	80
Am'n Car and F'dry	1,600	29½	29	29
Do preferred	500	85⅝	85½	85⅝
Am'n Linseed Oil	....	....	....	18
Do preferred	600	43½	43	43¾
Am. Smelt. and Ref.	2,500	45½	45¼	45¾
Do preferred	400	97½	97	97½
Anaconda Mining Co.	6,300	33¾	32¾	33
Brooklyn Rapid T.	8,800	68½	67¼	67½
Col. Fuel and Iron	300	93	92	91¾
Consolidated Gas	400	221	220¼	220½
General Electric	4,600	275	268	273
Glucose Sugar	400	40	40	39½
Hocking Coal	2,900	19½	18⅞	19
International Paper	400	20⅞	20½	20⅜
Do preferred	....	....	....	76
International Power	300	91¼	91¼	91¼
Laclede Gas	....	....	....	93½
National Biscuit	....	....	....	43¼
National Lead	....	....	....	18⅝
National Salt	....	....	....	30½
Do preferred	100	63¾	63¾	62
North American	....	....	....	93
Pacific Coast	....	....	....	72
Pacific Mail	800	44¼	43¾	44¼
People's Gas	11,300	99	97⅞	98¼
Pressed Steel Car	1,500	43¼	42½	42¾
Do preferred	100	87	86½	86
Pullman Palace Car	300	219	218	216
Republic Steel	2,200	16¼	16	16¼
Do preferred	1,300	70	69⅛	69⅝
Sugar	83,300	122¼	121	122¼
Tenn. Coal and Iron	900	65¼	64½	64¾
Union Bag & P. Co.	100	14⅝	14⅝	14¼
Do preferred	100	74	74	72½
U. S. Leather	1,900	13	12⅞	12⅞
Do preferred	1,400	82¾	82½	82¼
U. S. Rubber	300	15⅝	15⅜	15¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	51½
U. S. Steel	7,800	42⅞	42¾	42¼
Do preferred	7,100	93⅜	92¾	93¼
Western Union	200	91⅞	91⅜	91½

Total sales for the day 762,100 shares.

New York Exchange.

New Orleans.—Bank at par; commercial $1.25 per $1,000 discount.
Chicago.—Par to 10c premium.
Cincinnati.—25c premium.
St. Louis.—30c premium.

Imperial Bank Statement.

Berlin, Nov. 26.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand increased	24,300,000
Treasury notes decreased	20,000
Other securities decreased	12,120,000
Notes in circulation decreased	38,080,000

Foreign Financial.

London, Nov. 26.—Though money was not much wanted to-day it was firmer, owing to its scarcity. Discounts were sympathetically firm. Business on the Stock Exchange opened quiet and easier and scarcely anything was done beyond arranging the account, the chief characteristics of which were the depression in home rails, the strength of foreigners and the irregularity of Americans. Consols were fairly firm, but afterward became a shade weaker. Home rails were mostly lower. Americans were irregular and frequently were lower on realizations. The market closed quiet. Grand Trunks were easier. Mines were generally dull. Consols for money and the account 91 11-16; Anaconda 6¾; Atchison 82¾; do preferred 103; Baltimore and Ohio 110¼; Canadian Pacific 117¼; Chesapeake and Ohio 49½; Chicago Great Western 26; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 174; Denver and Rio Grande 47½; do preferred 97; Erie 43⅞; do first preferred 74¾; do second preferred 61; Illinois Central 144½; Louisville and Nashville 111¼; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 27¼; do preferred 55½; New York Central 177; Norfolk and Western 61½; do preferred 93½; Northern Pacific preferred 102¼; Ontario and Western 37; Pennsylvania 77¾; Reading 26; do first preferred 41; do second preferred 30¾; Southern Railway 35¼; do preferred 94¾; Southern Pacific 61¾; Union Pacific 105¾; do preferred 93½; United States Steel 44½; do preferred 94¾; Wabash 21½; do preferred 40½; Spanish fours 70⅞; Rands 10¼; De Beers 39⅝. Bar silver flat at 25⅝d per ounce. Money 3¼@3½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3½@3⅝ per cent.; do three months' bills 3½@3⅝ per cent. Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Buenos Ayres 132.50; Madrid 42.07½; Rome 2.25. Bullion amounting to £25,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day for shipment to South America. Bar gold 77s 9¼d.

Paris, Nov. 26.—Prices on the Bourse to-day opened heavy. The sharp decline in Amalgamated Copper in New York caused Rio Tintos to relapse, which affected the whole list. There was little activity throughout. Dealers indulged in profit-taking. The close was dull. Russian industrials finished weaker. De Beers were depressed on realizations. Kaffirs relapsed, owing to the gold fields' report being unsatisfactory. Later they improved and finished steady. The private rate of discount is unchanged at 2 13-16 per cent. Three per cent. rentes 101f 12½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 16½c for checks. Spanish 4s 71.65.

Berlin, Nov. 26.—Home funds were in strong demand to-day on the Boerse, owing to the ease of money. Internationals improved. Navigation shares were in great favor on rumors that the large international companies had reached an agreement. Banks were strong, the outlook being considered encouraging. Mines opened easier, but recovered before the close. Exchange on London 20 marks 44 pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 1¾ per cent.; three-months' bills 2¾ per cent.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Nov. 26, 1901.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1901.	Ship'd 1901.	Rec'd 1900.	Ship'd 1900.
Ag'l imple'ts, lbs.	37,975	172,495	53,160	46,284
Bagging, lbs.	2,487	2,925	1,240	330
Boots, shoes, cases	425	279	227	234
Coffee, lbs.	7,865	32,080	25,900	28,658
Cotton, bales	26	....	100	....
Flour, bbls.	670	1,833	448	311
Furniture, lbs.	47,225	105,195	15,550	60,890
Barley, bush.	4,300	....	....	....
Corn, bush.	33,840	23,275	43,370	53,225
Malt, bush.	....	355	....	525
Oats, bush.	15,100	13,500	10,900	5,925
Rye, bush.	2,145	3,000	715	2,940
Wheat, bush.	3,795	1,900	33,475	4,065
Hardware, pkgs.	396	2,112	644	1,338
Bacon, lbs.	129,020	42,591	82,178	202,546
Hams, lbs.	....	1,775	....	5,876
Lard, lbs.	14,700	51,750	20,000	87,9 3
Pig iron, tons	192	41	267	85
Leather, lbs.	1,560	15,000	2,052	19,3 5
Nails, kegs	1,060	521	947	1,0 2
Apples, gr., bbls.	276	612	180	287
Onions, bbls.	200	2	....	208
Potatoes, bbls.	614	86	1,250	113
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	60,750	3,630	6,464	2,126
Soap, lbs.	5,535	67,170	1,400	87,135
Sugar, bbls.	717	279	24	264
Tobacco, leaf, hhds.	10	98	164	60
Tobacco, mfg., lbs.	4,667	159,285	1,575	111,351
Whisky, bbls.	640	980	429	1,360
Wool, lbs.	404	46,060	9,718	2,237

LOCAL MARKETS—DAILY.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.90 per bu.; new home beans $1.75@2.

BEESWAX—26c.

BUTTER—Packing butter 11¼@13c per lb.; common country 12½@14c; good 16c; Elgin 26¼c in 60-lb. tubs, 27c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 27½c.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $2 per bbl.; Louisville cement 58@75c per bbl.; lime 75c per bbl.; Michigan plaster $1.40 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 13c; Western cheddars 12½c; full cream flats and twins 12c; skim goods 11@11½c.

COFFEE—Washed Caracas 12¾@13¾c; unwashed Caracas 11¼@12¾c; washed Guatemala 17¼@18¾c; Maracaibo 10¾@12¾c; Laguayra 10¼@11¼c; Mocha 19¼@22½c; Java 25¼@28¼c. Green Rios: Fancy 12½c; choice 11c; prime 9¼@10¼c; good 8@9c; ordinary 7½@8c; roasting grades 8½@9c.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Apples, sun-dried 3¾c per lb. for bright, 3@3½c for dark; peaches 1@1½c.

EGGS—Fresh eggs are scarce and sell readily, but the market is kept down by offerings from cold storage. We quote fresh receipts at 20@21c per dozen on arrival, loss off.

FEATHERS—We quote prime white goose at 43c per lb.; gray 35@37c; mixed 30@35c; No. 1 old 34@37c; dark and mixed old goose 17@25c; duck 12@30c.

FIELD SEED—Selling prices from store: Timothy $2.80 per bu.; fancy bluegrass 95c@$1; extra clean bluegrass 35c; red top 14c; fancy red top 11@12c per lb.; red clover $5.50@5.75 per bu.; orchard grass $1@1.10.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $4.50@4.75 per bbl.; choice spring patents $4.25; plain patents $4; straights $3.85; family $3.75; low grades $3.50; rye flour $3.25@3.50; bolted meal $1.50 per 100 lbs.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—We quote: Currants, per lb. 12@13c for new; raisins, London layers, per box $2@2.25; Sultana raisins 13@15c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 7@10c; prunes, California new 6@11c; peaches 10@12c; pears 7@8c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 13@14c; Persian dates 6@8c; Fard dates 8@9c.

FRUITS—Florida oranges $2.75@3 per box; choice Messina lemons $3@3.50 per box; California lemons $3 per box; bananas $1@1.75 per bunch; pears $3.50@4 per bbl.; apples $2@4 per bbl. for choice; California Bellefiower, California red Pearmain and California King, each $1.75 per box; California pears $2.50@2.75 per box; Malaga grapes $6 per bbl.; cranberries $7.50@8 per bbl., $2.50 per box.

GAME—Rabbits 90c@$1 per dozen, according to quality; quail $1.50@1.75 per dozen; squirrels 90c@$1 per dozen.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $14@14.50; No. 1 $13@13.50; No. 2 $12@12.50; clover hay $10.50@11.50. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1@2 per ton higher. Straw $5@5.50.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ¼c lower. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint, No. 1 16c; No. 2 14c; dry salted, No. 1 13½c; No. 2 12½c; round lots of beef hides 8c; round lots, dry 13½c; kip and calf 13½c; green salted, No. 1 8¼@8¾c; No. 2 7½@7¾c; kip and calf 7½c; sheepskins, butchers' 50@70c; country skins 30@50c; lambskins 30@40c; horse hides, No. 1 large $3; No. 2 $2.

MILL OFFAL—We quote in car lots: Bran $16@16.50; shorts $16.50@17; shipstuff $16.50@17. Prices are $1.50 per ton extra in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Corn syrups 23½c per gallon; caramels 23½c; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 40@44c; centrifugals 14@30c.

NUTS—We quote dealers' prices as follows: Almonds 16c per lb.; filberts 13c; California walnuts 13c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 5½c, choice Virginia 4¼c; Texas pecans 10@12c; home-grown pecans 8@10c; cocoanuts $4 per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; imported chestnuts 8c per lb.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 98c per gallon; No. 2 90c; linseed 55c for raw and 56c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 67c; extra No. 1 60c; No. 1 48c; No. 2 45c; gasoline, 87 degrees 16c; stove gasoline 12c; benzine, 63 degrees 10½c; straits oil 31c; black oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 22c; Corliss cylinder 22c; cotton-seed oil, refined 46c per gallon; coal oil, Kentucky test 9c; Indiana 9c; water white, 150 degrees 10½c; headlight, 175 test 11½c; turpentine 40c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—We quote strictly pure white and red lead at 6½c per lb., less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1¼c; yellow ochre ¾c.

POULTRY—There was a better demand for turkeys to-day, but chickens are low and dull. We quote hens at 5½c per lb.; spring chickens 6¼@7½c per lb.; young ducks 7½c per lb.; geese, full feathered $4.80 per dozen; young turkeys 6¼@7c per lb., old 6½@7c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3¾c per lb.; fair to fancy 6¼@6¾c; Japan 6¼@6¾c; Java 6c; Indian head 6¼c; Carolina head 6¾c; fancy Patna 6½c.

ROOTS—We quote: Clean ginseng, Kentucky and Indiana $4.65@5 per lb.; "Golden Seal" yellow root 40@42c; Mayapple 2¾@3c; blood root 2¾@3c; Virginia snake root 20@25c; Seneca snake root 25@27c; pink root 12@15c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split, or unstrung, and washed before dried.

SALT—We quote delivered in dray-load lots: Ohio river 7-bu. bbl. $1.45; do 5-bu. bbl. $1.15; Michigan 7-bu. bbl (medium coarse) $1.52; do 5-bu. bbl. (medium coarse) $1.20; do 7-bu. bbl. (fine) $1.45; do 5-bu. bbl. $1.15.

TALLOW—No. 1 5¼c; No. 2 4¼c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes $2.75 per bbl. on arrival, 95c per bu.; onions $3.50 per bbl., $1.30 per bu.; leaf lettuce 50c per bu.; head lettuce 75c per bu.; parsley 25c per dozen; hothouse cucumbers 75c@$1 per dozen; turnips 50c per bbl.; cabbage 90c@$1 per bbl., $14@16 per ton; carrots 15c per dozen, $2 per bbl.; peppers $2.50 per crate; green beans $1.75@2 per bu.; Spanish onions $1.50 per crate; Michigan celery 25@30c per dozen; extra fine celery 60c per dozen; California celery $3.50@4 per crate; parsnips 75c per bu.; horseradish $5 per bbl.; spinach 50c per bbl.; kail 40c per bbl.

WINDOW GLASS—We quote single and double at 90 per cent. discount from list dated January 21, 1901.

WOOL—We quote for Kentucky and Indiana wools. For Southern wool quotations are from 1@3c per lb. lower on clear wool: Burry 10@13c; clear grease 18@19c; medium tub-washed 23@26c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 22@24c.

Refined Sugar Prices.

The following is the New York price for refined sugar. The Louisville price is the same plus 43c for freight, and to other points the freight must be added as per equality rate book for Kentucky:

Cut loaf 5.40
Crushed 5.30
Powdered 5.00
Standard granulated 4.90
Fine granulated 4.90
Extra fine granulated 5.00
Cubes 5.15
XXXX powdered 5.05
Mould A 5.35
Diamond confectioners' A 4.90
Confectioners' standard A 4.70
No. 1 .... 4.55
No. 2 .... 4.50
No. 3 .... 4.50
No. 4 .... 4.45
No. 5 .... 4.40
No. 6 .... 4.30
No. 7 .... 4.20
No. 8 .... 4.10
No. 9 .... 4.05
No. 10 .... 4.00
No. 11 .... 3.95
No. 12 .... 3.95
No. 13 .... 3.85
No. 14 .... 3.85
No. 15 .... 3.85
No. 16 .... 3.85
Granulated, 5-lb. bags 5.05
Granulated, 2 and 5-lb. packages 5.05
New Orleans granulated 4.90c.
These prices went into effect Nov. 12, 1901.

The Grain Market.

The grain markets continues steady, with light demand for corn at the high prices.

WHEAT—New No. 2 red and longberry 74c; No. 3 red and longberry 72c; rejected 2@5c less; on levee 1½c less.

CORN—No. 2 white 69½c; No. 2 yellow 68½@69c; No. 2 mixed 68½@69c; No. 3 new 65c.

OATS—No. 2 white 48c; No. 2 mixed 46c.

RYE—67c.

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

The Provisions Market.

MESS PORK—$14.50.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 11¼@11¾c; heavy to medium 9½@10¼c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 9¾c; regular clear sides 10¼c packed; breakfast bacon 11½@13c; sugar-cured shoulders 9¼c; bacon, extra 9¼c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 8¾c; choice leaf in tierces 10¼c, in tubs 10½c; pure leaf lard in tierces 11c, in firkins 11¼c.

BULK MEATS—Ribs 9¼c; regular clear 9¾c; extra short 8¾c.

DRIED BEEF—13c.

Merchants' Iron and Hardware.

SOFT STEEL BARS—$2.10.

IRON BARS—$2.10.

HORSE SHOES—Burdens' $4; Juniata $3.85; mule shoes 25c additional.

HORSE-SHOE NAILS—No. 8 11@18c, according to quality.

NAILS—Cut $2.45 rate; wire $2.55 for first-class assortment.

WIRE—Nos. 6 to 9 galvanized $3.05; galvanized barbed wire $3.40; black wire 10c less.

BLACK PLATES—¼ and heavier $2.50 per lb.

BLACK SHEETS—Nos. 10 and 12 $2.50 per 100 lbs.; Nos. 22 and 24 $3.35; No. 26 $3.60; No. 27 $3.76.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—60 and 60 and 5 per cent. off.

The Cotton Market.

We quote: Middling 7 7-16c; strict middling 7 9-16c.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Tuesday Evening, Nov. 26.—Only 14 hogsheads were offered to-day, and these were at one warehouse, being mostly Green River Pryors. They sold better than last week.

There has still been no handling season, but when one comes it will lead to great activity.

Word has been received in the tobacco trade here that Mr. Otho Graves, long a buyer in this city and later warehouse manager in Cincinnati, had submitted to a surgical operation, which will keep him confined to his home in Covington for about eight weeks. Mr. Graves was a great favorite in the trade here, but has left tobacco for the insurance business.

"The tobacco crop this year," said H. H. Peck, President of the Farmers' and Shippers' Leaf Tobacco Warehouse Company, of Cincinnati, "promises to be one of the poorest that we have had in a good many years. In amount the crop will be about an average one, but in quality it will be very poor. The trouble is that it was found necessary to cut the tobacco while it was still green. The weather that we had, being so dry and unseasonable, caused the tobacco to fail to mature at the time that it should, and when it came time for cutting it was found to be still green. On the other hand it was not possible to leave it until it should become naturally cured as far as it should be in the field, as the frost would have caught it. Consequently it was cut and is now hanging in the barns, some of it even having been stripped quite late, owing to the fact that there was not enough moisture to enable it to be stripped. When tobacco is thus cut too soon it does not cure light and nice, and for this reason there will be very little, if any, colory kinds in the crop of this year."

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—(Special.)—The tobacco market to-day was not as satisfactory to those shippers who sold last week. Nearly all of them exercised their privileges and rejected freely. Low grades were the most irregular in prices, except the colory grades. The market on such continued very strong, while on the better grades of leaf, red or colory, last week's prices were fully sustained. The prices on the 428 hogsheads offered ranged as follows: 9 scraps, at $2@2.80; 23 at $4.50@5.95; 100 at $6@7.95; 129 at $8@9.95; 88 at $10@11.75; 68 at $12@14.75; 11 at $15@18.75. No sales Thanksgiving day.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 26.—The cotton market opened barely steady, with prices 1 point higher to 2 points lower, and for a moment was irregular, owing to conflicting early influences. On the one hand were large receipts and bearish cables, while on the other were strong statistics as to the interior movement and reports that Southern spot markets were stiffening up. It was not long before prices worked several points above last night's bids on covering and moderate buying for Wall street account. This movement was maintained all through the forenoon. Receipts at the interior towns were surprisingly light and proved a full offset to the unusual large arrivals at the ports. A light estimate for receipts at Houston to-morrow offset a correspondingly large estimate for New Orleans receipts. Early in the afternoon January rose to 7.67c on a nervous turn of shorts for cover and on more buying for Wall-street account, prompted by fears of unfavorable Thanksgiving Day developments abroad and in the South. Trade, however, was not particularly active and slight reactions occurred from time to time under sales for profits by scalpers. At the close the market was quiet and steady, with prices net 3 points lower to 1 point higher.

Receipts at the ports to-day were 42,931 bales, against 61,199 (actual) last week and 60,182 (actual) last year; for the week 300,000 bales, against 318,877 (actual) last week and 285,869 (actual) last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 25,831 bales, against 20,656 last year, and at Houston 13,359, against 28,452 last year.

Spot cotton opened steady; middling uplands 8c; do gulf 8¼c. Closed quiet and unchanged; sales none.

The following is the range of futures on the New York Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Open-ing.	Clos-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.
November	7.62	7.62	7.64	7.62
December	7.60	7.64	7.66	7.60
January	7.62	7.64	7.67	7.60
February	7.61	7.63	7.63	7.60
March	7.59	7.63	7.63	7.58
May	7.59	7.63	7.65	7.58
June	....	7.63	....	....
July	7.57	7.63	7.62	7.57
August	7.44	7.49	7.49	7.44
September	7.35	....	....	....

New Orleans, Nov. 26.—The market for spot cotton was rather quiet during the forenoon today. Buyers were in the field in good shape, but they were generally hampered by limitations during the early hours and not in position to trade upon the basis of current asking prices. There was a better feeling during the afternoon, buyers taking hold in a small way at the previous level and running the sales up to a total of 3,400 bales of spots and 1,400 bales to arrive. Quotations unchanged; ordinary 5 15-16c; good ordinary 6 7-16c; low middling 7c; middling 7⅝c; good middling 7⅝c; middling fair 8 1-16c; receipts 25,813 bales; stock 272,683. The trading in futures was comparatively quiet. At the opening the board showed losses of 2@3 points, compared with Saturday's closing range, but the market showed no great degree of animation, simply drifting back and forth over a range of 3@4 points. Later in the day prices moved up 2@3 points, but toward the end the market softened somewhat, and at the close the board showed a net gain from Saturday's level of 1 point on November, December, March and June and even figures for each of the other months.

Liverpool, Nov. 26.—Spot cotton in moderate business; prices 1-16d lower; American middling fair 4 9-16d; good middling 4⅜d; middling 4 9-32d; low middling 4 3-16d; good ordinary 4 1-16d; ordinary 3 13-16d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 7,300 American. Futures opened easy and closed steady.

Memphis, Nov. 26.—Cotton steady; middling 7 5-16c; receipts 3,500 bales; shipments 7,471; sales 2,400; stock 104,584.

Galveston, Nov. 26.—Cotton steady; middling 7 9-16c; sales 60 bales; receipts 21,926; stock 199,285.

Savannah, Nov. 26.—Cotton quiet; middling 7¼c; sales 1,373 bales; receipts 10,690; stock 140,875.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅝c; sales 820 bales; receipts 7,290; stock 49,583.

Boston, Nov. 26.—Cotton quiet; middling 8c; receipts 171 bales; stock 730.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Chicago 'Change.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—An easier tendency developed in the speculative markets on the board today, the close showing fractional losses all along the line, although there was no material change in the general situation. Business was only moderately active. Wheat closed ⅜c, corn ⅜@¾c and oats ⅛@⅜c lower for December delivery. January provisions dropped 2½@5c to 12½c.

The corn market, with oats, absorbed most of the interest, opening in the face of lower cables with a steadiness which surprised even the bulls. December, having started ¼@½c lower at 62¼@62c, was offered very sparingly, and on buying to cover scattered short lines the price early worked up to 62⅝c. The out-of-town buying movement, which has done much to sustain prices recently, was of a less urgent character on the advance, however, and during the afternoon December fell to 61⅜c and closed easy and ⅜@⅝c under yesterday at 61⅜@61⅞c. May was better supported, and, while the price was reduced, its premium over the near delivery was increased by ⅜c. Receipts were 94 cars.

The wheat trade was bare of features, prices following every movement of the corn market. December opened ⅛@¼c lower at 72¼@72c on easy cables and large Northwest receipts. Under the steadying influences of the early brace in corn the market worked up to 72¼c, and later still, following the coarse cereal, it declined to 71⅞@72c, at which price the market closed, ⅜c under yesterday. Local receipts were 102 cars—21 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 1,163 cars, making a total for the three points of 1,265 cars. Primary receipts were 1,453,000 bushels and seaboard clearances 466,000 bushels. Exporters reported eight loads taken. Bradstreet's world's visible showed an increase of 7,000,000 bushels.

Oats were easier, with the trade more broken and less active than yesterday. The corn decline and less pressure from buyers of the cash article held prices down, despite a moderate amount of profit-taking by shorts and some buying for the investment account. Receipts were 314 cars. December sold between 42⅜c and 42½c, closing ⅛@⅜c down at 42¼c.

Provisions were fairly active. The market opened easy, but advanced early on country buying. Later the corn decline weakened the support, so that a little local selling sent prices down. January pork closed 12½c lower at $15.75, January lard 5c down at $9.07½ and January ribs 2½@5c depressed at $8.02½@8.05.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 90 cars; corn 50; oats 190; hogs 44,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Yes'y Close.	Tody's Close.
WHEAT—					
Nov.	$0 71⅛	$0 72	$0 71¾	$0 72¼	$0 71¾
Dec.	72	72¼	71⅞	72¼	71⅞
May	75¾	76	75½	76	75⅞
CORN—					
Nov.	....	....	....	62⅝	61¾
Dec.	62	62⅝	61¾	62½	61¾
May	64	64⅝	64	64½	64⅛
OATS—					
Dec.	42⅝	42¾	41⅞	42⅝	42¼
May	43	43⅝	42½	43⅛	42⅝
July	28⅞	39	38½	39	38⅝
PORK—					
Jan.	15 72½	15 92½	15 72½	15 87½	15 75
May	16 10	16 20	16 05	16 22½	16 07½
LARD—					
Dec.	......	......	......	9 10	9 07½
Jan.	9 07½	9 12½	9 07½	9 12½	9 07½
May	9 22½	9 32½	9 20	9 35	9 20
RIBS—					
Jan.	8 05	8 12½	8 02½	8 07½	8 05
May	8 22½	8 30	8 20	8 25	8 20

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $3.50@3.60; do straights $3@3.40; do clears $2.70@3.20; spring specials $4@4.10; do patents $3.35@3.70; do straights $2.80@3.20. Market steady.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat 68@72c; No. 2 red 74@75c; No. 2 yellow corn 64⅝c; No. 2 oats 43¼@43⅝c; No. 2 white do 45¼@45½c; No. 2 rye 60¼@61c; fair to choice malting barley 59@63c; No. 1 flax seed $1.43; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.44; prime timothy seed $6.15@6.25; clover, contract grade $8.90.

Provisions—Mess pork $14.70@14.75 per bbl.; lard $9.07½@9.10 per 100 lbs.; short rib sides, loose $8@8.30; dry salted shoulders, boxed $7.50@7.62½; short clear sides, boxed $8.50@8.60.

Whisky—On basis of high wines, $1.31 per gallon.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady; creamery 14@24½c; dairy 13@20c. Cheese steady at 9¾@10¼c. Eggs steady; fresh 23½c.

Receipts—Flour 29,000 bbls.; wheat 259,000 bu.; corn 91,000; oats 297,000; rye 37,000; barley 147,000. Shipments—Flour 38,000 bbls.; wheat 154,000 bu.; corn 130,000; oats 269,000; barley 10,000.

Bradstreet's Available Supplies.

New York, Nov. 26.—Special cable and telegraphic communications to Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies compared with the last account:

Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 5,541,000 bu.; afloat for and in Europe, increase 1,400,000; total supply, increase 6,941,000.

Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 909,000 bu.

Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 704,000 bu.

Among the more important increases reported are those of 1,500,000 bu. at Northwestern interior elevators, 1,250,000 at Manitoba, 117,000 at Depot Harbor and 65,000 at Minneapolis private elevators.

The leading decreases are those of 289,000 bu. at Coteau, 97,000 at Chicago private elevators and 79,000 at Louisville.

New York.

New York, Nov. 26.—Butter—Receipts 8,761 packages; market firm; State dairy 15@23c; creamery 17@25½c; June creamery 19@22c; factory 13@15½c. Cheese—Receipts 8,639 packages; market quiet; fancy large September 9¾@10c; do October 9¼@9½c; fancy small September 10½@10¾c; do October 9¾@10c. Eggs—Receipts 12,372 packages; market quiet; State and Pennsylvania 27@28c; Western at mark 23@27c; Southern at mark 21@26c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3¼c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3¾c; molasses sugar 3c; refined steady; crushed 5.40c; powdered 5c; granulated 4.90c.

Flour—Receipts 22,693 bbls.; exports 7,778; market dull and barely steady with wheat. Rye flour and buckwheat steady. Corn meal dull. Rye and barley steady.

Wheat—Receipts 76,950 bu.; exports 101,666; spot market easy; No. 2 red 82¾c f. o. b. afloat and 80¼c in elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth 81¼c f. o. b. afloat. Corn—Receipts 23,000 bu.; exports 73,070; spot market easy; No. 2 69c in elevator and 69¾c f. o. b. afloat. Oats—Receipts 151,900 bu.; exports 4,025; spot market firm; No. 2 48c; No. 3 47c; No. 2 white 52c; No. 3 white 51½c; track mixed Western 48@49c; track white 49@54c.

Hay, hops, hides and leather steady. Wool quiet. Coal and beef steady. Cut meats quiet. Lard easy; Western steamed $9.45; refined steady; continent $9.60; South American $10.25; compound $7.50@7.75. Pork steady. Tallow firm; city 5½c; country 6@6¼c. Cotton-seed oil steady. Petroleum dull. Rosin dull; strained, common to good $1.55. Turpentine dull. Rice quiet. Molasses steady.

Coffee—Futures had another quiet day, with the price level slightly lower than Monday's close, in sympathy with the declines abroad. Neither side was an aggressive operator and the market closed as it had opened—steady and unchanged to 5 points lower, variations during the day having been confined to a matter of 5 points. Around the opening there was light selling on cables, heavy Brazilian port receipts and the light warehouse movement in this country. Later spot houses and Europe bought moderately, their support and a general evening up of both accounts in anticipation of the holiday giving the market a steady undertone to the close. Total sales were 27,500 bags, including December at 6.40@6.45c, January at 6.55c, March at 6.70@6.75c, May at 6.90c, July at 7.05@7.10c, August at 7.20c and September at 7.25c. Spot—Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 6⅝c; mild quiet; Cordova 7½@11c.

Metals—The supply of tin continues scarce and traders were anxious to purchase. Prices again advanced, with the feeling strong at the close. The net gain was 60 points, with buyers at $29.85 for spot. At London values took another upward course, gaining £1 2s 6d for spot and futures, closing strong at £117 2s 6d and £109 respectively. Trading in both markets was fairly active. Copper eased off 10s in London under liquidation, closing easy with spot quoted at £65 16s 3d and futures at £63 16s 3d. Here the market was quiet and unchanged at 16.85@17c for Lake Superior and at 16⅝@16⅞c for casting and electrolytic. Lead and spelter were without change and quiet at home or abroad, the former closing at $4.37½ and £11 15s and the latter at $4.30 nominal and £16 15s respectively. Iron was firm and fairly active for warrants, while other grades were quiet; pig iron warrants $10.50@11.00; No. 1 Northern foundry $15@16; No. 2 foundry Southern $14@15; No. 1 foundry Southern $14.50@15.50; No. 1 foundry Southern soft $14.50@16. Glasgow iron warrants closed at 56s 3d and Middlesboro closed at 43s.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—Wheat—No. 2 cash 74⅜c; December 74⅜@74½c; May 77⅜c; No. 2 hard 73@73½c. Corn—No. 2 cash 66⅜c; December 64¼@64⅝c; May 65½c. Oats—No. 2 cash 44⅜c; December 43⅜c; May 44⅜@44½c; No. 2 white 47@47½c. Pork easier; jobbing $15.80. Lard lower at $8.97½. Lead steady at $4.25@4.27½. Spelter higher at $4.15. Poultry steady; chickens 5c, springers 6c; turkeys 7c; ducks 6@6½c; geese 3½@5c. Butter steady; creamery 20@25½c; dairy 15@20c. Eggs steady at 22c. Flour firm; red winter patents $3.55@3.70; extra fancy and straight $3.10@3.25; clear $2.75@2.90. Timothy seed nominally firm at $5.50@6. Corn meal steady at $3.10. Bran scarce and firm; sacked on east track $1@1.01. Hay—Timothy quiet at $12@15; prairie scarce and firm at $11@13.50. Whisky steady at $1.31. Iron cotton ties $1. Bagging 5¾@6⅝c. Hemp twine 9c. Dry salt meats (boxed) steady; extra shorts $8.37½; clear ribs $8.50; clear sides $8.75. Bacon (boxed) steady; extra shorts $9.25; clear ribs $9.37½; clear sides $9.62½.

Baltimore.

Baltimore, Nov. 26.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat easier; spot and the month 76@76¼c; December 76¼@76½c; January 77¼@77½c; May 79⅜@80c; steamer No. 2 red 73@73¼c; Southern by sample 70@77½c; do on grade 74@77c. Corn firm; mixed spot, old 67@67¼c, new 65c; the month, new 65⅜@65½c; year 65¼@65⅜c; January 65¼@65⅜c; steamer mixed 65¼@65⅜c; Southern white and yellow 59⅜@66½c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 50@50½c; No. 2 mixed 47½@48c. Rye strong and higher; No. 2 nearby 61c; No. 2 Western 62c bid. Butter firm and unchanged; fancy imitation 18@19c; do creamery 25@26c; do ladle 16@17c; do roll 17@18c; good roll 15@16c; store-packed 12@15c. Eggs firm and unchanged; fresh 25@26c. Cheese firm and unchanged; large 10@10¼c; medium 10¼@11c; small 10⅜@10½c. Sugar firm and unchanged; fine and coarse granulated 5c.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Nov. 26.—Hog products quiet. Pork—Standard mess $15.75. Lard—Refined tierce 7¾c; pure lard 9¾c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 8¼c; sides 8⅞c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 9⅝@9¾c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured 11½@12¾c. Coffee—Rio, ordinary to fair 7¼@7⅝c. Rice steady; screenings 2¾@3¼c; head 4⅝@5c; fancy head 5½@5¾c. Flour—Extra fancy $3.40@3.50; patent $3.50@3.90. Corn meal $3. Bran $1.14@1.15. Hay firm; prime $17@17.50; choice $18.50@19. Corn firm; No. 2 sacked white 73½c; mixed 72c; yellow 73c. Oats—No. 2 sacked 50½@51c. Sugar firm; open kettle 2⅝c; open kettle centrifugal 3¼@3½c; centrifugal granulated 4¼@4 5-16c; whites 3⅝@3 15-16c; yellows 3½@3⅝c; seconds 2¼@3¼c. Molasses quiet; open kettle 26@34c; centrifugal 9@25c. Syrup quiet at 23@29c.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 78@78½c. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 66½@67c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 46c. Rye firm; No. 2 62@63c. Lard quiet at $8.95. Bulk meats firm at $8.27½. Bacon firm at $9.25. Whisky—Distillers' finished goods firm on basis of $1.31. Sugar quiet.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 26.—Wheat—December 67⅝c; May 72⅜c; cash: No. 2 hard 69⅜@70c; No. 2 red 73½c. Corn—December and May 65⅝c; cash: No. 2 mixed 66¼@67c; No. 2 white 67½c. Oats—No. 2 white 47½@48c. Eggs steady to weak; fresh Missouri and Kansas stock 20c per dozen.

Toledo.

Toledo, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Cash 76¾c; December 77c; May 79¾c. Corn—December 63½c; May 65⅜c. Oats—December 42⅝c; May 44c. Rye—No. 2 58c. Cloverseed—December $5.42½; March $5.52½. Oil—North Lima 94c; South Lima and Indiana 89c.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Cash 70c; December 69c; May 71⅞c; on track: No. 1 hard 73c; No. 1 Northern 70c; No. 2 Northern 67½@67⅝c.

Duluth.

Duluth, Nov. 26.—Wheat—Cash: No. 1 hard 73⅝c; No. 2 Northern 68⅝c; No. 1 Northern 69⅝c; December 69⅝c; May 73⅝c. Corn 63c.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Nov. 26.—Barley firm; No. 2 60c; sample 50@61½c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Nov. 26.—There has been no increase in the demand for brown cottons for either home trade or export. Prices steady. Bleached cottons quiet and unchanged. Denims, ticks, plaids and other coarse colored goods quiet but firm. Prints quiet, full standard fancies being quoted at 5c. Ginghams firm and scarce. Print cloths inactive, but prices unchanged. Silks in fair demand at firm prices.

Naval Stores.

Wilmington, Nov. 26.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 33¼@34½c. Rosin firm at 95c@$1. Crude turpentine firm at $1.10@2. Tar firm at $1.25.

Charleston, Nov. 26.—Spirits of turpentine and rosin firm and unchanged.

Savannah, Nov. 26.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 35¼c. Rosin firm.

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We are selling talks for 3⅓ cents a day and up in residences in Louisville, worth dollars in money and hours in time. Our service is invaluable to any business man, for in addition to our large number of residence subscribers our toll lines connect with every city, town, village and crossroads store throughout this entire section.

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Manual and High School Caps for **40c**

The regulation scarlet and purple; fine silk-lined, 50c quality; all sizes and plenty of them—special at 40c.

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Strong, heavy canvas; well made and heavily padded; special values at 75c.

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Cotton, wool and worsted; all colors and sizes; more here than everywhere else in town. Club outfits at special prices.

Levy Bros.

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY.....NOV. 27, 1901

CITY FEATURES.

For boilers, tanks, stacks and sheet iron work. HENRY VOGT MACHINE CO.

Read Lewis' ad., fifth page.

NEEDS LAID BARE.

RAILROAD Y. M. C. A. CONFERENCE COMES TO AN END.

A Religious Work Policy For the Department Adopted—Important Addresses.

The secretaries and other representatives of the railroad department of the Young Men's Christian Association in Kentucky closed their conference last night. Twenty-four men attended and participated in the conference. The religious work of the association was given the chief place on the programme. Mr. Fred S. Goodman, special religious secretary of the International Committee of Young Men's Christian Associations, opened the conference with a comparative statement of the work done in the Kentucky Railroad Association during the past. The investigation laid bare the needs of the Railroad Association work in the State, and was followed by a discussion of the religious work in its various features.

The discussions were opened with papers by visiting association leaders and the secretaries of Kentucky railroad departments. The following topics were considered: "Bible Study for the Training of Personal Workers," "Evangelistic Bible Classes," "Shop Bible Classes," "Bible Study Among Trainmen," "Devotional Religious Meetings," "Regular and Special Evangelistic Meetings," "Personal Christian Effort" and "Association Foreign Work."

The closing session of the conference was addressed by Mr. C. C. Stoll on "How to Make Possible an Aggressive Religious Work Campaign," and by the Rev. W. H. Marquess, D. D., on "What Manner of Men Ought We to Be?"

Mr. H. E. Rosevear, State secretary of the Kentucky Young Men's Christian Association, presented the following religious work policy for the railroad associations, which was unanimously adopted:

* * *

Religious Work Policy.

That we conduct before January 1 a local Religious Work Institute, and carry out the programme recommended by the State Executive Committee.

That we seek to enlist at least 50 per cent. of the active members of the department in the prosecution of the distinct features of religious effort.

That we recommend to each department the appropriation of the amount of at least 10 per cent. of the budget, exclusive of restaurant and dormitory expenses, for specific religious work.

That we seek to enlist at least 10 per cent. of the total membership of the department in association Bible classes.

That we conduct at least one personal workers' training class.

That we endeavor to secure the participation in the international examinations of all students in courses of study in which examinations are offered.

That there be maintained a regular evangelistic men's meeting, of an aggressive character.

That we hold a midweek devotional meeting for the deepening and development of the spiritual life of the active members and new converts.

That, wherever practicable, shop meetings be regularly maintained, and, as soon as possible, shop Bible classes be developed as an outgrowth of these meetings.

That we seek to enlist at least 25 per cent. of the active members in definite, organized personal work.

That we will pray, plan and persevere for the conversion to Christ of at least one-half as many men as there are active members in each department.

That at least twice a year the men's meeting be devoted to the interests of the association foreign work.

That we organize a Committee on Foreign Work as a subcommittee of the Committee on Religious Work for the purpose of developing an intelligent study of, and practical co-operation in, the association foreign work.

That we raise in each department at least 5 per cent. of the amount of the budget for the association work among the young men of China.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cures coughs and colds. Don't go to church or public meeting and disturb the audience by incessant coughing, but use this wonderful remedy at once.

FIGURING.

What Will This Year's Tax Rate Be?

ASSESSOR IS NOW BUSY.

HIGHER LEVY IS OPPOSED BY MANY OFFICIALS,

BUT IT MAY BE NECESSARY.

Increase In Taxable Property May Not Meet Needs of the City.

TO BE FIXED IN DECEMBER.

According to the law, the General Council must fix a tax rate during December, and members of that body and other city officials have begun to discuss the rate. The present rate is $1.50 on the $100 valuation, and the claim is made by some Councilmen and heads of departments that the city cannot meet all its obligations for the next year unless the rate is increased. However, it is the opinion of others that the city can get along on a tax rate of $1.50 and that it would be bad policy to increase it unless an increase is found to be absolutely necessary.

There is said to be, among the Aldermen especially, a strong opposition to an increase of the rate, but none of them is so set in his views in the matter that he could not be changed if it were demonstrated that more money was necessary in order to carry out certain policies for the public good. It is explained that an increase in the number of men on the police force is necessary to give complete protection to the people living in the suburbs, and that streets and sewers are sorely in need of repair.

A prominent official, in discussing this phase of the matter, said: "It must be remembered, however, that taxes will be paid on a larger amount of property this year than last, and that the city's revenue will be correspondingly greater this year.

"Taxpayers are quickly and easily spoiled. If the tax rate for a number of years ranges from $1.80 to $1.85 on the $100 valuation they become used to that rate and make no complaints. Then let the rate be cut down twenty or thirty cents for a year or so. The city meets its expenses just the same, they say, although they do not stop to think that fewer improvements may be possible and other legitimate demands on the treasury may not by some chance be as great as when the tax rate was higher. But if the rate is then increased five or ten cents, but not nearly so high as the old rate, a great wail goes up from the people and they believe they are being gouged and robbed. I am opposed to an increase in the rate unless it is found to be absolutely necessary. I am of the opinion that it would be bad policy to raise the rate."

Assessor Murphy says that he will be able to give the total valuation of property, real and personal, to the Council by December 15. Of course the tax rate ordinance cannot be passed until after that time, because the members of both boards will have to figure on the city's needs and whether the amount of taxes to be produced by the total valuation will cover all the municipal expenses.

It is probable that meetings of the Joint Finance Committee of the Council will be called for the early part of next month, and the ground will be gone over thoroughly. Mayor Grainger will give much attention to the ordinance later, and the Council will be guided greatly by the Mayor's recommendations.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to George B. Graves and Anne T. Carver, C. August Dresel and Anna B. Luker, Harry T. Pulford and Mary Scott Thompson, John M. Corkedale and Annie Finn, John Edwin Hays and Henrietta Courtenay Hast, Henry D. Ormsby and Sallie G. Lindenberger, Henry Jakoby and Caroline Deisenroth, James S. Johnson and Marie Beatrice Bender, Thomas Reed Crutcher and Georgia Leora Peckinpaugh, W. J. Noone and Mary E. Stanton, James F. Partlow and Rose N. Benson, Steven Philpott and Lillian Clifford, George Seng and Louisa Stewart, Nonice C. Hall and Clara Anna Frangman.

Lindenberger Succeeds McGrath.

Mr. Harry Lindenberger was elected apportionment clerk yesterday by the Board of Public Works to succeed Mr. Roger McGrath, who was promoted to the secretaryship of the board. Mr. Lindenberger entered upon the duties of his new place yesterday afternoon. The position requires considerable work, but Mr. Lindenberger is an experienced bookkeeper and will have no difficulty in filling it satisfactorily.

Home For Friendless Women.

[Communicated.]

The managers of the Home for Friendless Women feel called upon to ask their friends, new and old, to remember the home at this Thanksgiving time.

Many have been generous to this most worthy charity in past years, and this year they hope the contributions will be larger than ever before. The increased cost of food products of all kinds makes it difficult to provide for the daily wants in even a very humble way.

Supplies of all kinds, food, clothing, money, etc., will be gratefully received at the home, 606 West Kentucky street.

Real Estate Transactions.

Real estate transfers yesterday were reported by the Louisville Title Company as follows:

Victor N. Meddis to Charley Mann, lots 21 and 22, block 4, Grantor's subdivision of Zimlich addition; $210.

Joseph Robb, trustee, to Catherine A. Oldham, 3 1-10 acres, and is lot 11, Catherine A. Oldham's subdivision; $320.

James P. Gregory and wife to L. B. Hinze, wife of V. A., 30x180 feet, northeast side Baxter avenue, 120 feet northwest of Longest; $775.

Louisville Trust Company, executor of Martha J. Maxcy, deceased, etc., to Columbia Finance and Trust Company, 26 acres and 50 acres, two miles east of O'Bannon; $467.

John H. Ward and wife to Antonie Reinicke, widow, 30x200 feet, north side Broadway, 120 feet west of First street; $4,900.

Harry R. Kendall to M. Henrietta Miller, 61 7-12 feet, south side Broadway, 430 feet east of Longest avenue; $4,800.

T. D. Davis, etc., by commissioner J. C. C., to Samuel Davis, 39 2-3 feet, east side Fifth street, between Chestnut and Broadway; $3,725.

Victor N. Meddis to John H. Gerner, lots 1 to 10, inclusive, block 4, Grantor's subdivision of Zimlich addition; $1,200.

Galt House Ball For Miss Mary Tyler Wooldridge

Luncheon For Mrs. Beattie—Miss Lindenberger In a Kitchen Shower.

Another Galt House ball was given last evening, another débutante was launched and most of society was present to enjoy the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Powhatan Wooldridge and to meet one of the most charming young girls introduced this season, Miss Mary Tyler Wooldridge.

The ball, like its two predecessors given at the Galt House this month, was a brilliant entertainment, and will stand out in a winter of handsome parties as one of the most successful of the year.

It brought together the usual gathering of married and young people, with enough stags to guarantee a "good time" to all the girls present.

The Galt House was in its usual holiday attire—the architectural arrangement does not admit of much variety in the floral embellishments—and the whole parlor floor was a mass of green.

The ballroom was beautifully decorated with ropes of mountain laurel festooned from window to window down the sides of the wall and across from pole to pole and secured in the windows, forming a canopy of green. Palms and ferns banked the windows, and a screen of smilax and palms made a retreat for the musicians in the far end of the room.

The corridor was elaborately draped in smilax, palms and rubber plants. Branches of Confederate smilax topped the doorframes, from which depended baskets of ferns and sprengeri. The pillars in front of the ballroom were wrapped with laurel, and pedestals of sword ferns and palms were arranged the length of the hall. The same lavish use of green was noticeable in the reception and supper-rooms.

The receiving party stood in front of tall Kentia palms and other growing plants, which were arranged before the mirrors and green-draped curtains.

The chandeliers had the appearance of great bells of smilax, and the mantels were banked with ferns and evergreens. The lights were hooded with pink paper and the supper tables were embellished with pink roses.

The receiving party was composed of Mr. and Mrs. Wooldridge, Miss Mary Tyler Wooldridge, Miss Annie May Wooldridge and their guests, Miss Narcisse Johnson, of Greenville, Miss.; Miss Lella Forman, of Lexington, and Miss Mattie Belle Bryan, of Covington.

Mrs. Wooldridge was charmingly gowned in light blue brocaded satin, trimmed in a chiffon front, embroidered in pearls and white feathers.

Miss Mary Tyler Wooldridge wore a Parisian gown of white and gold, appliqued in pink roses. The skirt was edged with a flounce, above which were the pink appliqued roses, and it was further trimmed in green velvet ribbon. The bodice was trimmed in a cluster of pink roses, and Miss Wooldridge wore green foliage and white tulle in her hair. She carried a bouquet of American Beauties.

Miss Annie May Wooldridge wore an imported gown of white dotted tulle, trimmed in ecru lace, appliqued in white mousseline daisies.

Miss Narcisse Johnson was gowned in blue crepe de chine, trimmed in white lace.

Miss Lella Forman wore white and silver mousseline de soie, trimmed in pink roses, and Miss Mattie Belle Bryan was gowned in white lace over white satin, trimmed in pink roses, with a pink pompon in her hair.

Among those who accepted Mr. and Mrs. Wooldridge's invitations were the following:

MESSRS. AND MESDAMES.

William Heyburn, Claude Barnes, Joseph McCulloch, W. W. Hite, Allen H.te, Dudley Winston, A. M. Vance, John Hughes, C. E. Craik, George Danforth, James P. Helm, Archie Robinson, W. N. Cox, Edward Strater, Charles Merriwether, R. P. Bonnie, Charles Mengel, I. N. Bloom, Charles Ballard, J. D. Stewart, Upton Muir, T. Q. McGoodwin, Gilbert Cowan, W. H. Mourning, Percy Booth.

MISSES.

Aline Armstrong, Clara Lee Atchison, Georgie Beckley, Florence Beckley, Mattie Sevier Bonnie, Alice Bolling, Emily Bullitt, Juliet Bullitt, Elizabeth Burnett, Elizabeth Brown, Emma Bridges, Annie Bridges, Nell Buckley, Madeline Bridgeford, Annie Czapski, Patty Churd, Alice Craig, Elise Castleman, Bertha Cooper, Eleanor Cannon, of Woodford county; Lura Chess, Grace Chess, Evelyn Clark, Margaret Cox, Katharyn Cox, Pauline Chambers, Amelia Cowling, Virginia Davis, Gertrude Dudley, Frances Duke, Emma Drabelle, Ethel Dixon, of Baltimore; Julia Dixon, of Baltimore; Elizabeth Escott, Eugenia Fetter, Luile Anderson, Sallie Fetter, Julia Greer, Elsie Gaylord, Jane Helm, Belle Houston, Lucy Kearny, of New York; Annie Leathers, Cora Locke, Virginia Mathews, Helen Macfarlane, Marie Louise McMurtry, Ethel McDonald, Jessie Norton, Edith Norton, Cecil Neld, Virginia Perrin, Ethel Roberts, Rosa Robinson, Susie Satterwhite, Mary Speed, Georgia Scoggan, Elizabeth Smith, Marie Thompson, Pauline Thompson, Lillian Todd, Marion Tracy, of New York; Mildred Vaughan, Adah Warren, Mary Lee Warren, Marjie Weissinger, Nannie Hite Winston, Ethel Wilder, Evelyn Whitney, Chamie Wolfe, Evelyn Young.

MESSRS.

Brent Altsheler, Will L. Allen, Arthur Bondyscastle, J. W. E. Bayley, Chas. Johnson, A. O. Brand, Spratt Bridges, Lyle Bayless, Scott Bullitt, Tom Bullitt, Neville Bullitt, Marshall Bullitt, Pendleton Beckley, Clayton Blakey, Shirley Bowen, Peyton Bethel, Ralph Bristol, Mason Barret, Lee Bloom, Stuart Bell, Fred Bowles, Sam Bland, Chas. Bowyer, Chas. Buck, Rob Bohannan, Morris Baird, Frank Benedict, Herbert Bonnie, Leonard Bacon, James Barnes, Ford Brent, of Paris; Merton Craig, James Hughes, Foster Helm, of Lexington; S. B. Hays, Richard Hewitt, Leonard Hewitt, Peyton Harrison, H. B. Hersey, John I. Jacob, Crittenden Joyes, Arthur Jungerman, Lewis Johnson, J. W. Kennedy, A. E. Kelk, Jas. Kimbrough, J. B. Lewman, Chas. Loomis, Howard Lee, Allen Leathers, A. G. Langham, Irvine Linderberger, Will Lindenberger, Hope Lindenberger, Emory Lindenberger, Clay Lyons, Chas. Lord, Prof. Lovelace, Barbour Minnigerode, Stuart McDonald, John Morris, Edmund Meriwether, Breckinridge Castleman, Kenneth Meguire, Helm Mnary, James Minary, Coleman Meriwether, George Miller, Leavell McCampbell, Bryant McCampbell, Richard Menefee, Mark Mundy, R. J. McBryde, Angus McDonald, Ed McDonald, Will McGonigale, Beverly Nalle, Van Norman, Mazyck O'Brien, Wesley Perry, Clarence Price, Harry Phillips, Alex G. Robinson, Alex Galt Robinson, Kennedy Rodman, C. D. Rodman, Harrison Roberson, Walter Stouffer, Frank Stouffer, Will Speed, Tyler Stephenson, Eugene Strother, Dr. Spears, George Stoll, John Tevis, Robert Tevis, Burge Toney, Henry Tyler, Will Thompson, Richard Van Vredenburgh, P. J. Wooldridge, Cripps Wickliffe, C. P. Wood, Tom Wilkerspoon, Albert Willis, Tom Wallace, Harry Wood, Charles Warren, J. J. C. Watson, L. L. Warren, Frank Warren, Crit Young, Prather Zanone.

* * *

Mrs. Francis R. Beattie was the guest of honor at a beautiful luncheon given yesterday by Miss Anna Barr. The table was arranged with yellow chrysanthemums, and covers were laid for the following:

MESDAMES.

F. R. Beattie, Henry Burnett, J. G. McCulloch, Arthur Peter, John Stites, John Barr, Jr., Percy Booth, Philip Tuley, J. Kinsey Smith, Alex. Bullitt, Alex. Robinson, Miss Lizzie Wood, Miss Susie Rodman, Miss Anna Barr.

* * *

Mrs. Jennie Tyler gave a kitchen shower last evening in honor of Miss Sallie Lindenberger and Mr. Henry O. Ormsby. Each guest brought something in the way of kitchen furnishings for the guests of honor. The party included Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smyser, Mr. and Mrs. Owen Tyler, Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas, Dr. and Mrs. James Chenowith, Mr. and Mrs. Spalding Coleman, Misses Sophie Woolley, Nell Fairleigh, Jennie and Kate Lindenberger; Messrs. C. C. Carter, Thomas Lindsey, John Saunders and Will McGonigale.

* * *

Miss Helen Macfarlane and Miss Marion de Wolf Tracy, of Oswego, N. Y., were given a luncheon yesterday at the Pendennis Club by Mrs. Charles E. Caggett.

The table had a basket of American Beauties in the center, and American Beauties were arranged in spoke-like fashion from the central decoration to the plates. Covers were laid for the following:

MISSES.

Marion Tracy, Helen Macfarlane, Marjie Weissinger, Belle Houston, Ethel Roberts, Emma Drabelle, Lucy Kearny, of New York; Estelle Norton, Jessie Norton, Margaret Cox, Onolee McCullough, Mrs. R. M. Martin, Mrs. W. M. Caggett, Mrs. C. E. Caggett.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Bolling Holliday, of Richmond, Va., was the guest of honor at a small luncheon given yesterday by Mrs. S. A. Culbertson. The table was decorated in narcissus and pink roses, and the guests were Mesdames Peyton Hoge, C. B. Holliday, William Culbertson, Andrew Cowan, Simon Bolivar Buckner and Miss Lucy Belknap.

Mrs. Hoge received yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock at her home, 1415 Garvin Place, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Holliday. Mrs. Emma Baldwin, Miss Clara Lee Atchison and Miss Mary Fosdick assisted in receiving.

FEW COMPLAINTS.

TAXPAYERS PLEASED WITH VALUATIONS OF PROPERTY.

Board of Equalization Has "Easy Sailing"—No Objections After December 1.

The members of the City Board of Equalization are having "easy sailing" this year so far as complaints are concerned. Fewer persons have appeared before the board to raise objections to the valuations placed on their property than during any previous year.

"There were few complaints last year," said Assessor Murphy yesterday afternoon, "but there are fewer still this year. It appears that the people are satisfied with the valuations which have been made."

The board will hear complaints of taxpayers until December 1. After that time the members will make personal investigations as to the justness of the complaints which have been made.

N. E. A. WILL MEET NEXT IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Prof. W. H. Bartholomew, Manager For Kentucky, Expects To Take a Big Delegation.

Prof. W. H. Bartholomew has been notified by Mr. Irwin Shepard, secretary of the National Educational Association, that the next meeting will be held in Minneapolis July 7 to 14.

Prof. Bartholomew is manager of the association for Kentucky, and will go to work at once to insure a large attendance from this State.

The association was organized in Philadelphia in 1857.

The constitution provides for three classes of membership:

Active Members—Who constitute the permanent supporting membership of the association, and who alone are entitled to vote and to hold office in the association or any of its departments. Only those who are teachers or are actively associated with educational work or with the management of educational institutions, including libraries and periodicals, are eligible to active membership. Those who are eligible may become active members by paying, as a first payment, $1—$2 enrollment fee and $2 annual dues for current expenses for the year, $2 annually thereafter. Active membership continues from year to year unless the member gives written notice of discontinuance to the secretary before September 1 of the year for which it is to apply. The annual volume and other publications are sent, carriage prepaid, to active members.

Associate Members—Any person may become an associate member by paying $2, for which a receipt is issued bearing a "coupon for proceedings," entitling him to a volume of proceedings if sent to the secretary before September 1 of the year of its issue. No other publications are sent free to associate members.

Corresponding Members—Eminent educators not residing in America may be elected by the directory to be corresponding members. The number of corresponding members may at no time exceed fifty.

Educational institutions and libraries may be enrolled as permanent members. There are now about 200 such institutions who are enrolled as members.

Side trips at nominal rates will be provided and tickets will be good until September 1, 1902.

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100 Morphine Tablets, ½-gr.	40c
Glycerin, C. P., pound	20c
Seidlitz Powders, dozen	15c
Solution Citrate Magnesia	15c
Lyon's Tooth Powder	15c
Packer's Tar Soap	15c
Ivory Soap	4c
2 Cakes Palm Soap	5c
2 Cakes Tar Soap	5c
Carter's Little Liver Pills	13c
Omega Oil	89c
Swamp-Root, $1.00 size	67c
Swamp-Root, 50c size	34c
Peruna	69c
California Port and Sherry Wine, 5 years old, per gallon $1, per qt.	25c
Grand March Cigars, 3 for	10c

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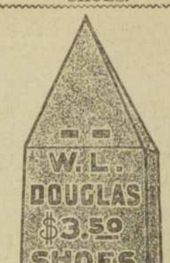
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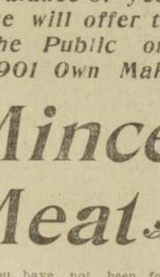
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